

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



# CITY OF ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PREPARED BY FINANCE DEPARTMENT



# CITY OF ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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# CITY OF ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

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# CITY OF ROSEVILLE, CALIFORNIA

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

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December 30, 2021

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Roseville (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Article VII of the City Charter and federal and state law requires that the City issue an annual report on its financial position and activity, and that the report be audited by an independent firm of certified public accountants. The format and content of this ACFR complies with the principles and standards of accounting and financial reporting adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and contains all information needed for readers to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial activities.

Management takes sole responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. The objective of internal controls is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of the audit is to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements and are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The City's auditors have issued an unmodified opinion on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

Roseville is a charter law city in the State of California. The City was incorporated on April 10, 1909 and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City Council, the City's political and legislative body, is empowered by the City's charter to formulate citywide policy, including a fiscal program, City services, and appointment of the City Manager and City Attorney. The City is currently transitioning from at large City Council elections to district elections. There are five City Council members who are elected by district (three in 2020 and two in 2022) for staggered four-year terms, and the Mayor and Vice-Mayor will be determined by rotation in sequential order of the five districts after the two-year term of the current at-large Mayor.

Residents of the City may assist the City Council in formulating government policy by serving on a City commission, committee, or board. The following commissions, committees, and boards act in an advisory capacity to the City Council:

- Board of Appeals
- Charter Review Commission
- Design Committee
- Economic Development Advisory Committee
- Grants Advisory Commission
- Library Board
- Local Sales Tax Citizens' Oversight Committee
- Independent Redistricting Commission
- Parks & Recreation Commission
- Personnel Board
- Placer Mosquito & Vector Control District
- Planning Commission
- Public Utilities Commission
- Senior Commission
- Transportation Commission
- Youth Sports Coalition

Roseville is a full-service City providing a full range of municipal utilities and services. These services include: police; fire; parks, recreation and libraries; economic development and housing; planning; building and public facility inspection; engineering; streets; electric; water, wastewater and solid waste utilities; and general administrative services.

The ACFR presents the financial status of the City and its five component units:

- Roseville Finance Authority (Finance Authority)
- Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority (RNGFA)
- City of Roseville Housing Authority (Housing Authority)
- Successor Agency to the City of Roseville Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency)
- City of Roseville Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (OPEB Trust)

Component units are separate legal entities included in this report due to significant operational or financial relationships with the City. The Finance Authority, Housing Authority, RNGFA, and OPEB Trust are separate legal entities from the City, but have the same governing board. The Successor Agency has a governing board determined by State law that does not report to the City Council. RNGFA and the OPEB Trust issue separate component unit financial statements. Separate financial statements are not issued for the Finance Authority, the Housing Authority, or the Successor Agency.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

The City of Roseville is the largest city in Placer County with a population of 146,875 as of January 1, 2021, an increase of 3,382 new residents from the previous year. There are nearly 11,000 business within the City that sustained 92,281 jobs this past year. The overall local unemployment rate for the City of Roseville is at 5.5% due to effects of the ongoing pandemic and the median household income is \$91,306. The largest industry sector is health care and social assistance at approximately 21.1 percent. Retail businesses are second at approximately 12.1 percent. Rounding out the remaining top business sectors are food service, government, and construction.

The housing market in Roseville is very healthy, with consistent growth year over year. Currently, there are 57,155 housing units and the median home value is \$535,967; an increase of 9% over the prior year.

#### **BUDGET INITIATIVES**

The Measure B half-cent sales tax increase that went into effect April 1, 2019 mitigated some of the financial impacts of COVID-19 on the City's General Fund during fiscal year 2020-21. The additional revenues stabilized General Fund services and continues to fund high priority areas identified by the community. The City was also able to set aside resources in a General Fund economic stabilization reserve fund which was established to minimize drastic cuts to services during future economic downturns. There was no need to draw from the reserve funds in fiscal year 2020-21 due to better than expected revenues.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City has consistently planned its budgets with a focus on its long-term needs. This is accomplished through financial policies and the establishment of several funds that serve to direct City revenues to long-term financial needs. This ensures that funding is available for needs as they arise. These funds include:

**Operating Reserves:** The City maintains an emergency reserve in its General Fund of 10 percent of operating expenditures. The City also maintains a stabilization reserve in its General Fund of 15 percent of operating expenditures, bringing the total operating reserve target up to 25 percent of operating expenditures.

**Federal Stimulus Reserve:** The City established a temporary federal stimulus reserve for the City's allocation of the American Rescue Plan federal stimulus (2021 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds) until one-time expenditures or transfers to other City funds are approved over the remaining course of the pandemic. The federal stimulus funding must be spent by December 31, 2024.

Rate Stabilization Funds: The Electric Department maintains a rate stabilization fund targeted at a minimum policy level of 40 percent of operating expenses. This allows the City time to react to major changes to the cost of electricity without having to impose an emergency rate increase. The City also uses this fund as a reserve for the electric utility. Rate stabilization funds are also used in the Environmental Utilities Department funds, Water, Wastewater, and Waste Services, to help ease the impacts of rate increases over a period of years.

**Fleet Replacement Fund:** The City funds the cost of replacement vehicles over the useful life of the vehicle. This ensures that money is available to keep the City's vehicle fleet operating properly and safely.

**Strategic Improvement Fund:** The City developed a fund that provides Council with resources that can be used for periodic, strategic investments on behalf of the City. This fund has been used to acquire land and construct improvements, primarily in redevelopment areas. This fund is included in the City's General Fund for financial reporting.

**OPEB Trust:** In fiscal year 2011, the City established an irrevocable trust to address the City's long-term liability for post-retirement health benefits and transferred \$34 million of accumulated resources into the OPEB Trust. The investments in the trust have performed well, achieving a return of 9.11% since inception. In fiscal year 2021, the OPEB plan assets grew to \$142.57 million. In fiscal year 2014, the City negotiated with labor groups to cap future liabilities by creating a Tier III benefit for new hires. Tier III employees are required to set aside a portion of their salary into a Retirement Health Savings account. With the City's OPEB funding policy, the OPEB unfunded liability is decreasing with increased contributions and investment returns.

#### MAJOR ACTIVITIES IN THE CITY

Many of the major activities undertaken in fiscal year 2021 are consistent with the City Council's direction to focus on projects and funding that provide economic stability and enhance the City's long-term financial condition while maintaining high levels of service to the older parts of the community. Major projects included:

- Public Works: The City has completed the following projects: Oak Ridge Drive Bridge Replacement; a new traffic signal at the intersection of Westbrook and Payson/Octave; Pleasant Grove Changeable Message Sign; the first two (of four) phases of curb ramp replacement and one (of four) phases of road repairs for the Sun City Resurfacing Project; and Phase 2 of the Maidu Park Bike Trail Project. The City has also begun or continued design of the following projects: remaining phases of curb ramp replacement and road repairs for the Sun City Resurfacing Project; Roseville Parkway Extension; Washington All America City Roundabout Project; Bridge Preventative Maintenance; Hillcrest Neighborhood Resurfacing; Phase 1 of the Dry Creek Greenway East Trail Project; Pleasant Grove Widening; Roseville Parkway Widening and Pleasant Grove Triple Lefts; and Fire Station No. 8. The City continues construction on the following projects: Washington Boulevard Bikeway and Pedestrian Pathways (Phase 1 of the Washington "Andora" Underpass Widening) and the 2018 Arterial Resurfacing. Design is anticipated to begin soon on the following projects: Vernon and Atlantic Street Roundabout.
- Water Utility: In December 2021, the City completed a water main and appurtenance rehabilitation
  in the Hillcrest neighborhood, considered part of Roseville's older neighborhoods. This work
  provided additional system capacity in this older neighborhood and increased overall water delivery
  reliability.

The City has made significant progress on the design of six new additional aquifer storage and recovery (ASR) wells. As part of drought mitigation measures, Roseville began construction on two of the ASR wells and they are expected to be completed in late 2022. The remaining wells will be constructed over the next four years.

Ongoing construction on the West Side Tanks and Pump Station Project will increase both water storage capacity and water system pressure for buildout conditions in west Roseville. The water tanks and pump station are set to go operational by May 2022, with the office facility and mechanics shop anticipated to be complete in 2023.

The City continues to work on a joint water project with the Placer County Water Agency (PCWA) to increase the capacity of water intakes and to build higher capacity conveyance within the PCWA service area that will ultimately allow access to existing contract water supplies upstream of Folsom Reservoir for greater water delivery reliability. This joint agency project is anticipated to be complete by 2026.

- Wastewater Utility: The City continued construction of the Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion Project and the Pleasant Grove Energy Recovery Project. These projects will increase the treatment capacity by 2.5 million gallons per day to accommodate growth within the South Placer Wastewater Authority service area through 2035, and will utilize gas from the Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plant to create compressed natural gas to fuel the City's Waste Services fleet.
- Electric Utility: The City continued ongoing expansion of its electric distribution system to serve new customers and rehabilitation of existing electric assets to maintain reliable service.

• Parks, Recreation & Libraries: The City completed construction of three (3) City-wide parks: Central Park, Harry Crabb Park and Pistachio Regional Park and two (2) neighborhood or pocket parks: Jim Gray Park and John L Sullivan Park. Construction started on North Hayden Park, Four Corners Park and the F-94 park site. Design continues for Denio Family Park, Gibson Park (Phase 1) and the WB-50, F-51, JM-50, and W-50D park sites. New design work began for the regional soccer complex and for the CO-62 and CO-64/HP park sites. Rehabs completed or underway include Wanish Play Structure Replacement and shade replacements at Cambria Park and Hughes Park.

The City issued a total of 7,277 building permits in fiscal year 2021. Single-family residential permit issuance increased dramatically to 1,807 compared to 976 last fiscal year. No multifamily residential permits were issued, a decrease from 16 in fiscal year 2020. The number of new construction commercial permits increased, rising from 22 to 30 compared to the prior year. However, the total commercial square footage issued in fiscal year 2021 was 602,963 square feet, compared to 896,533 square feet in the prior fiscal year. Significant commercial permits included Recess Self Storage Facility (115,301 square feet), Raley's (39,470 square feet), and several retail shell buildings of varying sizes and locations (totaling 71,494 square feet).

The City has continued to grow toward the west, within the City's adopted specific plan areas. Most of this growth has occurred within the City's West Roseville and Sierra Vista Specific Plan areas, with the West Roseville Specific Plan area nearing buildout. Significant development has also occurred within the City's Campus Oaks Master Plan area, beginning with the construction of the commercial retail complex, the completion of the multi-family housing and issuance of 261 single-family residential permits. The extension of Blue Oaks Boulevard to Westbrook Boulevard was completed, which has facilitated development within the Creekview Specific Plan, including the issuance of 172 single-family permits in that area. The extension of infrastructure through the Creekview Specific Plan area is underway, allowing for construction to begin within the Amoruso Ranch Specific Plan.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The organization of the City's ACFR follows the guidelines set forth by GFOA. This marks the seventeenth consecutive year the City has been recognized with this award.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. We believe this ACFR also meets the requirements of the program and we will be submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for the certificate.

The City of Roseville also received the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Distinguished Budget Award and the California Society of Municipal Finance Officer's (CSMFO) Operating Budget Excellence Award for the budget for the fiscal year 2020-21.

The Finance Department, in particular the Accounting Division, takes great pride in the preparation of the ACFR. The professionalism, commitment and effort of each employee of the Accounting Division have made this report possible. We also want to thank the other employees of the Finance Department as well as those in other City departments who contributed to the preparation of this report. Finally, we thank the Mayor and City Council for their support, interest, and integrity in directing the financial affairs of the City in a responsible, professional, and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Dennis Kauffman, CPA

Assistant City Manager/Chief Financial Officer

Nick Rosas, CPA Accounting Manager

City Wide Organization (1,206.48 FTE)

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE ELECTED OFFICIALS 2021

Mayor Vice Mayor Council Member Council Member Council Member Krista Bernasconi Bruce Houdesheldt Tracy Mendonsa Scott Alvord Pauline Roccucci



# Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Roseville California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roseville, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Roseville. California. (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Roseville, California, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

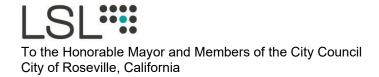
We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the date of the financial statements.





#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if, there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Reporting Responsibilities

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund, the modified approach for the City's infrastructure assets, the schedules of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, the schedules of contributions - pensions, the schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, and the schedule of contributions - OPEB, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Roseville, California

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 30, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sacramento, California December 30, 2021

Lance, Soll & Lunghard, LLP

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The following discussion provides readers of the City of Roseville's (City) financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Letter of Transmittal and Basic Financial Statements.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2021 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Financial highlights of the City's fiscal year 2021 include the following:

- The City's General Fund revenue and other financing sources (uses) exceeded expenditures by \$37.3 million in fiscal year 2021. This was primarily attributable to Bradley Burns and local Measure B sales tax revenue, and property tax revenue, exceeding budgeted amounts which were conservatively estimated due to the uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as expenditure savings from hiring and other spending controls.
- The City's voter-approved Measure B local sales tax generated General Fund revenue totaling \$24.5 million in the City's second full fiscal year of the new revenue source. The additional revenue allowed the City to maintain essential services and build upon its General Fund Stabilization Reserve to address future economic downturns.
- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, as of June 30, 2021, by \$3.1 billion, an increase of \$344 million or 12.4 percent over the prior year, primarily related to infrastructure investments associated with new development in the City.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE CITY'S ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) is divided into four sections:

- Introductory section, including the letter of transmittal, list of City elected officials, and the City's organization chart.
- Financial section, including the independent auditors' report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, and the footnotes to the basic financial statements.
- Supplemental Information section, including the required supplementary information and supplemental information.
- Statistical section, comprised of unaudited data organized to present financial trends, revenue capacity, debt capacity and demographic and economic information.

The government-wide financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information essential to understanding the data contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The statements and notes are followed by the required supplementary information: Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions for the City's pension plans, Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Contributions for the City's OPEB plan, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund. In addition to these required elements, we have included combining statements and schedules that provide details about the City's non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds, private purpose trust funds, and custodial funds, each of which is presented in a column in the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the City using accounting methods like those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the City's assets and liabilities, as well as any deferred outflows or inflows of resources. The statement of activities includes all current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These government-wide statements report the City's net position and how the City's net position has changed during the fiscal year.

The government-wide financial statements of the City present information about the following:

- Governmental Activities: Most of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes, and by specific program revenues such as user fees and charges.
- Business-type Activities: Certain services provided by the City are funded by customer fees. Among these are the City's utility services, local transportation, and school-age child care.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's largest funds, not the City as a whole.

The City has three types of fund financial statements:

- Governmental fund statements provide information about how the general government services such as police, fire and public works were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) short-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, and (2) the remaining year-end balances available for spending. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, reconciliations that explain the relationship (or differences) between governmental funds and governmental activities follow the governmental fund statements.
- Proprietary fund statements provide information about the services for which customer fees are intended to finance the costs of operations are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary fund statements, like the government-wide statements, provide short-term and long-term financial information about the activities the City operates like businesses, such as utility services.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong. The City is the trustee or fiduciary for assets, reported in a private-purpose trust fund, which because of trust agreements, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The City elected to serve as the successor agency for its former redevelopment agency which was dissolved by state law. The successor agency activity is accounted for in a private-purpose trust fund. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these resources to finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

This analysis focuses on the City's net position and changes of its governmental and business-type activities for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Table 1
Statement of Net Position - Primary Government
As of June 30, 2021 and 2020
(in millions)

		mental vities	Business-type Activities		Governm Activ	nent-wide vities
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 378.6	\$ 299.7	\$ 451.6	\$ 425.8	\$ 830.2	\$ 725.5
Other assets	113.4	103.2	269.4	374.6	382.8	477.8
Capital assets	1,075.9	1,013.9	1,816.2	1,645.4	2,892.1	2,659.3
<b>Total Assets</b>	1,567.9	1,416.8	2,537.2	2,445.8	4,105.1	3,862.6
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	53.5	62.1	45.8	63.6	99.3	125.7
Liabilities						
Long-term debt outstanding	23.5	25.1	296.2	416.7	319.7	441.8
Other liabilities	363.4	352.9	258.9	234.5	622.3	587.4
Total Liabilities	386.9	378.0	555.1	651.2	942.0	1,029.2
Deferred Inflows of Resources	35.0	52.8	98.2	121.0	133.2	173.8
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	1,052.4	1,013.8	1,630.3	1,350.0	2,682.7	2,363.8
Restricted	248.9	166.3	47.5	53.7	296.4	220.0
Unrestricted	(101.8)	(132.0)	251.9	333.5	150.1	201.5
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 1,199.5	\$ 1,048.1	\$ 1,929.7	\$ 1,737.2	\$ 3,129.2	\$ 2,785.3

The largest portion of the City's net position is recorded in the net investment in capital assets category of \$2,682.7 million. This category reports capital assets less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its residents and businesses.

The restricted portion of the City's net position of \$296.4 million represents resources that are restricted for use by external sources. The remaining net position of \$150.1 million is unrestricted and can be used to meet the ongoing obligations of the City.

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### **Government Activities – Net Position**

This analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental activities, presented in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities.

Table 2
Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities
As of June 30, 2021 and 2020
(in millions)

	2021 2020		Increase/ Decrease	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 378.6	\$ 299.7	\$ 78.9	
Other assets	113.4	103.2	10.2	
Capital assets	1,075.9	1,013.9	62.0	
Total Assets	1,567.9	1,416.8	151.1	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	53.5	62.1	(8.6)	
Liabilities				
Long-term debt outstanding	23.5	25.1	(1.6)	
Other liabilities	363.4	352.9	10.5	
Total Liabilities	386.9	378.0	8.9	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	35.0	52.8	(17.8)	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,052.4	1,013.8	38.6	
Restricted	248.9	166.3	82.6	
Unrestricted	(101.8)	(132.0)	30.2	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 1,199.5	\$ 1,048.1	\$ 151.4	

The City's governmental activities net position increased by \$151.4 million to \$1,199.5 million as of June 30, 2021, primarily due to an increase in construction in progress related to the construction of city parks and infrastructure improvements.

Table 3
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
(in millions)

	2021	2020	Increase/ Decrease	
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 60.9	\$ 30.5	\$ 30.4	
Operating contributions and grants	28.4	18.7	9.7	
Capital contributions and grants	85.8	69.3	16.5	
<b>Total Program Revenues</b>	175.1	118.5	57.0	
General Revenues				
Taxes	163.8	143.7	20.1	
Franchise Fees	2.4	2.0	0.4	
Use of money and property	2.7	5.7	(3.0)	
Miscellaneous	0.4	1.0	(0.6)	
<b>Total General Revenues</b>	169.3	152.4	16.9	
Total Revenues	344.4	270.9	73.5	
Expenses				
General government	23.1	20.1	3.0	
Development and operations	32.8	50.9	(18.1)	
Public works	3.8	17.4	(13.6)	
Police	50.2	47.3	2.9	
Fire	36.1	36.9	(0.8)	
Library	6.0	4.8	1.2	
Parks and recreation	35.0	31.8	3.2	
Annexation payments	7.5	7.1	0.4	
Housing assistance payments	5.7	7.4	(1.7)	
Interest on long-term debt	1.5	1.5	-	
<b>Total Expenses</b>	201.7	225.2	(23.5)	
Changes in Net Position before Transfers	142.7	45.7	97.0	
Transfers	8.7	10.2	(1.5)	
<b>Changes in Net Position after Transfers</b>	151.4	55.9	95.5	
Net Position-Beginning	1,048.1	992.1	56.0	
Net Position-Ending	\$ 1,199.5	\$ 1,048.1	\$ 151.4	

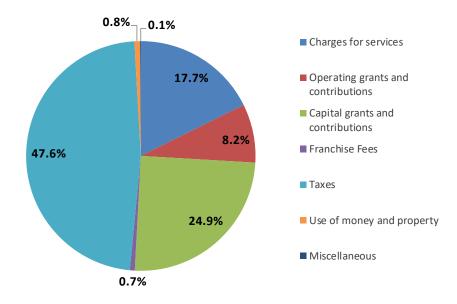
Program revenues are comprised of charges for services of \$60.9 million that include permit revenues, fees, and charges used to fund expenses incurred in providing services; \$28.4 million of operating grants and contributions which include housing, and police grants; and capital grants and contributions of \$85.8 million that consist mainly of street project grants and developer impact fees restricted for capital outlay.

General revenues were mainly comprised of property and sales taxes totaling \$158.6 million. General revenues are not allocable to programs and are used to pay the net cost of governmental programs.

Total expenses for governmental activities decreased by \$23.5 million compared to the prior year, primarily related to a decrease in non-capital project costs for development services and public works.

#### **Governmental Activities – Revenues by Source**

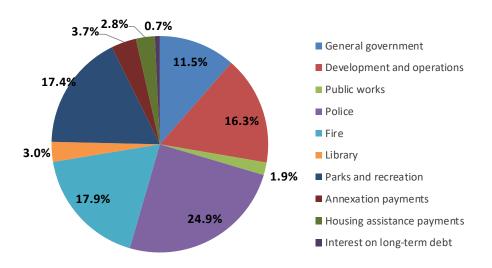
The chart below describes the revenues by source for Governmental Activities.



As the revenues chart reflects, 50.8% (\$175.1 million) of the City's fiscal year 2021 governmental activities revenue came from program revenues and 49.2% (\$169.3 million) came from general revenues such as taxes, interest, and miscellaneous revenues.

#### **Governmental Activities – Functional Expenses**

The functional expenses chart below includes only current year expenses for governmental activities.



Capital outlay is excluded from functional expenses as those expenses are added to the City's capital assets. As the chart reflects, police was 24.9% (\$50.2 million) of total governmental activities expenses; fire was 17.9% (\$36.1 million); parks and recreation was 17.4% (\$35 million); development and operations was 16.3% (\$32.8 million); public works was 2.8% (\$3.8 million); general government was 11.5% (\$23.1 million); and the remainder was for other governmental programs and functions, as shown above.

# **Business-type Activities**

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities present a summary of the City's business-type activities that are composed of the City's enterprise funds.

Table 4
Statement of Net Position - Business-type Activities
As of June 30, 2021 and 2020
(in millions)

	2021 2020		Increase/ Decrease	
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 451.6	\$ 425.8	\$ 25.8	
Other assets	269.4	374.6	(105.2)	
Capital assets	1,816.2	1,645.4	170.8	
<b>Total Assets</b>	2,537.2	2,445.8	91.4	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	45.8	63.6	(17.8)	
Liabilities				
Long-term debt outstanding	296.2	416.7	(120.5)	
Other liabilities	258.9	234.5	24.4	
Total Liabilities	555.1	651.2	(96.1)	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	98.2	121.0	(22.8)	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	1,630.3	1,350.0	280.3	
Restricted	47.5	53.7	(6.2)	
Unrestricted	251.9	333.5	(81.6)	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ 1,929.7	\$ 1,737.2	\$ 192.5	

The net position of business-type activities amounted to \$1,929.7 million in fiscal year 2021, an increase of \$192.5 million from fiscal year 2020.

Table 5
Changes in Net Position - Business-type Activities
For the Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
(in millions)

	2021	2020	Increase/
D	2021	2020	Decrease
Revenues			
Program Revenues	Ф. 202.0	Ф. 200.2	Φ 2.0
Charges for services	\$ 293.0	\$ 289.2	\$ 3.8
Operating grants and contributions	14.0	11.4	2.6
Capital grants and contributions	215.6	97.3	118.3
<b>Total Program Revenues</b>	522.6	397.9	124.7
General Revenues			
Use of property and money	8.3	19.7	(11.4)
Miscellaneous	2.8	-	2.8
Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset	(0.6)		(0.6)
<b>Total General Revenues</b>	10.5	19.7	(9.2)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	533.1	417.6	115.5
Expenses			
Electric	154.8	139.6	15.2
Water	39.9	37.5	2.4
Wastewater	74.3	45.8	28.5
Solid waste	25.1	26.5	(1.4)
Natural gas	22.6	23.2	(0.6)
Local transportation	9.5	10.8	(1.3)
School-age child care	6.0	9.7	(3.7)
<b>Total Expenses</b>	332.2	293.1	39.1
Change in Net Position before Transfers	200.9	124.5	76.4
Transfers	(8.7)	(10.2)	1.5
Changes in Net Position after Transfers	192.2	114.3	77.9
Net Position-Beginning, as Restated	1,737.5	1,622.9	114.6
Net Position-Ending	\$ 1,929.7	\$ 1,737.2	\$ 192.5

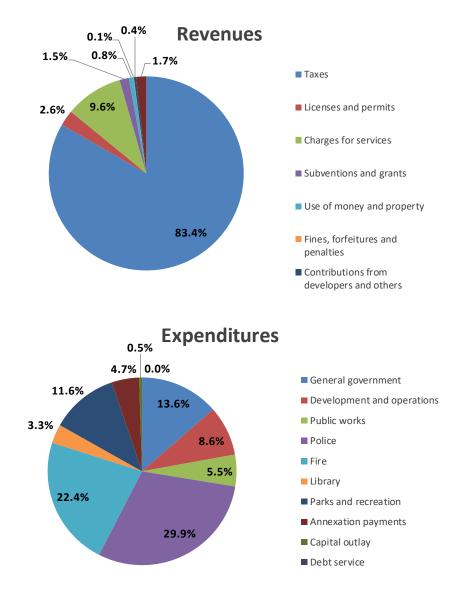
Business-type program revenues and general revenues totaled \$533.1 million while business-type expenses and transfers out were \$340.9 million in 2021. Major enterprise fund activity is discussed in the Proprietary Funds section below.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources.

#### General Fund



General Fund revenues increased by \$22.3 million from the prior year, primarily due to increases in taxes of \$19.3 million. Total actual revenues were higher than the final budget by \$23.0 million, with the following major breakdown:

- Taxes were more than budget by \$22.4 million, primarily due to:
  - o Bradley Burns and local Measure B revenue sales tax revenue were \$13.7 million and \$6 million above the budgeted amounts, respectively, which were conservatively established during the onset of the pandemic.

- o Property tax revenue was \$3.3 million higher than budget due to continued growth in the City exceeding projections and increasing property tax values.
- Licenses and permits revenue outperformed the budget by \$1.6 million, primarily due to development in the West Roseville and Sierra Vista Specific Plan areas exceeding expectations.

General Fund expenditures increased by \$1.3 million from the prior year, primarily caused by increases in police, general government, and most other departments, offset by reduced capital outlay expenditures. All General Fund departments ended the year within their appropriated expenditure budgets.

As of June 30, 2021, the General Fund's fund balance totaled \$118.6 million, including \$17.1 million nonspendable fund balance, primarily for notes receivable; \$31.9 committed for emergency and economic stabilization reserves; and the balance of \$69.6 million represents assigned and unassigned fund balance. General Fund expenditures increased by \$1.3 million from the prior year, primarily caused by increases in police, general government, and most other departments, offset by reduced capital outlay expenditures. All General Fund departments ended the year within their appropriated expenditure budgets.

#### Community Facilities District Capital Projects Fund

Fund balance in the Community Facilities District Capital Projects Fund increased by \$8.7 million, from \$11.6 million to \$20.3 million, resulting from land-secured bond issues to acquire or construct infrastructure in the City's new growth areas.

# Non-Major Governmental Funds

These rest of the City's governmental funds are presented in the basic financial statements as non-major governmental funds as required by generally accepted accounting principles. They are individually presented as supplemental information.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

#### Electric Fund

Net position of the Electric Fund increased \$35.4 million in fiscal year 2021 primarily due to an increase in capital assets of \$22 million funded by developers for infrastructure in new growth areas and by ratepayers for infrastructure improvements. The fund also experienced a increase in cash and investments of \$9.8 million and a decrease in long-term debt of \$7.7 million. As of June 30, 2021, the fund's net position was \$474.1 million, of which \$331.4 million was invested in capital assets; \$16.1 million was restricted for debt service; \$13.6 million was restricted for the sustainable energy program; and \$113 million was unrestricted as to use.

#### Water Fund

Net position of the Water Fund increased \$68.2 million in fiscal year 2021 primarily due to an increase in cash and investments of \$10.4 million and capital assets of \$63.8 million. As of June 30, 2021, the fund's net position was \$667.5 million, of which \$551.3 million was invested in capital assets; \$4.1 million was restricted for debt service; \$8.2 million was restricted for capital projects; and \$103.8 million was unrestricted as to use.

#### Wastewater Fund

Net position of the Wastewater Fund increased \$82.4 million in fiscal year 2021, primarily due to an increase in capital assets of \$79.9 million, and an increase in cash and investments of \$10.9 million. As of June 30, 2021, the fund's net position was \$743.3 million of which \$704.2 million was invested in capital assets; \$5.5 million was restricted for debt service; and \$33.5 million was unrestricted as to use.

#### Solid Waste Fund

Net Position of the Solid Waste Fund increased by \$4.2 million in fiscal year 2021, primarily due an increase in charges for services of \$1.8 million. As of June 30, 2021, the fund's net position was \$19 million, of which \$3.6 million was invested in capital assets and \$15.4 million was unrestricted as to use.

#### Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority

This fund was created as the financing mechanism to purchase prepaid natural gas for the Roseville Energy Park, an electric power plant, through the issuance of revenue bonds. Bonds payable totaling \$101.7 million remains due, while the balance of prepaid natural gas at June 30, 2021 was \$102.9 million. Net position of the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority Fund in fiscal year 2021 was \$3.6 million which is unrestricted as to use.

#### Non-Major Enterprise Funds

The remaining enterprise funds are presented in the basic financial statements as non-major enterprise funds as required by generally accepted accounting principles. They are individually presented as supplemental information.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of June 30, 2021, the City had invested \$2.9 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, parks and park improvements, roads, bridges, and water, wastewater, and storm drainage transmission and distribution systems, as well as the electric generation and distribution system. Current year capital asset additions of \$319.6 million were offset by current year depreciation expense of \$72.2 million and retirements of \$4.5 million, for a net increase in capital assets of \$242.9 million. The table below presents a summary of the City's capital assets for governmental and business-type activities:

# Table 6 Capital Assets As of June 30, 2021 and 2020 (in millions)

	2021	2020	Increase/ Decrease		
Governmental Activities					
Land	\$ 126.7	\$ 133.8	\$ (7.1)		
Streets (modified approach)	383.9	359.0	24.9		
Construction in progress	67.0	66.6	0.4		
Buildings	185.0	185.2	(0.2)		
Improvements	48.4	44.4	4.0		
Equipment	90.6	80.5	10.1		
Parks	107.5	89.9	17.6		
Landscaping	60.8	56.4	4.4		
Bike paths	10.1	10.0	0.1		
Bridges	85.5	75.0	10.5		
Culverts	21.0	21.0	0.0		
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	187.3	181.4	5.9		
Drain inlets	22.1	21.9	0.2		
Soundwall	43.5	42.2	1.3		
Storm drains	126.6	111.9	14.7		
Traffic Signals	1.8	1.4	0.4		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(491.9)	(466.8)	(25.1)		
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,075.9	\$ 1,013.8	\$ 62.1		
	2021	2021	Increase/ Decrease		
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>					
Land	\$ 17.7	\$ 17.7	\$ -		
Streets (Modified)	2.3	2.3	0.0		
Construction in progress	119.4	48.2	71.2		
Buildings	33.6	33.2	0.4		
Improvements	43.3	43.3	0.0		
Vehicles and equipment	52.1	49.1	3.0		
Landscaping	1.7	1.7	0.0		
Bike paths	6.5	6.5	0.0		
Bridges	12.0	12.0	0.0		
Culverts	0.3	0.3	0.0		
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	1.2	0.8	0.4		
Drain Inlets	0.1	0.1	0.0		
Storm Drains	0.2	0.2	0.0		
Traffic signals	74.2	72.6	1.6		
Plant and substations	391.3	379.0	12.3		
Distribution	1,635.6	1,515.0	120.6		
Generation	212.8	204.4	8.4		
Less: accumulated depreciation					
	(788.1)	(741.0)	(47.1)		

Detail on capital assets, current year additions, construction in progress and depreciable lives can be found in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The City depreciates all its capital assets over their estimated useful lives, except for streets which are reported using the modified approach. The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of a capital asset over the years of its useful life so that an allocable portion of the cost of the asset is borne by all users. The modified approach requires the City to employ an asset management system that maintains a current inventory of these assets, estimates annual costs to maintain them, and assesses the condition of the assets in a replicable way.

The City uses a computerized pavement management system to track the condition levels of each of the street sections. The City's policy based on current funding is to maintain arterial and collector roadways at an average Pavement Quality Index (PQI) of 72 and residential roadways at an average PQI of 65. This policy allows for minor cracking and revealing of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at posted speed.

At June 30, 2021, the City's streets averaged 69 PQI for arterial and collector roadways and 66 PQI for residential roadways. The City expended \$6 million on preservation of its streets in fiscal year 2021, compared to the budgeted amount of \$20.7 million.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The City made all scheduled repayments of existing debt. The 2013 Electric system revenue refunding bonds were partially refunded and the 2014 electric system revenue refunding bonds were refunded by the 2020 electric system revenue refunding bonds. Additionally, the City changed its method for reporting its proportionate share of South Placer Wastewater Authority debt. This was previously reported as a liability of the wastewater fund, and is now included in the fund's calculation of its investment in SPWA reserves. Each of the City's debt issues is discussed in detail in Note 9 to the financial statements. As of June 30, 2021 the City's debt portfolio comprised:

# Table 7 Outstanding Debt As of June 30, 2021 and 2020 (in millions)

Tease	(m mmons)					Ina	<b>w</b> 0000/	
Page	2021				0020	Increase/		
Lease   2013 Public Facilities Refunding, 2.15%, due 8/1/25   S. 6.1   S. 7.5   S. (1.4)	Covernmental Activity Debt		2021		1020	Dec	crease	
2013 Public Facilities Refunding, 2.15%, due 8/1/25   S. 6.1   S. 7.5   S. (1.4)   Loans   Successor Agency   S. 5.5   S. 5.5   S. 5.5   Certificates of Participation   2015 316 Vernon Street Project, 2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/34   13.2   13.4   (0.2)   Add: deferred debt premium   0.07   0.7   - Total Governmental Activity Debt   S. 23.5   S. 25.1   S. (1.6)								
Suecessor Agency		¢	<i>4</i> 1	¢.	7.5	<b>C</b>	(1.4)	
Successor Agency		Ф	0.1	Ф	7.3	Ф	(1.4)	
Certificates of Participation   2015 316 Vernom Street Project, 2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/34   3.2   3.34   3.02   3.04   3.04   3.05   3.			2.5		2.5			
13.2   13.4   (0.2)   Add: deferred debt premium   0.7   0	- · ·		3.3		3.3		-	
Note	<u>=</u>		12.2		12.4		(0.2)	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						(0.2)	
State Revolving Fund Loans, 1.30%, due 6/10/52   \$4.3   -   \$4.3     Total loans   Total loans   Total loans   State Revolving Fund Loans, 1.30%, due 6/10/52   \$4.3   -   \$4.3     Total loans   State Revolving Fund Loans, 1.30%, due 6/10/52   \$5.40   \$5.40   \$5.40     Total direct placement Certificates of Participation   State Stat	*						-	
State Revolving Fund Loans, 1.30%, due 6/10/52   \$4.3   -	Total Governmental Activity Debt	\$	23.5	\$	25.1	\$	(1.6)	
State Revolving Fund Loans, 1.30%, due 6/10/52         \$4.3         -         \$4.3           Totat Ioans         4.3         -         4.3           Direct Placement Certificates of Participation         2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding, variable rate, due 2/1/35         \$54.0         \$54.0         \$-           Total direct placement debt         54.0         \$54.0         \$-           Certificates of Participation         21.5         \$54.0         \$54.0         \$-           Add deferred bond premium         4.2         4.6         (0.4)           Total certificates of participation         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           Revenue Bonds         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           Revenue Bonds         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           2007 Gas Revenue Bonds         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           4.00%-5.00%, due 2/15/28         97.3         108.7         (11.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         4.0         5.1         (0.7)           2011 Electric System Revenue Refunding         1.0         3.3         (2.3)           2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds         5.00%, due 2/1/34         5.0         4.3         (3.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         5.0								
Total loans   Spirect Placement Certificates of Participation   Spirect Placement Certificates of Participation   Spirect Placement Gertificates of Participation   Spirect Placement debt   Spirect Placement Gebt   Spirect Placement Gebt Placement Gebt   Spirect Placement Gebt Pl			\$4.3		_	\$	43	
Direct Placement Certificates of Participation   2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding, variable rate, due 2/1/35   54.0   54	-				<del></del>	Ψ	4.3	
2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding, variable rate, due 2/1/35   54.0   54.0   7			4.5		-		4.5	
Total direct placement debt   Certificates of Participation   2015 Water Utility Revenue Refunding, 2.00%-5.00%, due 12/1/29   27.6   30.3   (2.7)   Add deferred bond premium   4.2   4.6   (0.4)   (0.4)   (0.1)   (0.7)	<u>-</u>	<b>©</b>	54.0	¢	54.0	•		
Certificates of Participation           2015 Water Utility Revenue Refunding, 2.00%-5.00%, due 12/1/29         27.6         30.3         (2.7)           Add deferred bond premium         4.2         4.6         (0.4)           Total certificates of participation         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           Revenue Bonds         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           2007 Gas Revenue Bonds         4.00%-5.00%, due 2/15/28         97.3         108.7         (11.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         4.4         5.1         (0.7)           2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding         2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29         6.3         25.3         (19.0)           Add: deferred bond premium         1.0         3.3         (2.3)           2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C         -         3.4         (3.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         -         0.1         (0.1)           2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds         -         1.6.5         Add: deferred bond premium         -         1.5         (1.5)           2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding         3.8         4.1         (0.3)         (0.3)         2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding         2.5         5.2         (2.7)	•	Φ		<u> </u>		Φ		
2015 Water Utility Revenue Refunding, 2.00%-5.00%, due 12/1/29   27.6   30.3   (2.7)	•		34.0		54.0		-	
Add deferred bond premium         4.2         4.6         (0.4)           Total certificates of participation         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           Revenue Bonds         30.0         30.0         (11.4)           2007 Gas Revenue Bonds         97.3         108.7         (11.4)           4.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/28         97.3         108.7         (11.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         4.4         5.1         (0.7)           2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding         6.3         25.3         (19.0)           Add: deferred bond premium         1.0         3.3         (2.3)           2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C         3.4         (3.4)           1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25         -         3.4         (3.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         -         0.1         (0.1)           2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds         -         1.5         (1.5)           2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding         -         1.5         (1.5)           2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding         3.8         4.1         (0.3)           2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding         -         4.8.3         (48.3)           Add: deferred bond pre	•		27.6		20.2		(2.7)	
Total certificates of participation Revenue Bonds         31.8         34.9         (3.1)           2007 Gas Revenue Bonds         30.0         3.0         (11.4)           4.00%-5.00%, due 2/15/28         97.3         108.7         (11.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         4.4         5.1         (0.7)           2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding         3.3         25.3         (19.0)           Add: deferred bond premium         1.0         3.3         (2.3)           2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C         -         3.4         (3.4)           1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25         -         3.4         (3.4)           Add: deferred bond premium         -         0.1         (0.1)           2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds         -         1.6.5         (1.5)           Add: deferred bond premium         -         1.5         (1.5)           2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding         3.8         4.1         (0.3)           2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding         3.8         4.1         (0.3)           2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding         -         4.8         (4.8)           5.00%, due 11/1/37         -         4.8         (4.8)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Revenue Bonds   2007 Gas Revenue Bonds   4.00%-5.00%, due 2/15/28   97.3   108.7   (11.4)   Add: deferred bond premium   4.4   5.1   (0.7)   2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding   2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29   6.3   25.3   (19.0)   Add: deferred bond premium   1.0   3.3   (2.3)   2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C   1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25   - 3.4   (3.4)   (3.4)   Add: deferred bond premium   - 0.1   (0.1)   (0.1)   2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds   5.00%, due 2/1/34   - 16.5   (1.5)   (1.5)   (2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding   3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37   56.2   56.2   Add: deferred bond premium   3.8   4.1   (0.3)   (2.17)								
2007 Gas Revenue Bonds			31.8		34.9		(3.1)	
4.00%-5.00%, due 2/15/28   97.3   108.7   (11.4)     Add: deferred bond premium   4.4   5.1   (0.7)     2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding     2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29   6.3   25.3   (19.0)     Add: deferred bond premium   1.0   3.3   (2.3)     2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C     1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25   - 3.4   (3.4)     Add: deferred bond premium   - 0.1   (0.1)     2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds     5.00%, due 2/1/34   - 16.5     Add: deferred bond premium   - 1.5   (1.5)     2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding     3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37   56.2   56.2     Add: deferred bond premium   3.8   4.1   (0.3)     2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding     1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22   2.5   5.2   (2.7)     2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds     5.00%, due 11/1/37   - 48.3   (48.3)     Add: deferred bond premium   - 9.4   (9.4)     2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds     5.00%, due 11/1/35   - 30.3   (30.3)     Add: deferred bond premium   - 10.4   (10.4)     2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds     0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34   34.5   - 34.5     Total Revenue Bonds   206.0   327.8   (121.8)								
Add: deferred bond premium 2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29 Add: deferred bond premium 2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29 Add: deferred bond premium 1.0 3.3 2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C 1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25								
2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29   6.3   25.3   (19.0)								
2.00%-5.00%, due 2/1/29       6.3       25.3       (19.0)         Add: deferred bond premium       1.0       3.3       (2.3)         2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C	<u> </u>		4.4		5.1		(0.7)	
Add: deferred bond premium  2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C  1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25  Add: deferred bond premium  2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 2/1/34  Add: deferred bond premium  3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37  Add: deferred bend premium  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding  1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/37  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/35  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/35  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/35  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 2/1/34  34.5  Add: deferred bond premium  34.5  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Add: deferred Bonds  1.03%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Add: deferred Bonds  206.0  327.8  121.8)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C								
1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25       -       3.4       (3.4)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       0.1       (0.1)         2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       16.5         5.00%, due 2/1/34       -       16.5         Add: deferred bond premium       -       1.5       (1.5)         2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding       3.8       4.1       (0.3)         2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding       3.8       4.1       (0.3)         2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding       -       5.2       (2.7)         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       -	<u>.</u>		1.0		3.3		(2.3)	
Add: deferred bond premium 2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 2/1/34 - 16.5 Add: deferred bond premium - 1.5 (1.5) 2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding 3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37 56.2 56.2 Add: deferred bond premium 3.8 4.1 (0.3) 2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22 2.5 5.2 (2.7) 2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37 - 48.3 (48.3) Add: deferred bond premium - 9.4 (9.4) 2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35 - 30.3 (30.3) Add: deferred bond premium - 10.4 (10.4) 2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34 Total Revenue Bonds 206.0 327.8 (121.8)								
2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       16.5         5.00%, due 2/1/34       -       1.5       (1.5)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       1.5       (1.5)         2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding       -       1.5       (0.5)         3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37       56.2       56.2       -         Add: deferred bond premium       3.8       4.1       (0.3)         2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding       -       5.2       (2.7)         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)	1.00%-5.25%, due 11/1/25		-		3.4		(3.4)	
5.00%, due 2/1/34       -       16.5         Add: deferred bond premium       -       1.5       (1.5)         2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding       3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37       56.2       56.2       56.2         Add: deferred bond premium       3.8       4.1       (0.3)         2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding       1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22       2.5       5.2       (2.7)         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)	Add: deferred bond premium		-		0.1		(0.1)	
Add: deferred bond premium  2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding 3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37  Add: deferred bond premium  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22  2.5  2.5  2.0  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37  - 48.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 9.4  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35  - 30.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 10.4  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Total Revenue Bonds  206.0  327.8  (1.5)  (1.5)  (1.5)  (1.5)	2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds							
2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding 3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37  Add: deferred bond premium 3.8  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22 2.5  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37 - 48.3  Add: deferred bond premium - 9.4  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35 - 30.3  Add: deferred bond premium - 10.4  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Total Revenue Bonds  206.0  327.8  4.1  (0.3)  56.2  56.2  56.2  56.2  56.2  56.2  56.2  56.2  50.3  (10.3)  4.1  (0.3)	5.00%, due 2/1/34		-		16.5			
3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37  Add: deferred bond premium  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35  Add: deferred bond premium  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Total Revenue Bonds  206.0  327.8  3.8  4.1  (0.3)  4.1  (0.3)  56.2  56.2  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2.5  48.3  (48.3)  48.3  (48.3)  4.1  (0.3)  48.3  (48.3)  5.00%, due 11/1/37  -  30.3  (30.3)  30.3	Add: deferred bond premium		-		1.5		(1.5)	
Add: deferred bond premium  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding  1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/37  - 48.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 9.4  (9.4)  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/35  - 30.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 10.4  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Total Revenue Bonds  206.0  327.8  (121.8)	2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding							
Add: deferred bond premium  2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding  1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22  2.5  5.2  (2.7)  2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/37  - 48.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 9.4  (9.4)  2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds  5.00%, due 11/1/35  - 30.3  Add: deferred bond premium  - 10.4  2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds  0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34  Total Revenue Bonds  206.0  327.8  (121.8)	3.0%-5.00%, due 2/1/37		56.2		56.2			
2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding       2.5       5.2       (2.7)         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)	Add: deferred bond premium				4.1		(0.3)	
1.03%-2.41%, due 2/1/22       2.5       5.2       (2.7)         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       9.4       (9.4)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)	•						, ,	
2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       -       48.3       (48.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)			2.5		5.2		(2.7)	
5.00%, due 11/1/37       -       48.3       (48.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)							( ')	
Add: deferred bond premium       -       9.4       (9.4)         2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       -       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)			_		48.3		(48.3)	
2020 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds       30.3       (30.3)         5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)			_					
5.00%, due 11/1/35       -       30.3       (30.3)         Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)							(***)	
Add: deferred bond premium       -       10.4       (10.4)         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       -       34.5       -       34.5         0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)			_		30.3		(30.3)	
2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds         0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)			_				. ,	
0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34       34.5       -       34.5         Total Revenue Bonds       206.0       327.8       (121.8)	<u>.</u>				10.1		(10.7)	
Total Revenue Bonds 206.0 327.8 (121.8)			34.5		_		34 5	
		-			327 9			
10tal Dustiness-type Activity Debt 5 (120.0)		•		•				
	Total Dustiness-type receiving Debt	Ψ	27U.1	Ψ	110./	Ψ	(120.0)	

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

#### **Economic Factors**

Development activity remains strong in most sectors in the City, despite the impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic. In fiscal year 2021, Roseville issued 1,807 single-family residential building permits, an 85 percent increase over the prior year. The City continues to grow westward, with significant growth occurring in the West Roseville and Sierra Vista Specific Plan areas. The extension of Blue Oaks Boulevard to Westbrook Boulevard was completed, which has facilitated development within the Creekview Specific Plan area. Unemployment in Roseville rose from three percent prior to the pandemic to a high of 13 percent in 2020, before steadily declining over the past year to below six percent. While the pandemic has brought a great amount of uncertainty to predicting General Fund tax revenues, commitments for labor contracts, increases in retirement contributions, and rising costs for utilities continue to add costs to the City's General Fund budget.

#### Next Year's Budget

General Fund budget appropriations for fiscal year 2022 are \$182.5 million, an increase of 9.7 percent compared to the fiscal year 2021 approved budget. The approved fiscal year 2022 General Fund budget, adopted during the COVID-19 pandemic, maintains essential services, includes only the most critical augmentations given the continued uncertainty surrounding the pandemic, and increases the General Fund reserves up to Council-adopted policy targets.

#### CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is intended to provide residents, businesses, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. Questions about this report should be directed to the Finance Department of the City of Roseville at 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, California, 95678.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

The purpose of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities is to summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position focuses the reader on the composition of the City's net position, by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources from total assets and deferred outflows of resources and summarizes the financial position of all the City's governmental activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's business-type activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The City's governmental activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with the special revenue, capital projects, debt service, and permanent funds. Since the City's internal service funds predominately service these funds, their activities are consolidated with governmental activities, after eliminating inter-fund transactions and balances. The City's business-type activities include activities of the enterprise funds. Fiduciary activities are excluded.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the modified accrual basis used in the governmental fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities and the Statement of Net Position include the financial activities of the City, the Roseville Finance Authority, the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority, the Roseville Community Development Corporation and the City of Roseville Housing Authority, which are legally separate, but are component units of the City because they are controlled by the City which is financially accountable for the activities of these entities.

	Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Assets:	\$ 364.057.027	\$ 418,256,445	\$ 782,313,472	
Cash and Investments in City Treasury Receivables	\$ 364,057,027 37,971,232	\$ 418,256,445 58,282,181	96,253,413	
Notes and loans	56,807,436	4,392,509	61,199,945	
Internal balances	3,386,622	(3,386,622)	-	
Prepaid items and other assets	182,676	5,232,488	5,415,164	
Deposits	7,520,267	-	7,520,267	
Inventories	1,296,911	16,383,534	17,680,445	
Restricted assets:				
Cash with fiscal agent	14,553,818	33,304,137	47,857,955	
Investment in NCPA reserves	-	5,158,628	5,158,628	
Prepaid purchased gas	-	102,898,775	102,898,775	
Derivatives at fair value Capital assets not being depreciated	577,644,482	80,477,824 139,367,342	80,477,824 717,011,824	
Capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets, net of depreciation	498,246,987	1,676,842,418	2,175,089,405	
Total Assets	1,567,848,926	2,537,209,659	4,105,058,585	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred charge on refunding	-	8,588,519	8,588,519	
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivative	7 000 004	10,219,188	10,219,188	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred outflows related to pensions	7,260,684 46,233,310	4,044,000 22,947,685	11,304,684 69,180,995	
Deletted dutilows related to perisions	40,233,310	22,947,083	09,180,993	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,493,994	45,799,392	99,293,386	
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	8,328,404	22,571,352	30,899,756	
Accrued liabilities	6,441,290	5,617,435	12,058,725	
Unearned revenue	19,240,766	6,873,412	26,114,178	
Deposits payable	193,803	8,260,100	8,453,903	
Due to other governments	93,246	18,035	111,281	
Net invetment in SPWA reserves	-	13,227,399	13,227,399	
Derivative at fair value Compensated absences:	-	10,219,188	10,219,188	
Due in one year	7,715,832	5,427,093	13,142,925	
Due in more than on year	8,080,121	4,112,726	12,192,847	
Self-insurance claims payable and litigation settlement:	-,,	, , -	, - ,-	
Due in one year	2,776,803	-	2,776,803	
Due in more than on year	7,804,068	-	7,804,068	
Other long-term liabilities:				
Due in one year	1,655,949	23,500,000	25,155,949	
Due in more than on year  Long-term liabilities due in more than one year:	21,817,241	272,692,967	294,510,208	
Landfill closure and post closure liability		784,378	784,378	
Net OPEB liability	63,992,843	35,635,000	99,627,843	
Net pension liability	238,740,827	146,140,827	384,881,654	
Total Liabilities	386,881,193	555,079,912	941,961,105	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	80,477,824	80,477,824	
Deferred OPEB related items	30,349,945	16,901,000	47,250,945	
Deferred pension related items	4,633,360	845,182	5,478,542	
Total Deferred Inflows				
of Resources	34,983,305	98,224,006	133,207,311	
Net Position:	4.050.440.070	1 620 240 774	2 692 702 052	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,052,418,279	1,630,310,774	2,682,729,053	
Community development	74,208,630	-	74,208,630	
Capital projects	174,619,185	8,173,965	182,793,150	
Debt service	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25,734,502	25,734,502	
Global warming prevention (AB 32)	-	13,609,695	13,609,695	
Unrestricted	(101,767,672)	251,876,197	150,108,525	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,199,478,422	\$ 1,929,705,133	\$ 3,129,183,555	

		Program Revenues					
	 Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Contributions and Grants			Capital ntributions nd Grants
Functions/Programs							
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$ 18,900,319	\$	8,023,303	\$	634,759	\$	-
Police	50,161,215		2,836,860		2,580,294		-
Fire	36,101,836		933,148		1,478,931		-
Economic development	4,177,122		35,903		10,195,475		-
Parks and recreation	34,984,176		16,731,091		69,123		-
Public works	3,801,296		5,271,802		6,618,427		83,757,057
Library	5,960,578		134,472		-		-
Development services	32,782,151		27,002,711		38,263		2,013,500
Annexation payments	7,494,258		=		-		=
Housing assistance payments	5,706,057		=		6,840,858		=
Interest on long-term debt	 1,549,203		-		-		-
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	 201,618,211		60,969,290		28,456,130		85,770,557
Business-Type Activities:							
Electric	154,771,931		165,995,197		-		28,875,498
Water	39,906,556		36,887,506		-		72,007,822
Wastewater	74,288,202		43,609,275		-		113,717,266
Waste Services	25,082,857		28,638,281		-		911,572
Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	22,649,501		14,568,504		-		-
Local Transportation	9,544,110		268,884		13,461,259		69,468
School-Age Child Care	 5,965,804		2,986,556		493,578		-
Total Business-Type Activities	 332,208,961		292,954,203		13,954,837		215,581,626
Total Primary Government	\$ 533,827,172	\$	353,923,493	\$	42,410,967	\$ :	301,352,183

#### General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purpose

Transient occupancy taxes

Sales taxes

Business licenses taxes

Other taxes

Franchise fees

Use of money and property

Miscellaneous revenues

Gain (loss) on sale of capital asset

#### Transfers

### Total General Revenues, and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position at Beginning of Year

Restatement of Net Position

#### Net Position at End of Year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net								
	Position							
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
\$ (10,242,257) (44,744,061) (33,689,757) 6,054,256 (18,183,962) 91,845,990 (5,826,106) (3,727,677) (7,494,258) 1,134,801 (1,549,203)	\$ - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (10,242,257) (44,744,061) (33,689,757) 6,054,256 (18,183,962) 91,845,990 (5,826,106) (3,727,677) (7,494,258) 1,134,801 (1,549,203)						
(26,422,234)		(26,422,234)						
- - - - -	40,098,764 68,988,772 83,038,339 4,466,996 (8,080,997) 4,255,501 (2,485,670)	40,098,764 68,988,772 83,038,339 4,466,996 (8,080,997) 4,255,501 (2,485,670)						
_	190,281,705	190,281,705						
(26,422,234)	190,281,705	163,859,471						
69,084,347 2,383,853 89,504,214 858,637 1,899,611 2,401,009 2,650,187 351,002	8,341,902 2,750,278 (466,792)	69,084,347 2,383,853 89,504,214 858,637 1,899,611 2,401,009 10,992,089 3,101,280 (466,792)						
8,681,939	(8,681,939)	-						
177,814,799	1,943,449	179,758,248						
151,392,565	192,225,154	343,617,719						
1,048,085,857	1,737,285,146	2,785,371,003						
<u>-</u>	194,833	194,833						
\$1,199,478,422	\$1,929,705,133	\$3,129,183,555						

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATMENTS**

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year.

The funds described below were determined to be major funds by the City in fiscal year 2021. Individual non-major funds may be found in the supplemental information section.

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is used for all the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

#### **Community Facilities Districts Capital Projects Fund**

This fund is used to account for the construction of infrastructure improvements, or reimbursement to developers for such improvements, funded by special taxes levied against benefited properties.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				pital Projects Fund				,
		General		Community Facilities District	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:	•		•				•	
Cash and investments Receivables	\$	89,752,868	\$	7,148,462	\$	210,881,507	\$	307,782,837
Notes and loans		24,244,578 11,356,595		18,700		10,841,969 44,787,480		35,105,247 56,144,075
Prepaids		93,663		-		15,690		109,353
Developer permit fees receivable		1,426,228		_		6,094,039		7,520,267
Due from other governments		1,420,220		_		6,181,468		6,181,468
Due from other funds		3,518,421		-		0,101,400 -		3,518,421
Advances to other funds		5,461,850		_		_		5,461,850
Inventories		228,590		_		_		228,590
Restricted assets:		-,						-,
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				14,487,633		66,185		14,553,818
Total Assets	\$	136,082,793	\$	21,654,795	\$	278,868,338	\$	436,605,926
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	2,099,600 3,467,103	\$	1,340,868	\$	4,091,585 2,477,252	\$	7,532,053 5,944,355
Unearned revenues		10,367,600		-		8,873,166		19,240,766
Deposits payable		183,803		_		10,000		193,803
Due to other government agencies		21,768		_		71,478		93,246
Due to other funds				-		1.605.540		1,605,540
Advances from other funds		_		<u>-</u>		9,901,440		9,901,440
Total Liabilities		16,139,874		1,340,868		27,030,461		44,511,203
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable revenues		1,294,120				52,390,046		53,684,166
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,294,120				52,390,046		53,684,166
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		17,140,698		-		17,287,404		34,428,102
Restricted		-		20,313,927		176,123,842		196,437,769
Committed		31,946,376		-		-		31,946,376
Assigned		1,651,026		-		9,249,174		10,900,200
Unassigned		67,910,699				(3,212,589)		64,698,110
Total Fund Balances		118,648,799		20,313,927		199,447,831		338,410,557
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources, and Fund Balances	\$	136,082,793	\$	21,654,795	\$	278,868,338	\$	436,605,926

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 338,410,557
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the governmental funds above because of the following:		
Capital Assets		
Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.		946,220,948
Allocation of Internal Service Fund Net Position		
Internal service funds are used to charge the costs of certain activities such as insurance, post employment benefits, facility maintenance, and information technology. The net position of the internal service funds are therefore included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		
Long-Term Liabilities		155,196,416
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:  Direct placement debt and certificates of participation Interest payable  Compensated absences  Net OPEB liability  Net pension liability	\$ (23,473,190) (292,486) (14,205,051) (57,268,843) (216,345,722)	(311,585,292)
Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources		
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB Unavailable revenue in the governmental funds is revenue in the governmental activities	42,716,729 (4,503,841) 6,498,684 (27,159,945) 53,684,166	71,235,793
Net Position of Governmental Activities	33,004,100	\$ 1,199,478,422

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Capital Projects Funds		
	General	Community Facilities District	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	¢ 152 241 601	¢	¢ 12.790.000	¢ 166 121 671
Taxes Licenses and permits	\$ 153,341,681 4,668,439	\$ -	\$ 12,789,990	\$ 166,131,671 4,668,439
Subventions and grants	4,430,729	-	25,827,780	30,258,509
Charges for services	15,050,711	_	40,304,550	55,355,261
Use of money and property	1,376,288	500	48,127	1,424,915
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	79,177	-	150,401	229,578
Contributions from developers and others	670,635	_	3,237,323	3,907,958
Miscellaneous revenues	1,386,782	238,575	756,692	2,382,049
Revenue from others		76,323,849	3,500,603	79,824,452
Total Revenues	181,004,442	76,562,924	86,615,466	344,182,832
Expenditures:				
Current: General government	17,562,048		2,198,807	19,760,855
Police	47,702,602	-	1,125,141	48,827,743
Fire	35,706,906	_	1,123,141	35,706,906
Economic development	3,990,798	_	99,383	4,090,181
Parks and recreation	18,513,097	_	10,980,900	29,493,997
Public works	8,657,316	_	4,455,625	13,112,941
Library	5,241,683	-	-	5,241,683
Development services	13,717,062	18,106,777	2,915,649	34,739,488
Housing assistance payments	-	-	5,706,057	5,706,057
Annexation payments	7,494,258	-	-	7,494,258
Capital outlay	823,939	49,282,313	18,707,835	68,814,087
Debt service:	,		, ,	
Principal retirement	_	-	1,613,400	1,613,400
Interest and fiscal charges	22,872	495,469	1,072,367	1,590,708
Total Expenditures	159,432,581	67,884,559	48,875,164	276,192,304
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	21,571,861	8,678,365	37,740,302	67,990,528
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	12,418,371	22	8,294,049	20,712,442
Transfers out	(3,715,337	-	(8,279,972)	(11,995,309)
Proceeds from sale of capital asset	6,991,269		321,609	7,312,878
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,694,303	22	335,686	16,030,011
Net Change in Fund Balances	37,266,164	8,678,387	38,075,988	84,020,539
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	81,382,635	11,635,540	161,371,843	254,390,018
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 118,648,799	\$ 20,313,927	\$ 199,447,831	\$ 338,410,557

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 84,020,539
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from those reported in the governmental funds because of the following:		
Capital Assets Transactions Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. Non-capitalized capital outlay expenditures are reclassified to various governmental activities.	\$ 86,163,359	
In the statement of activities the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense (net of depreciation on internal service fund capital assets of \$11,184,981).	(16,274,954)	
Proceeds from the sale of assets are deducted from fund balance Loss on sales of assets Transfer of assets from the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency	(7,312,878) (820,328) (159,156)	61,596,043
Long Term Debt Transactions Issuance of debt and repayment of principal is an other financing source and expenditure, respectively, in the governmental funds but in the statement of net position the transactions increase and reduce long term liabilities.  Payment of debt principal	1,613,400 27,808	1 641 200
Amortization of premium  Pension Related Items		1,641,208
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is measured as the change in net pension liability and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions. This amount represents the net change in pension related amounts.		(2,019,667)
OPEB Related Items Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is measured as the change in net OPEB liability and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows related to OPEB. This amount represent the net change in OPEB related amounts.		17,780,686
Accrual of Non-Current Items  Certain amounts included in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue		
or expenditures in governmental funds (net change): Compensated absences Interest payable	1,523,812 13,697	1,537,509
Unavailable Revenues  Revenue and other resources not available to fund liabilities of the current period are not recognized in governmental funds. Revenue in the statement of activities is not limited by availability, so certain revenues need to be reduced by the amounts that were unavailable at the beginning of the year and increased by the amounts that were unavailable at the end of the year.  This adjustment is the change between prior year's unavailable revenues and the current year unavailable revenues.		(75,184)
Allocation of Internal Service Fund Activity Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment acquisition, maintenance, and insurance to individual funds. The portion of the net revenue (expense) of these Internal Service Funds arising out of their transactions with Governmental Funds is		
reported with governmental activities because they service those activities.		 (13,088,569)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 151,392,565

#### **PROPRIETARY FUNDS**

Proprietary funds account for City operations financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The intent of the City is that the cost of providing goods and services be financed primarily through user charges.

The City has identified the funds below as major enterprise funds in fiscal year 2021.

#### **Electric Fund**

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's electric services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

#### **Water Fund**

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's water services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

#### **Wastewater Fund**

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's wastewater collection and treatment services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

#### **Waste Services Fund**

This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's solid waste services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

#### **Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority**

This fund accounts for financing and purchasing pre-paid natural gas for the generation of power for the Roseville Energy Park.

#### **Internal Service Funds**

These funds account for activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Electric	Water	Wastewater	Waste Services		
Assets:						
Current: Cash and investments	\$ 170,175,119	\$ 134,154,868	\$ 74,359,402	\$ 35,949,144		
Receivables	28,661,900	9,376,697	9,286,356	3,331,691		
Notes and loans		48,147	4,344,362	-		
Prepaid costs  Due from other funds	5,232,488	-	-	-		
Inventories	12,899,751	3,151,070	139,135	193,578		
Restricted:						
Cash with fiscal agent	16,180,219	8,173,965	<u> </u>			
Total Current Assets	233,149,477	154,904,747	88,129,255	39,474,413		
Noncurrent:						
Prepaid purchased gas Investment in NCPA reserves	5,158,628	-	-	-		
Derivative instruments	5,156,026	-	-	-		
Advances to other funds	-	-	-	-		
Capital assets not being depreciated	20,545,912	29,043,404	81,807,710	1,088,866		
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	462,141,763	552,562,820	626,741,083	2,491,090		
Total Noncurrent Assets	487,846,303	581,606,224	708,548,793	3,579,956		
Total Assets	720,995,780	736,510,971	796,678,048	43,054,369		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred charge on refunding	7,054,828	1,533,691	-	-		
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivative Deferred OPEB related items	10,219,188 1,325,000	861,000	666,000	619.000		
Deferred pension related items	10,774,865	3,448,622	4,382,146	2,491,150		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	29,373,881	5,843,313	5,048,146	3,110,150		
Liabilities: Current:						
Accounts payable	10,878,843	8,074,226	1,696,609	965,970		
Accrued liabilities	2,525,688	398,355	421,650	262,405		
Unearned revenues		6,303	3	<u>-</u>		
Deposits payable  Due to other governments	3,455,794 18,035	39	61,703	50,794		
Due to other funds	10,033	-	-	-		
Accrued compensated absences	2,495,110	732,944	1,226,573	656,164		
Accrued claims and judgments	-		-	-		
Long-term debt - due within one year	8,755,000	2,825,000	<u>-</u>			
Total Current Liabilities	28,128,470	12,036,867	3,406,538	1,935,333		
Noncurrent:						
Advances from other funds  Net Investment in SPWA reserves	-	-	12 227 200	-		
Derivative at fair value	10,219,188	-	13,227,399	-		
Accrued compensated absences	2,080,112	613,062	772,722	435,971		
Accrued claims and judgments	-					
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	11,681,000 68,619,020	7,580,000 21,962,323	5,869,000 27,907,407	5,457,000 15,864,731		
Landfill closure and post closure liability	-	21,902,323	27,907,407	784,378		
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	149,590,464	28,972,679	4,344,362			
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	242,189,784	59,128,064	52,120,890	22,542,080		
Total Liabilities	270,318,254	71,164,931	55,527,428	24,477,413		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	-	-	-	-		
Deferred OPEB related items	5,540,000	3,595,000	2,784,000	2,588,000		
Deferred pension related items	396,847	127,016	161,398	91,751		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,936,847	3,722,016	2,945,398	2,679,751		
Net Position:	004.007.000	EE4 040 000	704 004 404	0.570.050		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital projects	331,397,039	551,342,236 8,173,965	704,204,431	3,579,956		
Restricted for debt service	16,084,167	4,134,075	5,516,260	-		
Restricted for sustainable energy programs (AB 32)	13,609,695	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	113,023,659	103,817,061	33,532,677	15,427,399		
Total Net Position	\$ 474,114,560	\$ 667,467,337	\$ 743,253,368	\$ 19,007,355		

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Governmental
	Roseville Natural Gas Financing	Other Enterprise		Activities- Internal
	Authority	Funds	Totals	Service Funds
Assets:				
Current: Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 3,617,912	\$ 418,256,445	\$ 56,274,190
Receivables	28	7,625,509	58,282,181	2,865,985
Notes and loans	-	-	4,392,509	663,361
Prepaid costs  Due from other funds	-	-	5,232,488	73,323 583,741
Inventories	-	-	16,383,534	1,068,321
Restricted:				
Cash with fiscal agent	8,949,953	<del>-</del>	33,304,137	
Total Current Assets	8,949,981	11,243,421	535,851,294	61,528,921
Noncurrent:	400 000 775		400 000 775	
Prepaid purchased gas Investment in NCPA reserves	102,898,775	-	102,898,775 5,158,628	-
Derivative instruments	80,477,824	-	80,477,824	-
Advances to other funds	, , <u>-</u>	-	-	5,329,590
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	6,881,450	139,367,342	4,109,571
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		32,905,662	1,676,842,418	125,560,950
Total Noncurrent Assets	183,376,599	39,787,112	2,004,744,987	135,000,111
Total Assets	192,326,580	\$ 51,030,533	2,540,596,281	196,529,032
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred charge on refunding	-	-	8,588,519	-
Accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivative Deferred OPEB related items		573,000	10,219,188 4,044,000	762,000
Deferred pension related items	-	1,850,902	22,947,685	3,516,581
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,423,902	45,799,392	4,278,581
Liabilities:				
Current: Accounts payable	170	955,534	22,571,352	796,351
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,824,188	185,149	5,617,435	204,449
Unearned revenues	-	6,867,106	6,873,412	
Deposits payable	4,691,755	15	8,260,100	-
Due to other governments  Due to other funds	44,226	2,452,396	18,035 2,496,622	-
Accrued compensated absences	-	316,302	5,427,093	779,221
Accrued claims and judgments	-	, -	-	2,776,803
Long-term debt - due within one year	11,920,000		23,500,000	
Total Current Liabilities	18,480,339	10,776,502	74,764,049	4,556,824
Noncurrent:				
Advances from other funds	-	890,000	890,000	-
Net Investment in SPWA reserves	-	-	13,227,399	-
Derivative at fair value Accrued compensated absences	-	210,859	10,219,188 4,112,726	- 811,681
Accrued claims and judgments	-	-	-,	7,804,068
Net OPEB liability	-	5,048,000	35,635,000	6,724,000
Net pension liability Landfill closure and post closure liability	-	11,787,346	146,140,827 784,378	22,395,105
Long-term debt - due in more than one year	89,785,462	<u> </u>	272,692,967	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	89,785,462	17,936,205	483,702,485	37,734,854
Total Liabilities	108,265,801	28,712,707	558,466,534	42,291,678
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives	80,477,824		80,477,824	
Deferred OPEB related items	- 00,477,024	2,394,000	16,901,000	3,190,000
Deferred pension related items		68,170	845,182	129,519
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	80,477,824	2,462,170	98,224,006	3,319,519
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	-	39,787,112	1,630,310,774	129,670,521
Restricted for capital projects Restricted for debt service	-	-	8,173,965 25,734,502	-
Restricted for sustainable energy programs (AB 32)	-	-	13,609,695	-
Unrestricted	3,582,955	(17,507,554)	251,876,197	25,525,895
Total Net Position	\$ 3,582,955	\$ 22,279,558	\$ 1,929,705,133	\$ 155,196,416

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Electric		Water		Wastewater		ste Services
Operating Revenues:	•	405 005 407	Φ.	00 007 500	Φ.	40,000,075	•	00.000.004
Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$	165,995,197 1,781,914	\$	36,887,506 89,293	\$	43,609,275 292,707	\$	28,638,281 164,326
Middeliandad		1,701,011		00,200		202,101		101,020
Total Operating Revenues		167,777,111		36,976,799		43,901,982		28,802,607
Operating Expenses:								
Administration and general		13,418,904		2,884,655		2,435,389		2,411,170
Depreciation and amortization		22,645,187		10,908,056		14,092,506		152,482
Operations Payer symply		51,954,726		24,682,407		35,108,437		22,519,205
Power supply Claims expense		60,759,929		-		-		_
Ciainto expense			-					
Total Operating Expenses		148,778,746		38,475,118		51,636,332		25,082,857
Operating Income (Loss)		18,998,365		(1,498,319)		(7,734,350)		3,719,750
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):								
Subventions and grants		36,796		2,808		2,258,834		17,660
Interest revenue		206,028		279,041		34,934		34,117
Interest expense		(5,975,893)		(1,431,438)		(7,548)		-
Increase (decrease) in JPA reserves Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		(17,292) (158,677)		(14,661)		(22,644,322) (222,189)		-
Gain (1055) on disposal of capital assets		(136,677)		(14,001)		(222,109)		
Total Nonoperating								
Revenues (Expenses)		(5,909,038)		(1,164,250)		(20,580,291)		51,777
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions		13,089,327		(2,662,569)		(28,314,641)		3,771,527
Capital contributions - connection/impact fees		2,067,795		16,766,432		17,431,213		893,912
Contributions in aid of construction		11,313,621		-		-		-
Capital contributions from developers and other agencies		15,457,286		55,238,582		94,027,219		-
Transfers in Transfers out		(6,548,407)		(1,113,032)		(736,672)		(445,331)
Changes in Net Position		35,379,622		68,229,413		82,407,119		4,220,108
Net Position:								
Beginning of Year, as orginally reported		438,734,938		599,237,924		660,846,249		14,787,247
Restatements		<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated		438,734,938		599,237,924		660,846,249		14,787,247
End of Fiscal Year	<u>_</u> \$_	474,114,560	\$	667,467,337	\$	743,253,368	\$	19,007,355

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-	Governmental		
	Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges	\$ 14,568,504	\$ 3,255,440	\$ 292,954,203	\$ 43,385,677
Miscellaneous	ψ 11,000,001 -	422,038	2,750,278	2,181,846
Total Operating Revenues	14,568,504	3,677,478	295,704,481	45,567,523
Operating Expenses:				
Administration and general	9,190	1,232,349	22,391,657	9,329
Depreciation and amortization Operations	(735,910)	2,016,722 12,240,343	49,079,043 146,505,118	11,184,981 39,326,858
Power supply	18,133,391	-	78,893,320	-
Claims expense				8,480,075
Total Operating Expenses	17,406,671	15,489,414	296,869,138	59,001,243
Operating Income (Loss)	(2,838,167)	(11,811,936)	(1,164,657)	(13,433,720)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Subventions and grants	-	13,954,837	16,270,935	-
Interest revenue	7,844,889	(57,107)	8,341,902	144,576
Interest expense	(5,242,830)	(20,500)	(12,678,209)	-
Increase (decrease) in JPA reserves Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	(71,265)	(22,661,614) (466,792)	-
Gairi (1055) on disposal of capital assets		(71,203)	(400,792)	
Total Nonoperating				
Revenues (Expenses)	2,602,059	13,805,965	(11,193,778)	144,576
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions	(236,108)	1,994,029	(12,358,435)	(13,289,144)
Capital contributions - connection/impact fees	_	-	37,159,352	235,768
Contributions in aid of construction	-	-	11,313,621	-
Capital contributions from developers and other agencies	-	69,468	164,792,555	-
Transfers in	-	161,503	161,503	11,240
Transfers out		·	(8,843,442)	(46,434)
Changes in Net Position	(236,108)	2,225,000	192,225,154	(13,088,570)
Net Position:				
Beginning of Year, as orginally reported	3,819,063	19,859,725	1,737,285,146	168,284,986
Restatements		194,833	194,833	
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	3,819,063	20,054,558	1,737,479,979	168,284,986
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 3,582,955	\$ 22,279,558	\$ 1,929,705,133	\$ 155,196,416

#### **Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds**

	Electric	Water	Wastewater	Waste Services
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 162,784,231	\$ 35,258,303	\$ 44,004,183	\$ 28,539,239
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(92,275,823)	. , , ,	(28,083,165)	(22,240,664)
Cash paid to employees for services	(25,240,898)	(9,475,390)	(7,234,242)	(4,310,605)
Claims paid				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	45,267,510	17,434,426	8,686,776	1,987,970
Cash Flows from Non-Capital				
Financing Activities:				
Cash transfers out	(6,548,407)	(1,113,032)	(725,431)	(445,331)
Cash transfers in	-	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-	-	-	-
Changes in deposits	836,932	(18)	(1,432)	(161)
Increase/decrease in notes and loans receivable	=	8,753	(4,344,362)	-
Increase/decrease in advances to other funds	-	-	-	<del>-</del>
Subventions and grants	36,796	2,808	2,258,834	17,660
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Non-Capital Financing Activities	(5,674,679)	(1,101,489)	(2,812,391)	(427,832)
Cash Flows from Capital				
and Related Financing Activities:				
Capital contributions	11,476,773	55,238,582	52,727,022	_
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(29,735,815)		(52,931,027)	(736,793)
Principal paid on capital debt	(8,120,000)		(02,001,021)	(. 55,. 55)
Interest paid on capital debt	(5,975,893)	, , , ,	(7,548)	_
Increase/decrease in advance from other funds	-	-	-	_
Refunding principal proceeds	34,770,000	-	-	-
Refunding principal payoff	(33,609,951)	-	-	-
Additional refunding proceeds deposited in escrow	(1,860,887)	-	=	-
Proceeds from capital debt issued	-	-	4,344,362	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	13,943	-	-	-
Connection/impact fees	2,067,795	16,766,432	17,431,213	893,912
Net Cash Provided (Used) by				
Capital and Related Financing Activities	(30,974,035)	(7,094,067)	21,564,022	157,119
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:				
Investment in JPA Reserves	_	_	(16,601,916)	
Interest received	206,028	279,040	34,934	34,117
THOUSEN TO SOLVE	200,020	270,010	01,001	01,117
Net Cash Provided (Used) by			(40 500 000)	
Investing Activities	206,028	279,040	(16,566,982)	34,117
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	8,824,824	9,517,910	10,871,425	1,751,374
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	177,530,514	132,810,923	63,487,977	34,197,770
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 186,355,338	\$ 142,328,833	\$ 74,359,402	\$ 35,949,144

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Claims paid	\$ 14,568,447 (5,639,527)	\$ (629,119) (7,403,776) (6,600,906)	\$ 284,525,284 (163,991,442) (52,862,041)	\$ 45,420,596 (22,532,877) (6,984,995) (8,480,075)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	8,928,920	(14,633,801)	67,671,801	7,422,649
Cash Flows from Non-Capital				
Financing Activities:				
Cash transfers out	=	-	(8,832,201)	(46,434)
Cash transfers in	-	161,503	161,503	57,666
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(23,505)	2,397,396	2,373,891	(16,955)
Changes in deposits	50,180	-	885,501	-
Increase/decrease in notes and loans receivable	-	-	(4,335,609)	-
Increase/decrease in advances to other funds	=	-	-	593,804
Subventions and grants	<u> </u>	13,954,837	16,270,935	2,243
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	26,675	16,513,736	6,524,020	590,324
Cash Flows from Capital				
and Related Financing Activities:				
Capital contributions	-	69,468	119,511,845	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	-	(7,025,527)	(165,401,805)	(11,473,203)
Principal paid on capital debt	(11,385,000)	-	(22,200,000)	-
Interest paid on capital debt	(5,456,298)	(20,500)	(12,891,677)	=
Increase/decrease in advance from other funds	-	(55,000)	(55,000)	-
Refunding principal proceeds	-	-	34,770,000	-
Refunding principal payoff	-	-	(33,609,951)	-
Additional refunding proceeds deposited in escrow	-	-	(1,860,887)	-
Proceeds from capital debt issued	=	-	4,344,362	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	=	22,730	36,673	2,557
Connection/impact fees			37,159,352	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(16,841,298)	(7,008,829)	(40,197,088)	(11,470,646)
•				
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			(40,004,040)	
Investment in JPA Reserves	7.044.000	(57.407)	(16,601,916)	444.570
Interest received	7,844,889	(57,107)	8,341,901	144,576
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	7,844,889	(57,107)	(8,260,015)	144,576
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(40,814)	(5,186,001)	25,738,718	(3,313,097)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	8,990,767	8,803,913	425,821,864	59,587,287
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 8,949,953	\$ 3,617,912	\$ 451,560,582	\$ 56,274,190

Capital contributions

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Electric		Water	\	<b>Nastewater</b>	Wa	ste Services
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	18,998,365	\$	(1,498,319)	\$	(7,734,350)	\$	3,719,750
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		22,645,187		10,908,056		14,092,506		152,482
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(4,992,880)		(1,698,188)		103,201		(263,368)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(249,319)		(32,348)		(32,388)		(46,731)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		(310,064)		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		2,005,999		6,476,116		(464,341)		(485,216)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(356,971)		36,967		49,392		46,105
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		-		(20,308)		(1,000)		-
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments		-		-		-		-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		5,327,173		4,594,953		1,851,824		277,617
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		(2,453,000)		31,000		(2,079,000)		(1,122,000)
(Increase) decrease in deferred pension related items		1,572,030		(4,090,642)		1,558,927		1,736,444
(Increase) decrease in deferred OPEB related items		3,248,000		2,820,000		1,500,000		(2,050,000)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(167,010)		(92,861)		(157,995)		22,887
Total Adjustments		26,269,145		18,932,745		16,421,126		(1,731,780)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Operating Activities	\$	45,267,510	\$	17,434,426	\$	8,686,776	\$	1,987,970
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities:								
Capital assets transferred to governmental activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(11,241)	\$	-
Net amortization of premium and deferred loss		742,753		-		-		-
Comital contributions		45 004 404						

15,294,134

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	Ga	seville Natural as Financing Authority		Other Enterprise Funds	 Totals		overnmental Activities- Internal ervice Funds
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,838,167)	\$	(11,811,936)	\$ (1,164,657)	\$	(13,433,720)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in deferred pension related items (Increase) decrease in deferred OPEB related items Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(735,910) (57) - 12,503,066 (12) - - - - - -		2,016,722 (5,317,420) - - 182,928 36,492 1,010,823 - 209,361 (159,999) (131,806) (564,999) (103,967)	49,079,043 (12,168,712) (360,786) 12,193,002 7,715,474 (188,015) 989,515 - 12,260,928 (5,782,999) 644,953 4,953,001 (498,946)		11,184,981 (146,927) (134,410) 267,312 (941,466) 60,235 - 757,937 630,471 (145,000) 2,760,104 6,505,000 58,132
Total Adjustments		11,767,087		(2,821,865)	68,836,458		20,856,369
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	8,928,920	\$	(14,633,801)	\$ 67,671,801	\$	7,422,649
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital assets transferred to governmental activities Net amortization of premium and deferred loss Capital contributions	\$	- - -	\$	- (71,265) 69,468	\$ (11,241) 671,488 15,363,602	\$	- - 244,781

#### **FIDUCIARY FUNDS**

Fiduciary funds are presented separately from the government-wide and fund financial statements. The City had the following types of fiduciary funds in fiscal year 2021:

#### **Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund**

This fund is used to account for assets held by the City as a trustee agent for the members and beneficiaries of the other post-employment benefit plan.

#### **Private-Purpose Trust Funds**

These funds are used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit private organizations or other governments.

#### **Custodial Funds**

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governments.

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds		
Assets:					
Cash and investments in City Treasury	\$ 644,119	\$ 5,901,935	\$ 131,778,925		
OPEB Plan Assets:					
Domestic equity funds	96,021,844	-	-		
Fixed income securities	41,892,086	-	-		
Real estate partnership	4,520,608	-	-		
Receivables:					
Accounts	-	114,421	9,306,839		
Notes and loans	-	2,313,965	-		
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		251,938	74,914,883		
Total Assets	143,078,657	8,582,259	216,000,647		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred charge on refunding			18,919,471		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			18,919,471		
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	1,532	643	16,039,829		
Accrued liabilities	-	804,612	6,758,553		
Unearned revenues	_	-	82,648		
Deposits payable	_	-	152,082		
Due to other government agencies	_	-	8,532,713		
Long-term liabilities:			, ,		
Bonds due in one year	_	2,424,328	20,590,500		
Bonds due in more than one year		41,487,924	587,663,181		
Total Liabilities	1,532	44,717,507	639,819,506		
Net Position (Deficit):					
Restricted for OPEB	143,077,125	_	<u>-</u>		
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other	1-0,077,120	_	_		
governments		(36,135,248)	(404,899,388)		
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 143,077,125	\$ (36,135,248)	\$ (404,899,388)		

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund	Private- Purpose Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions:			
Property taxes, net of pass through payments	\$ -	\$ 3,220,763	\$ 36,316,428
Intergovernmental	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	2,258,586
Investment income	28,429,784	48,779	467,349
Contributions from City	13,124,359	-	163,061
Contributions from members	-	-	22,590,272
Miscellaneous			15,140,238
Total Additions	41,554,143	3,269,542	76,935,934
Deductions:			
Retiree health plan benefits	8,099,464	_	-
Administrative expenses	58,764	2,041,780	1,130,082
Contractual services	-	14,800	-
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,031,688	24,932,156
Contributions to other governments		74,369	149,470,679
Total Deductions	8,158,228	3,162,637	175,532,917
Changes in Net Position	33,395,915	106,905	(98,596,983)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	109,681,210	(36,242,153)	-
Restatements			(306,302,405)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated	109,681,210	(36,242,153)	(306,302,405)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 143,077,125	\$ (36,135,248)	\$ (404,899,388)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Roseville (City) was incorporated on April 10, 1909 under provisions of Act 279, P.A. 1909, as amended (Home Rule City). The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), streets, water, wastewater, waste services, electric, local transportation, school-age child care, golf course, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, libraries, general administration services, economic development, and housing.

The financial statements and accounting policies of the City conform with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting policies are summarized below:

#### a. Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activity of the City, which the primary government presented, along with the financial activities of its component units, which are entities for which the City is financially accountable. Although they are separate legal entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations and are reported as an integral part of the City's financial statements. The City's component units which are described below are all blended component units.

The **Roseville Finance Authority** is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the financing or refinancing of certain public capital facilities within the City. The Authority has the power to purchase bonds issued by any local agency at public or negotiated sale and may sell such bonds to public or private purchasers at public or negotiated sale. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the Roseville Finance Authority Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

The **City of Roseville Housing Authority** is a separate government entity whose purpose is to assist with the housing for the City's extremely low and very low-income residents. The Authority is controlled by the City and has the same governing body as the City, which also performs all accounting and administrative functions for the Authority. The financial activities of the Authority are included in the Housing Authority Housing Choice Voucher Special Revenue Fund.

The Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority is a Joint Exercise Powers Agency created on December 6, 2006, for the purpose of acquiring, financing and supplying natural gas to the City of Roseville. The members of the Authority are the City of Roseville and the former City of Roseville Redevelopment Agency. The Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority is governed by a five-member Board. City Council serves as the governing body of the Authority and officers of the Authority are employees of the City. The financial activities of the Authority have been included in these financial statements in the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority Enterprise Fund.

The Roseville Community Development Corporation is a California 501(c)(3) nonprofit public benefit corporation formed in November 2010 by the City and the former Redevelopment Agency under the California Nonprofit Corporation Laws of the State of California. The Corporation was formed for the purpose of implementing the revitalization and economic goals of the City by securing private and public capital through development of both residential and commercial properties as well as developing affordable housing, redeveloping properties to create mixed-use, commercial and office projects, business recruitment and retention, commercial loans, and ongoing property management. As a separate legal entity and non-profit corporation, the corporation can secure funding that is not legally available to the former Redevelopment Agency and its activities can extend outside of the Redevelopment Plan areas.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Corporation is governed by a volunteer five-member board appointed by the City Council. The members, all from the community, have development, financing and business operations related experience. The board has operations, management, budget approval and strategy implementation authority that are separate from the City Council.

The Corporation has established a service agreement with the City to utilize existing City staff to accomplish its initial goals. The financial activities of the Corporation are included in the Roseville Community Development Corporation Special Revenue Fund.

The **City of Roseville Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust** is governed by the City's Resolution 10-275 and is used to account for contributions and investment income restricted to pay medical benefits. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by the City Council. Eligibility, actuarial interest rates, administration and certain other tasks are the responsibility of the Council established by the above resolution. The financial activities of the plan have been included in these financial statements in the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund.

The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Roseville (Successor Agency) is a separate government entity which was created after the dissolution of the City of Roseville Redevelopment Agency (RDA) to serve as a custodian for assets and to wind down the affairs of the RDA. The City was designated to serve as the Successor Agency subject to control of an Oversight Board. The Oversight Board is comprised of seven members of the local agencies that serve the RDA project area: two appointed by the mayor, two by the County of Placer, one by the Placer County Superintendent of Schools, one by the Chancellor of Sierra Community College and one by the Cities of Rocklin and Newcastle and the Hold Hill Cemetery District. The financial activities of the Successor Agency are included in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund.

Financial statements for the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority and the City of Roseville Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust may be obtained from the City of Roseville at 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, California, 95678. Separate financial statements for the Roseville Finance Authority, Roseville Housing Authority, the Roseville Community Development Corporation, and the Successor Agency are not issued.

The California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority, the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority, the Highway 65 Joint Powers Authority, and the South Placer Wastewater Authority are not included in the accompanying basic financial statements because they do not meet the above financial accountability criteria as these entities are administered by governing boards separate from and wholly independent of the City.

#### b. Basis of Presentation

**Government-wide Statements:** The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government, the City and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, excluding fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, the interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Indirect cost charges appear on the fund summaries that are paying for the services and reduce the expenditures of the departments providing the services on the fund summary for the General Fund. The purpose is to ensure that the General Fund is reimbursed for the services that it is providing throughout the City.

**Fund Financial Statements:** The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds in the supplemental section.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

#### c. Major Funds

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

**General Fund** – This is used as the main operating governmental fund of the City to account for the general revenues of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and the related expenditures. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources of a governmental unit which are not accounted for in another fund.

**Community Facilities Districts Capital Projects Fund** – This fund is used to account for specific public improvements such as streets, sewers, storm drains, sidewalks or other amenities funded by special taxes levied against benefited properties.

The City reported the following enterprise funds as major funds in the accompanying financial statements:

**Electric Fund** – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's electric service. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

**Water Fund** – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's water services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

**Wastewater Fund** – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's wastewater collection and treatment. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Waste Services Fund** – This fund accounts for all financial transactions relating to the City's waste services. Services are on a user charge basis to residents and business owners located in the City.

**Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority** – This fund accounts for financing and purchasing pre-paid natural gas for the generation of power for the Roseville Energy Park.

The City also reports the following funds:

**Special Revenue Funds** – The funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

**Internal Service Funds** – The funds account for automotive, facilities services, information technology, general equipment replacement, workers' compensation, general liability, unemployment reserve, and general benefits such as vision, dental, and section 125 benefits; all of which are provided to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds – These funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various functions. The Endowment Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for various endowment funds for the benefits of certain private-purpose trust funds. The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for retiree medical benefit payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. The Custodial Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agency for certain special assessment districts in the City, North Roseville-Rocklin Sewer Refunding District, Foothills Boulevard Extension Assessments, various joint powers authorities, Dry Creek Drainage Basin, County Capital Facilities Fee, South Placer Wastewater Authority, Special Sewer Benefit Areas, South Placer County Tourism. Business Improvement District (SPCTBID), South Placer County Safe Kids Coalition, and other programs for the benefits of parties outside of the City. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statement but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financial statements.

#### d. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when *measurable* and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one hundred twenty (120) days after year-end with the exception of property and sales taxes which is considered available if collected within sixty (60) days. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as *other financing sources*.

Those revenues subject to accrual are property, sales tax, transient occupancy tax, franchise fees, certain other intergovernmental revenues, certain charges for services and interest revenue. Fines, licenses and permits, and charges for services are not subject to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The City may fund programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenditures. The City's policy is to first apply restricted grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues if necessary.

#### e. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City pools its available cash for investment purposes. The City considers pooled cash and investment amounts, with original maturities of three months or less, to be cash equivalents. Highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized costs. All other investments are stated at fair value. For purposes of reporting cash flows, the City considers each fund's share in the cash and investments pool to be cash and cash equivalents.

#### f. Revenue Recognition for Electric, Water, Wastewater, and Waste Services Funds

Revenues are recognized based on services rendered to customers. All residential and commercial utility customers are billed once per month. There are twenty-four billing cycles per month which include all types of customers, based on their location within the City. Revenues for services provided but not billed at the end of a fiscal year are accrued. Contributions of cash or assets to proprietary funds from state and federal agencies, developers and others are recorded as revenue at acquisition value.

#### g. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has four items that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. They are the deferred amounts on refunding, accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives, deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB), and deferred outflows related to pensions. A deferred amount on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The accumulated decrease in fair value of hedging derivatives represents the change in fair value for the City's derivative liabilities that have been determined to be not effective. The deferred outflows related to pensions and OPEB are described in Note 12 and Note 13, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four types of these items reported in the government—wide and proprietary fund statements of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. They are the accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives, deferred inflows related to pensions, the deferred inflows related to OPEB, and unavailable revenues. The accumulated increase in fair value of hedging derivatives represents the change in fair value for the City's derivative assets that have been determined to be effective.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The deferred inflows related to pensions and OPEB are described in Note 12 and 13, respectively. Unavailable revenue represents revenues which has been earned but will not be collected within the City's period of availability as defined in Note 1D.

In the governmental funds balance sheet, the unavailable revenue category arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. When amounts have been earned, but have not been received within the availability period, these amounts are deferred and recognized as revenue in the period that the amounts become available.

#### h. Property Tax

Placer County assesses properties and bills, collects, and distributes property taxes to the City. The County remits the entire amount levied and handles all delinquencies, retaining interest and penalties. Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied on July 1st of the preceding fiscal year.

Secured property tax is due in two installments, on November 1st and February 1st, and becomes a lien on those dates. It becomes delinquent on December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Unsecured property tax is due on July 1st and becomes delinquent on August 31st. Collection of delinquent accounts is the responsibility of the County, which retains all penalties.

The term "unsecured" refers to taxes on personal property other than real estate, land and buildings. These taxes are secured by liens on the property being taxed. Property tax revenues are recognized by the City in the fiscal year they are assessed provided they become available as defined above.

#### i. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave, vested sick pay and certain compensated time off, which are accrued as earned. The City's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds or proprietary funds as appropriate. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually. For all governmental funds, a liability of these amounts is reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The remaining portion is recorded as a liability in the statement of net position. Proprietary funds' liability for compensated absences is recorded in each proprietary fund.

The changes in compensated absence balances were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total
Beginning Balance	\$ 17,261,633	\$ 10,038,765	\$ 27,300,398
Additions	2,856,029	2,574,504	5,430,533
Payments	(4,321,709)	(3,073,450)	(7,395,159)
Ending Balance	\$ 15,795,953	\$ 9,539,819	\$ 25,335,772
Current Portion	\$ 7,715,832	\$ 5,427,093	\$ 13,142,925

Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. Governmental activities compensated absences are liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### j. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, using the weighted-average method. Inventories of the governmental funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental funds at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Inventories reported in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are a component of net current assets. Inventories of the proprietary funds consist primarily of supplies and equipment held for internal consumption.

#### k. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. In governmental funds, prepaid items are not in spendable form and are therefore included in nonspendable fund balance and recorded on the consumption method.

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### m. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) plan and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### n. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Roseville Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### o. Fair Value Measurement

The City categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### p. Net Position

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources over all its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, regardless of fund. Net position is divided into three categories. These categories apply only to net position, which is determined only for proprietary funds and at the government-wide level, and are described below:

*Net investment in capital assets* describes the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects (expended) or contributions received in permanent funds (unexpended), debt service requirements, and redevelopment funds restricted to low and moderate income purposes.

*Unrestricted* describes the portion of net position which is not restricted to use.

The City applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

#### q. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources, less its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendable represents balances set aside to indicate items do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as permanent endowments, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, such as an ordinance, which may be altered only by the same formal action of the City Council. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to council commitments are included along with spendable resources.

Assigned fund balances are amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Assignments may be made by the City Council or its designee, the Assistant City Manager/Chief Financial Officer. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. Thus, additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

*Unassigned* fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual General Fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

### r. Capital Assets

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date contributed. The City has recorded all its public domain (infrastructure) capital assets, which include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems.

Capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, the modified approach is used for certain capital assets. Depreciation is not provided under this approach, but all costs associated with these assets are expensed, unless they are additions or improvements.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The City has assigned the useful lives and capitalization thresholds listed below to capital assets:

		Cap	italization
	Useful Lives	Th	resholds
Buildings	40 years	\$	20,000
Improvements	20 -75 years	nc	threshold
Equipment	6 - 20 years		5,000
Computer Equipment	6 years		5,000
Vehicles	6 - 8 years		5,000
Parks	25 years		5,000
Landscaping	12 years		20,000
Bike Paths	20 years		20,000
Bridges	90 years		20,000
Culverts	75 years		20,000
Crain Inlets	50 years		20,000
Roadway Minor Concrete	20 years		20,000
Sound Walls	35 years		20,000
Storm Drains	75 years		20,000
Traffic Signals	20 years	no	threshold
Electric Distributions System	15 - 60 years	no	threshold
Sewer and Water Distributions Systems	75 years	no	threshold
Electric Generation	15 - 30 years		5,000
Electric Power Plants and Substation	40 years		5,000
Sewer and Water Treatment Plants	50 years		5,000

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### s. New Accounting Pronouncements

Effect of New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 84** – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This statement is effective for the current fiscal year. The cumulative effects of this change in reporting are further described in Note 22.

**GASB Statement No. 98**— In October 2021, the GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.* The Statement establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. The new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The City has chosen to early implement this statement.

<u>Future Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements</u>

**GASB Statement No. 87** – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhancing the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhancing the relevance, reliability (representational faithfulness), and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 89** – In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 90** – In September 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests*, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61. The objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 91** – In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method for reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The City has not determined its effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 92** – In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020.* The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practices issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**GASB Statement No. 93**– In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR). The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021.

**GASB Statement No. 94**— In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 96**– In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*. The objective of this Statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 97**— In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans — An Amendment of GASB Statement No.14 and No.84 and A Supersession of GASB Statement No.32. The objective of this Statement is (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The City has not determined the effect on the financial statements.* 

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments

The City pools cash from all sources and all funds, except certain specific investments within funds and cash with fiscal agents, so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

The City and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called securities instruments, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the book entry system.

Individual investments are generally made by the City's fiscal agents as required under its debt issues. In order to maximize security, the City employs the Trust Department of a bank as the custodian of all City managed investments, regardless of their form.

The City's investments are reported at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

# Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### a. Classification

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as shown below:

Primary Government:		
Cash and investment in City Treasury	\$	782,313,472
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		47,857,955
Total city cash and investments with primary government		830,171,427
Fiduciary Funds (separate statement):		
Cash and investments in City Treasury		280,759,517
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		75,166,821
Total cash and investments	\$ 1	,186,097,765
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:		
Cash in bank and on hand	\$	175,832,996
Investments	1	,010,264,769
Total cash and investments	\$ 1	,186,097,765

Cash and investments with original maturities of three months or less are treated as cash and equivalents for purpose of preparing Proprietary Fund statements of cash flows. Also, each Proprietary Fund's portion of the City's overall cash and investment pool is treated as cash and equivalents since these amounts are in substance demand deposits.

## b. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City; and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

			Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Minimum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Credit Quality	Portfolio	One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations <sup>(1)</sup>	5 years	None	None	None
U.S. Agencies Securities (1)	5 years	None	None	None
Forward Delivery Agreements	N/A	Α	None	None
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None	N/A
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None	None
Bankers' Acceptance	180 Days	None	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	A - 1	25%	10% <sup>(2)</sup>
Medium Term Notes	5 years	Α	30%	None
Collateralized Time Deposit	5 years	None	30%	None
Negotiable Certificate of Deposit	5 years	Α	30%	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None	LAIF Limit
Insured Savings Accounts	N/A	None	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	20	10%
Shares in a California Common Law Trust	N/A	None	None	None
Interest Rate Swaps <sup>(3)</sup>	N/A	None	None	None
Supranationals	5 years	AA	30%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	AA	20%	None

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

(1) In specified fund accounts where liquidity is not the primary investment objective, the maximum maturity can be up to ten years with granted express authority by the City Council. Such investments cannot be made less than three months following the approval of extended investment terms. All longer-term investments must be Federal Treasury or Agency securities. The specified fund accounts are:

- City Pool, subject to 25%
- Citizens Benefit Permanent Fund
- Roseville Aquatics Complex Maintenance Permanent Fund
- Endowment Private-Purpose Trust Fund
- OPEB Trust Fund
- All future trust and/or endowment funds established by the City with no anticipated use of principal

<sup>(2)</sup>Eligible commercial paper may not represent more than 10% of the outstanding paper of an issuing corporation.

(3)Interest rate swaps may only be used in conjunction with enterprise fund debt or investments, not the General Fund. Pursuant to its function as custodian and investment manager of the South Placer Wastewater Authority (Authority), the City invested certain Authority funds in Forward Delivery Agreements which are investments with fixed maturities, and which bear interest at a variable rate. To hedge against changes in short-term interest rates, the Authority entered into a swap agreement to create a synthetic fixed interest rate on one of the Forward Delivery Agreements. Risks associated with the Forward Delivery Agreement and associated swap agreement are those of the Authority and not those of the City. Details of the swap agreement and associated risks may be found in the Basic Financial Statements of the Authority which may be obtained by contacting the City Finance Department at 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, California 95678.

### c. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

	Maximum	Minimum Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Quality
U.S. Treasury Obligations	N/A	None
U.S. Agencies Securities	N/A	None
Certificates of Deposit	N/A - 30 days	None to A-1
Time Deposits	N/A - 30 days	None to A-1
Repurchase Agreements	N/A - 30 days	None to A
Bankers' Acceptance	N/A - 270 days	None to A-1
Money Market Funds	N/A	None to Aam-G
Taxable Governmental Money	N/A	None
Commercial Paper	180 - 270 days	A-1 to AA
Special Revenue Bonds	N/A	AA
Pre-refunded Municipal Obligations	N/A	AAA
Municipal Obligations	N/A	AAA
Common Law Trust	N/A	None
California Asset Management Pool (CAMP)	N/A	None
Lawful Investments	N/A	None
Investment Agreements	N/A	A+ to AA
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None
Placer County Investment Pool	N/A	None
Supranationals	N/A	None
Mortgage Pass - Through Securities	N/A	None

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Normally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The City also manages its interest rate risk by holding most investments to maturity.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustees) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity or earliest call date:

12 Months or	13 to 24	25 to 60	More Than 60	
Less	Months	Months	Months	Total
\$ 78,396,435	\$ 5,694,808	\$ 195,366,123	\$ 108,061,425	\$ 387,518,791
4,026,088	-	-	-	4,026,088
-	-	14,510,663	-	14,510,663
34,005,659	34,164,583	178,160,705	-	246,330,947
45,306,469	-	-	-	45,306,469
10,130,644	-	-	-	10,130,644
62,993,680	-	-	-	62,993,680
-	-	-	6,068,861	6,068,861
142,571,035	-	-	-	142,571,035
89,965,317	-	-	-	89,965,317
842,274	-	-	-	842,274
\$ 468,237,601	\$39,859,391	\$ 388,037,491	\$ 114,130,286	\$1,010,264,769
	Less \$ 78,396,435 4,026,088 - 34,005,659 45,306,469 10,130,644 62,993,680 - 142,571,035 89,965,317 842,274	12 Months or Less Months  \$ 78,396,435 \$ 5,694,808	Less         Months         Months           \$ 78,396,435         \$ 5,694,808         \$ 195,366,123           4,026,088         -         -           -         -         14,510,663           34,005,659         34,164,583         178,160,705           45,306,469         -         -           10,130,644         -         -           62,993,680         -         -           142,571,035         -         -           89,965,317         -         -           842,274         -         -	12 Months or Less         13 to 24 Months         25 to 60 Months         More Than 60 Months           \$ 78,396,435         \$ 5,694,808         \$ 195,366,123         \$ 108,061,425           4,026,088         -         -         -           -         -         14,510,663         -           34,005,659         34,164,583         178,160,705         -           45,306,469         -         -         -           10,130,644         -         -         -           62,993,680         -         -         -           142,571,035         -         -         -           89,965,317         -         -         -           842,274         -         -         -

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2021, the fair value was \$18,125 greater than the City's cost. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2021, these investments matured in an average of 291 days. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated.

The City is a participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2021, the fair value approximated.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

is the City's cost, and these investments had an average maturity of 52 days. CAMP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated.

Money market mutual funds were available for withdrawal on demand and at June 30, 2021 and had an average maturity of 27 days for the Dreyfus U.S. Treasury Money Market Fund and 27 days for the First American Money Market Fund.

#### e. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Presented below is the actual rating as of June 30, 2021, for each investment type as provided by Standard and Poor's investment rating system:

	AAA / AAAm	AA	A+ / AA / AA-	 A+ / A / A-	 Total
Investments:					
Federal agency securities	\$ -	\$	89,400,330	\$ 2,163,634	\$ 91,563,964
Forward purchase agreement	-		4,026,088	-	4,026,088
Local Agency Bonds	-		12,570,512	-	12,570,512
Corporate notes	7,585,951		76,745,049	161,999,947	246,330,947
California Asset Management Program	842,274		-	-	842,274
Total	\$ 8,428,225	\$	182,741,979	\$ 164,163,581	355,333,785
Not Rated:					
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)					89,965,317
FAMC & FHLB Discount Notes					212,982,707
Federal agency securities*					82,972,120
Local Agency Bonds					1.940.151
Money Market Mutual Funds					45,306,469
Commercial Paper					62,993,680
Roseville Advantage Banks					10,130,644
Post Employment Welfare Benefits Program	m Trust				142,571,035
Guaranteed Investment Contracts					6,068,861
Total Investments					\$ 1,010,264,769

<sup>\*</sup>These federal agency securities are not rated under Standard and Poors rating, however did meet the minimum rating for Moody's.

#### f. Concentration of Credit Risk

Investments in any one issuer, other than U. S. Treasury securities, money market mutual funds, and investment pools that represent 5 percent or more of total entity-wide investments are as follows at June 30, 2021:

Issuer	Investment Type	Amount	% of Portfolio
Federal Farm Credit Bank	Federal agency securities	\$ 54,652,990	5.39%
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal agency securities	97,094,665	9.57%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Federal agency securities	73,012,830	7.20%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation (FAMC)	Federal agency securities	115,888,041	11.42%

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments by individual funds were as follows at June 30, 2021:

Fund	Issuer	Investment Type	Amount
Major Enterprise Funds:			
Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Wachovia Bank	Forward Purchase Agreement	\$ 4,026,088
Water	FSA Security Assurance	Guaranteed Investment Contract	3,918,125

### g. Fair Value Measurements

The City's Pool categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted for identical assets in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable inputs;
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based on unobservable inputs.

The asset's level within the hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The determination of what constitutes observable requires judgment by management. City management consider observable data to be that market data, which is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable, and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by multiple independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market. The categorization of an investment within the hierarchy is based upon the relative observability of the inputs to its fair value measurement and does not necessarily correspond to City management's perceived risk of that investment. The City has a forward purchase agreement that is measured using level 3 inputs. This item is valued using the discounted cash flows approach. Deposits and withdrawals in governmental investment pools, such as LAIF and CAMP Investment Pools, are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the City's measured fair value of its proportionate share in these types of investments is based on uncategorized inputs not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

The Pool has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2021:

Investments at Fair Value	Total	Ac	uoted Prices in tive Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)	gnificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	Ur	Significant nobservable uts (Level 3)
Federal Agency Securities	\$ 387,518,791	\$	-	\$ 387,518,791	\$	-
Commercial Paper	62,993,680		-	62,993,680		-
Corporate Medium Term Notes (MTN) Securities	246,330,947		-	246,330,947		-
Municipal Securities	14,510,663		-	14,510,663		-
Forward Purchase Agreements	4,026,088		-	-		4,026,088
Post Employment Welfare Benefits Program Trust	142,571,035		2,280,220	135,770,207		4,520,608
Money Market Mutual Funds	45,306,469		45,306,469	-		-
Total Investments at Fair Value	903,257,673	\$	47,586,689	\$ 847,124,288	\$	8,546,696
Investments measure at amorized cost						
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's)	 6,068,861					
Investments with uncategorized inputs						
Local Agency Investment Fund	89,965,317					
California Asset Management Program	842,274					
Roseville Advantage Bank	 10,130,644					
Total investments measured with uncategorized inputs	 100,938,235					
Total investments	\$ 1,010,264,769					

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 3: Interfund Transactions

## a. Transfers Among Funds

With City Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, were as follows:

		Amount	
Fund Receiving Transfer	Fund Making Transfer	Transferred	_
General Fund	Landscaping and Lighting Services Districts Fund	4,915,056	(A)
	Grants Fund	135,000	(A)
	Roadway Fund	1,200,000	(C)
	Equipments Replacement Fund	11,879	(B)
	Electric Fund	6,156,436	(C)
	Total General Fund	12,418,371	_
Open Space Fund	Landscaping and Lighting Services Districts Fund	634,777	(A)
Golf Course Fund	General Fund	1,004,749	(A)
CFD Capital Projects	General Fund	22	(A)
	Landscaping and Lighting Services Districts Fund	128,005	(A)
	Roseville Finance Authority Capital Projects Fund	619,335	(B)
	Total Development Impact Fund	747,340	_
Cable TV PEG Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	34,555	(D)
Roadway Fund	Solid Waste Fund	301,453	(C)
	Water Fund	754,503	(C)
	Wastewater Fund	686,545	(C)
	Total Roadway Fund	1,742,501	_
Citizens Benefit Fund	General Fund	1,044,840	(A)
General Fund Capital Fund	General Fund	707,000	(A),(I
RFA Debt Service Fund	General Fund	797,223	(B)
	Development Impact Fund	166,065	(B)
	Electric Fund	391,971	(B)
	Water Fund	358,529	(B)
	Wastewater Fund	38,886	(B)
	Golf Course Fund	481,735	(B)
	Solid Waste Fund	143,878	(B)
	Total RFA Debt Service Fund	2,378,287	=
Local Transporation Fund	General Fund	91,422	(A)
School-Age Child Care Fund	General Fund	70,081	(A)
	Total Enterprise Funds	161,503	-
Fleet Replacement Fund	Wastewater Fund	11,240	(D)
	Total Interfund Transfers	\$ 20,885,185	_
			_

<sup>(</sup>A) Transfers to fund operations

<sup>(</sup>B) Transfers to fund various projects and/or pay debt service

<sup>(</sup>C) Transfers to fund in-lieu franchise fees

<sup>(</sup>D) Transfers of capital assets between funds

### Note 3: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

#### b. Current Interfund Balances

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2021, interfund balances comprised the following:

Due to Other Funds	Due From Other Funds	Amount	
Governmental Funds			
Special revenue funds:			
Golf Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	\$ 127,000 (	(A)
Roseville Aquatics Maintenance	General Fund	36,537_(	(B)
	TotalSpecial revenue funds Fund	163,537	
Debt service fund:			
Roseville Financing Authority	General Fund	61,780 (	(B)
Capital projects fund:			
Development Impact Fund	General Fund	409,042 (	(A)
Development Impact Fund	General Fund	569,440 (	(A)
Development Impact Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	33,345 (	(A)
Development Impact Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	368,396 (	(A)
	Total Development Impact Fund	1,380,223	
Enterprise Funds			
Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	General Fund	44,226 (	(B)
School-Age Child Care Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	55,000 (	(A)
-	General Fund	2,397,396 (	(B)
	Total School-Age Child Care Fund	2,452,396	
		\$ 4,102,162	

<sup>(</sup>A) Current portion of the advances mentioned in 3C below.

# c. Long-Term Interfund Advances

At June 30, 2021, the funds below had made advances which were not expected to be repaid within the next year:

Fund Receiving Advance Fund Marketing Advance		Amount of Advance
Governmental Funds		_
Special revenue funds:		
Golf Course Fund	Golf Course Fund Fleet Replacement Fund	
	Total Special Revenue Funds	1,861,000
Capital projects fund:	·	
Development Impact Fund	General Fund	5,461,850
Development Impact Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	2,578,590
·	Total Development impact fund	8,040,440
Enterprise Funds		
School-Age Child Care Fund	Fleet Replacement Fund	890,000
,	·	\$ 10,791,440
		φ 10,791, <del>44</del> 0

<sup>(</sup>B) To cover negative cash balances as of June 30.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 3: Interfund Transactions (Continued)

**Golf Course** advance from the Fleet Fund bears interest at the prior fiscal year's average interest rate of the City's pooled investments. Principal is paid annually in the amount of \$127,000 with the final principal payment in fiscal year 2037. Simple interest is deferred for the life of the loan and a lump-sum deferred interest payoff is due in fiscal year 2037. As of June 30, 2021, the accrued deferred interest payable not included in the advance amount in the table above is \$2,324,045.

**Development Impact** has two advances from the General Fund that bears interest at the prior fiscal year's average interest rate of the City's pooled investments. The first advance has principal payments of \$409,042 and interest are being paid over the period beginning in fiscal year 2018 and ending in fiscal year 2028. The second advance has principal and interest that are deferred until fiscal year 2022. Deferred interest is added to the principal balance annually as incurred. Beginning in fiscal year 2022, principal of \$571,393 and interest are payable over seven years with final payment in fiscal year 2028.

**Development Impact** has two advances from the Fleet Fund. The first advance bears interest at the prior fiscal year's average interest rate of the City's pooled investments plus one-half percent. Interest only payments were made the first three years of the advance beginning in fiscal year 2015. Principal payments of \$33,345 plus interest are being paid over an 18-year term beginning in fiscal year 2018 and ending in fiscal year 2035. The second advance bears interest at the prior fiscal year's interest rate of the City's pooled investments. Principal and interest will be paid annually over six years starting in fiscal year 2021 with the final payment in fiscal year 2026.

**School-Age Child Care** advance from the Fleet Fund bears interest at the prior fiscal year's average interest rate of the City's pooled investments. In fiscal year 2018 two prior advances and one new \$300,000 advance were consolidated into one total advance. Principal and interest payments are being paid over a 15-year term beginning in fiscal year 2018 and ends in fiscal year 2037. In fiscal year 2020, \$340,000 was added. Principal amount repayments are \$55,000 annually.

### d. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the City-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business- type activities.

#### Note 4: Receivables

The City nets its Accounts, Interest, and Due From Other Agency receivables together and presents this amount as Receivables in the financial statements. These separate receivables are classified below for the Governmental and Proprietary funds:

#### Note 4: Receivables (Continued)

		Community Facilities			Governmental		
		District	Non-Major	Total	Activities	Total	
		Capital	Governmental	Governmental	Internal	Governmental	
	General	Projects	Funds	Funds	Service Funds	Activities	
Accounts receivables	\$ 21,426,046	\$ -	\$ 6,620,965	\$ 28,047,011	\$ 258,711	\$ 28,305,722	
Taxes receivable	2,420,056	-	465,300	2,885,356	-	2,885,356	
Interest receivable	398,476	18,700	3,755,704	4,172,880	2,607,274	6,780,154	
Total	\$ 24,244,578	\$ 18,700	\$ 10,841,969	\$ 35,105,247	\$ 2,865,985	\$ 37,971,232	
			Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds		
			Business-Ty	/pe Activities - Ente	erprise Funds Roseville		
			Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ente		Non-Major	
	_		Business-Ty	/pe Activities - Ente	Roseville	Non-Major Enterprise	
	Electric	Water	Business-Ty Wastewater	vpe Activities - Ente	Roseville Natural Gas	,	Totals
Accounts receivables	Electric \$ 27,845,887	Water \$ 4,715,645			Roseville Natural Gas Financing	Enterprise	Totals \$ 48,319,368
Accounts receivables Taxes receivable			Wastewater	Waste Services	Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Enterprise Funds Total	
	\$ 27,845,887		Wastewater	Waste Services	Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Enterprise Funds Total	\$ 48,319,368
Taxes receivable	\$ 27,845,887 28,278	\$ 4,715,645	Wastewater \$ 4,887,547	Waste Services \$ 3,264,559	Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority	Enterprise Funds Total \$ 7,605,730	\$ 48,319,368 28,278

#### Note 5: Notes Receivable

The City engages in programs designed to encourage business enterprises, construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing, or other projects. Under these programs, grants or loans are provided with favorable terms to businesses, homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. Although these notes are expected to be repaid in full, their balances have been offset in the fund financial statements by unavailable revenue, due to other government agencies or fund balance. Notes receivable were comprised of the following at June 30, 2021:

Flood Loan Notes	\$ 6,633
Housing Elevation Notes	10,000
Water Meter Notes Receivable	48,147
Tenant Improvement Notes Receivable	90,793
Flood Control Loan	601,397
SPWA Loan	4,344,362
First Time Home-Buyer Notes	9,430,950
Due From Successor Agency	15,610,127
Housing Rehabilitation and Affordable Housing Notes	31,057,536
Total	\$ 61,199,945

#### a. Flood Loan Notes Receivable

The City has provided notes to various homeowners and businesses for rehabilitation due to flood damage. The maximum note amount is \$5,000 carrying various interest rates and payment dates. The balance of these notes receivable at June 30, 2021 was \$6,633.

### b. Housing Elevation Notes Receivable

In fiscal year 1997, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) approved Hazard Mitigation Grant Program funds to be used for residential home elevation projects in the City at a maximum of \$5,000 per household, with the total federal share not to exceed \$1,493,096. The City provided matching funds to each eligible household at a maximum of \$5,000 in the form of a zero percent, deferred loan payable upon sale, change of title or change of use. As of June 30, 2021, two notes funded through the FEMA Hazard Mitigation Grant Program were outstanding with a total balance of \$10,000.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 5: Notes Receivable (Continued)

#### c. Water Meter Notes Receivable

The City entered into an agreement with Stonesfair Management for Water Meter Installations at Windscape Apartments. The original note amount is payable in 120 monthly installments. The balance of note at June 30, 2021 was \$48,147.

#### d. Tenant Improvement Notes Receivable

The City entered into a tenant improvement notes receivable with the Sierra Joint Community College District for overages in their Tenant Improvement allowance for the 316 Vernon Street Office Building Project. The original note amount was for \$128,141 payable in 120 monthly installments. The balance of note at June 30, 2021 was \$90,793.

#### e. Flood Control Loan

On May 10, 2017, the City entered into an agreement with the Placer County Flood Control and Water Conservation District to fund the Antelope Creek Flood Control project with a loan to be paid back with future development fees. The loan bears simple interest based on the Construction Cost Index. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the loan was \$601,397.

#### f. SPWA Loan

In June 2020, the City entered into loan agreements with the State Water Resources Control Board to secure funding for the Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion and Energy Recovery Projects in the form of loans from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund. The City then entered into a reimbursement agreement with the South Placer Wastewater Authority as the Authority is responsible for the completion of these projects. The loans are approved for up to \$108,021,755, bear interest at the rate of 1.30% and are payable in 30 annual payments beginning on June 10, 2023. Total funds drawn on the loans at June 30, 2021 was \$4,344,362.

#### g. First Time Home-Buyer Notes Receivable

The City engages in a first-time home-buyer program designed to encourage home ownership among low-income residents. Under this program, grants are provided at no interest and are due upon sale or transfer of the property. Although these notes are expected to be repaid in full, their balance has been offset with the with a deferred inflow of resources, as they are not expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year and any repayments will be used to reduce future grant draw-downs by the City. The balance of the notes receivable arising from this program at June 30, 2021, was \$9,430,950.

### h. Successor Agency Loans

Prior to July 1, 2011, the former Redevelopment Agency had received various advances from various City funds. These advances bore interest at the average interest rate of the City's pooled investments. Principal and accrued interest on the advances totaled \$32,768,517 at July 1, 2011. During fiscal year 2012, the City and Redevelopment Agency determined that certain advances should have instead been funded by bond proceeds of the Agency. Therefore, the Redevelopment Agency repaid advances from the City in the amount of \$7,309,447 prior to the dissolution of the Agency on January 31, 2012.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 5: Notes Receivable (Continued)

With the dissolution of the Agency effective February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency assumed the balance of the obligation to repay the advances in the amount of \$25,603,129 for principal and accrued interest and recorded a notes payable to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund equal to twenty percent of the balance of the notes. During fiscal year 2013, the State Department of Finance denied the prepaid advance and required the return of \$7,309,447 to the Successor Agency. The General Fund returned the cash to the Successor Agency during fiscal year 2013. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion in August 2013 determining that notes are enforceable obligations.

During fiscal year 2014, the Successor Agency completed its Long-Range Property Management Plan which was approved by the Department of Finance in May 2014 and as a result, the Successor Agency transferred land that was designated for governmental use to the City in the amount of \$7,107,581. As a result of the transfer, the City cancelled the notes that had been made to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purchase of those properties, including accrued interest, in the amount of \$5,902,331.

During fiscal year 2014, the Department of Finance clarified how the interest is to be calculated on each note to the Successor Agency. The City recalculated the interest due on the notes using the revised guidance and as a result the interest receivable was reduced by \$3,030,067. The principal balance of the notes as of June 30, 2021 is \$15,610,127.

### i. Housing Rehabilitation and Affordable Housing Notes Receivable

The City engages in programs designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, grants or notes are provided under favorable terms to home- owners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's or Agency's terms. Although these notes are expected to be repaid in full, their balance has been offset with a deferred inflow of resources as they are not expected to be repaid during the next fiscal year and any repayments will be used to reduce future—grant draw-downs by the City. With the dissolution of the Agency effective February 1, 2012, the assets of the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, including affordable housing notes receivable, were assumed by the—Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund. The balance of the notes receivable arising from these programs—at June 30, 2021, was \$24,985,689.

#### Note 6: Developer Permit Fees Receivable

The City has entered into a number of agreements with developers to defer permit fees for various projects within the City. Although these fees are expected to be repaid in full, their balance has been offset by unavailable revenue in governmental funds, as they are not expected to be repaid early enough to be reported as a current asset. The receivable was valued at \$7,520,267 at June 30, 2021.

### Note 7: Development Agreements

The City may enter into development agreements in an effort to provide incentives to develop new businesses and new tax revenues. The substance of these agreements is that developers or other public agencies will be paid a portion of future sales tax or traffic mitigation fee revenues produced by their developments. These payments are conditioned on the generation of sales tax revenues or traffic mitigation fee revenues by these developments and the City is not required to use any other resources to pay these amounts.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 8: Capital Assets

# a. Capital Asset Additions, Retirements and Transfers

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Balance								Balance
	 July 1, 2020		Additions	F	Retirements		Transfers	Jı	ıne 30, 2021
Governmental activities									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 133,831,323	\$	765,074	\$	(7,903,873)	\$	-	\$	126,692,524
Streets (modified)	358,999,990		8,400,979		-		16,510,564		383,911,533
Construction in progress	66,612,104		74,857,443				(74,429,122)		67,040,425
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 559,443,417	_	84,023,496		(7,903,873)	_	(57,918,558)		577,644,482
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings	185,182,857		99,656		(253,554)		_		185,028,959
Improvements	44,406,471		146,930		-		3,870,861		48,424,262
Vehicles & equipment	80,524,893		2,101,165		(2,223,860)		10,151,470		90,553,668
Parks	89,879,384		990,899		-		16,619,407		107,489,690
Landscaping	56,406,041		425,010		_		3,990,824		60,821,875
Bike Paths	9,961,675		156,453		_		-		10,118,128
Bridges	75,006,498		_		_		10,481,324		85,487,822
Culverts	21,029,296		_		_		-		21,029,296
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	181,375,078		3,638,769		_		2,317,933		187,331,780
Drain inlets	21,896,150		1,730		_		164,061		22,061,941
Soundwall	42,166,030		1,076,560		_		277,436		43,520,026
Storm drains	111,893,434		4,612,434		_		10,045,242		126,551,110
Traffic signals	1,426,196		391,403		_		-		1,817,599
Total capital assets being depreciated	921,154,003		13,641,009		(2,477,414)		57,918,558		990,236,156
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings	(73,330,610)		(4,551,925)		26,388		_		(77,856,147)
Improvements	(15,516,389)		(871,098)		-		_		(16,387,487)
Vehicles & equipment	(56,669,814)		(8,027,198)		2,219,136		_		(62,477,876)
Parks	(53,129,414)		(3,035,885)				_		(56, 165, 299)
Landscaping	(46,692,868)		(1,632,564)		_		_		(48,325,432)
Bike Paths	(8,090,185)		(233,002)		_		_		(8,323,187)
Bridges	(15,238,355)		(861,801)		_		_		(16,100,156)
Culverts	(7,234,218)		(280,390)		_		_		(7,514,608)
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	(139, 102, 309)		(4,586,704)		_		_		(143,689,013)
Drain inlets	(11,238,575)		(440, 134)		_		_		(11,678,709)
Soundwall	(17,329,232)		(1,215,988)		_		_		(18,545,220)
Storm drains	(23,138,497)		(1,589,889)		_		_		(24,728,386)
Traffic signals	(64,292)		(133,357)		_		_		(197,649)
Total accumulated depreciation	(466,774,758)		(27,459,935)		2,245,524		-		(491,989,169)
Net capital assets being depreciated	 454,379,245		(13,818,926)		(231,890)		57,918,558		498,246,987
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,013,822,662	\$	70,204,570	\$	(8,135,763)	\$	-	\$ '	1,075,891,469

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2020	Additions	Retirements	Transfers	June 30, 2021
Business-type activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 17,689,908	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,689,908
Streets (modified)	2,304,491	-	-	-	2,304,491
Construction in progress	48,221,785	109,507,310	(11,241)	(38,344,911)	119,372,943
Total capital assets not being depreciated	68,216,184	109,507,310	(11,241)	(38,344,911)	139,367,342
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	33,228,239	-	-	383,791	33,612,030
Improvements	43,259,851	-	-	-	43,259,851
Vehicles & equipment	49,128,223	296,843	(2,667,162)	5,308,777	52,066,681
Landscaping	1,740,121	-	-	-	1,740,121
Bike Paths	6,531,682	-	-	-	6,531,682
Bridges	12,018,098	-	-	-	12,018,098
Culverts	348,248	-	-	-	348,248
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	755,592	-	-	467,515	1,223,107
Drain inlets	75,699	-	-	· -	75,699
Storm drains	164,362	-	-	_	164,362
Traffic signals	72,561,009	34,721	(387,647)	2,032,517	74,240,600
Plants and substations	379,028,082	· -	(195,088)	12,454,575	391,287,569
Distribution	1,514,987,083	112,157,262	(738,913)	9,182,035	1,635,587,467
Generation	204,380,728	-	(50,008)	8,515,701	212,846,421
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,318,207,017	112,488,826	(4,038,818)	38,344,911	2,465,001,936
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(9,039,566)	(838,702)	_	_	(9,878,268)
Improvements	(3,848,570)	(1,010,603)	_	_	(4,859,173)
Vehicles & equipment	(30,911,691)	(4,819,689)	2,572,217	_	(33,159,163)
Landscaping	(706,546)	(99,177)	-,0.2,2	_	(805,723)
Bike Paths	(3,039,003)	(326,584)	_	_	(3,365,587)
Bridges	(343,276)	(133,534)	_	_	(476,810)
Culverts	(53,609)	(4,643)	_	_	(58,252)
Curb, gutter, sidewalk, and median curbs	(144,450)	(57,259)	_	_	(201,709)
Drain inlets	(2,379)	(1,514)	_	_	(3,893)
Storm drains	(10,878)	(2,191)	_	_	(13,069)
Traffic signals	(45,453,400)	(2,545,037)	381,795	_	(47,616,642)
Plants and substations	(155,510,700)	(8,616,881)	195,088	_	(163,932,493)
Distribution	(397,034,756)	(24,250,385)	367,044	_	(420,918,097)
Generation	(94,931,672)	(7,958,176)	19,209	_	(102,870,639)
Total accumulated depreciation	(741,030,496)	(50,664,375)	3,535,353		(788,159,518)
Net capital assets being depreciated	1,577,176,521	61,824,451	(503,465)	38,344,911	1,676,842,418
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,645,392,705	\$ 171,331,761	\$ (514,706)	\$ -	\$ 1,816,209,760

### Note 8: Capital Assets (Continued)

#### b. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program is as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 1,191,331
Development & Operations	193,192
Public Works	8,425,796
Police	200,458
Fire	260,977
Library	310,502
Parks and Recreation	5,692,698
Capital assets held by the City's internal service funds are charged to	
the various functions based on their usuage of the assets	11,184,981
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 27,459,935
Business-Type Activities	
Electric	\$ 22,902,800
Water	11,199,610
Wastewater	14,092,506
Waste Services	452,737
Local Transportation	1,902,734
School-Age Child Care	113,988
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 50,664,375

#### c. Streets Covered By the Modified Approach

The City has elected to use the modified approach with respect to its streets. The City's policy based on current funding is to maintain the arterial and collector roadways at an average Pavement Quality Index (PQI) of 72 and residential roadways at an average PQI of 65, instead of providing depreciation. During fiscal year 2021, the City expended \$6,033,245 to preserve its streets. The City estimates that it will be required to expend approximately \$4,588,932 in fiscal year 2022 to maintain its streets at this condition level.

#### Note 9: Long-Term Debt

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects or purchase assets, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt.

For governmental fund types, bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources gross of the applicable premium or discount. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. For proprietary fund types included, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Any differences between proprietary and government-wide refunded debt and the debt issued to refund it, is amortized over the remaining life of either the refunded debt or the refunding debt, whichever is shorter.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

# a. Current Year Transactions and Balances

Commental Accidities Debt:			ginal Issue Amount	Jı	Balance une 30, 2020	Additions		Deletions*		Balance June 30, 2021		Short term Portion	
Cases   Case	Governmental Activities Debt:												
2.154, does 147.55   1.365.4619   1.746.2315   1.365.4619   1.365.46	Direct Placement Debt:												
Common	Lease:												
Success rigency	· ·												
Successor Agency   4,077_574   3.486,049	2.15%, due 8/1/25	\$	16,324,609	\$	7,482,335	\$	-	\$ 1,338,400	\$	6,143,935	\$	1,365,949	
Controlates of Participation   20.397.183   10.961.384													
Certificates of Participation   2015 316 Vernor Street Project   2.00% - 5.20%, due 91/145   14.425.000   13.440.000   31.440.000   27.000   300								 					
2009- 5.25%, due 37145   14.425.000	•		20,397,183		10,951,384			 1,338,400		9,612,984		1,365,949	
2008 - 5.25%, due 81/415	·												
Conting	•							.==					
Total certificate of participation Total Convermmental-Type Activities Debt:    Salagaz, 1885   Salagaz, 1885			14,425,000		, ,		-					290,000	
Statistics   Sta	• •		- 44 405 000									-	
Dissiness-Type Activities Debt:   Direct Placement Debt:   Direct Pla	lotal certificate of participation		14,425,000		14,163,014			 302,808		13,860,206		290,000	
Direct Placement Debt:   Certificates of Participation   Cer	Total Governmental-Type Activities Debt:	\$	34,822,183	\$	25,114,398	\$		\$ 1,641,208	\$	23,473,190	\$	1,655,949	
Direct Placement Debt:   Certificates of Participation   Cer	Rusiness-Tyne Activities Deht:												
Certificates of Participation   2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding   variable rates, due 21/135   \$ 90,000,000   \$ 54,000,000   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 54,000,000   \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	**												
Variable rates, due 21/136   Variable rates of Participation   Variable rates of Variab													
Namiple rates, due 2/1/35   \$9,000,000   \$54,000,000   \$   \$   \$   \$54,000,000   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$   \$	•												
Coars		\$	90,000,000	\$	54,000,000	\$	-	\$ _	\$	54,000,000	\$	-	
1.30% Interest, due 6/10/2052					,,,,,,,,					,,,,,,,,,			
Total direct placement debt Certificates of Participation 2004 Electric System Revenue, 3.00% - 5.25%, toe 2/1/34 39,940,000 1, 25,25%, toe 2/1/34 39,940,000 30,335,000 30,345,095 30,340,000 30,345,	2020 SRF Loan												
Certificates of Participation   2004 Electric System Revenue,   39,940,000   5,000	1.30% Interest, due 6/10/2052		4,344,362		-		4,344,362	-		4,344,362		-	
2008   Electric System Revenue,   3,00% - 5,25%, due 2/1/34   39,940,000   5,000   5,000	Total direct placement debt		94,344,362		54,000,000		4,344,362	 -		58,344,362		=	
3.00% - 5.25%, due 21/134   39,940,000   5,000   - 5,0	Certificates of Participation												
Less: bond discount   (728,254)   -	2004 Electric System Revenue,												
2.15 Water Utility Revenue Refunding   2.00% - 5.00%, due 12/1/30	3.00% - 5.25%, due 2/1/34		39,940,000		5,000		-	-		5,000		-	
2,00% - 5,00%, due 12/1/30	Less: bond discount		(728, 254)		-		-	-		-		-	
Add: bond preminimm													
Revenue Bonds   Sevenue Bond	2.00% - 5.00%, due 12/1/30		42,565,000		30,335,000		-	2,695,000		27,640,000		2,825,000	
Revenue Bonds 2007 Gas Revenue Bonds 4.00% - 4.00%, due 2/15/28 209,350,000 108,675,000 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding 2.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29 48,780,000 25,275,000 3,318,476 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding 2.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29 48,780,000 25,275,000 3,318,476 2,2315,821 2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C 1.00% - 5.25%, due 1/11/25 36,315,568 3,412,525 3,412	Add: bond preminum		6,899,891							4,157,679			
2007 Gas Revenue Bonds   4.00% - 4.00%, due 2/15/28   209,350,000   108,675,000   - 11,385,000   97,290,000   11,920,000   Add: bond preminum   15,454,116   5,151,372   - 735,910   4,415,462   - 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding   2.00% - 5,00%, due 2/1/29   48,780,000   25,275,000   - 18,885,000   6,290,000   5,415,000   Add: bond preminum   5,899,513   3,318,476   - 2,315,821   1,002,655   - 2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C   1,00% - 5,25%, due 11/1/25   36,315,588   3,412,525   - 3,412,525   - 10,002,655   - 2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds   2,839,017   80,695   - 80,695   - 2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds   2,129,224   1,490,457   - 16,485,000   - 16,485,000   - 2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Refunding   3,00% - 5,00%, due 2/1/34   16,485,000   16,485,000   - 16,485,000   - 2014 Refunding   3,00% - 5,00%, due 2/1/37   56,210,000   56,210,000   - 20,400,457   - 2017 Revenue Refunding   3,00% - 5,00%, due 2/1/37   56,210,000   56,210,000   - 20,400,457   - 2017 Revenue Refunding   3,00% - 2,00%, due 2/1/20   6,265,000   5,160,000   - 2,635,000   2,525,000   2,525,000   2,525,000   2,000,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,40	Total Certificates of Participation		88,676,637		34,959,644		<u> </u>	 3,156,965		31,802,679		2,825,000	
4.00% - 4.00%, due 2/15/28       209,350,000       108,675,000       -       11,385,000       97,290,000       11,920,000         Add: bond preminum       15,454,116       5,151,372       -       735,910       4,415,462       -         2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding       2.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29       48,780,000       25,275,000       -       18,985,000       6,290,000       5,415,000         Add: bond preminum       5,899,513       3,318,476       -       2,315,821       1,002,655       -         2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C       1,00% - 5,25%, due 11/1/25       36,315,568       3,412,525       -       3,412,625       -       -       -         2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       2,839,017       80,695       -       80,695       -	Revenue Bonds												
Add: bond preminum 15,454,116 5,151,372 - 735,910 4,415,462 - 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding 2.0% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29 48,780,000 25,275,000 - 18,985,000 6,290,000 5,415,000 Add: bond preminum 5,899,513 3,318,476 - 2,315,821 1,002,655 - 2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C 1.0% - 5.25%, due 11/1/25 36,315,568 3,412,525 - 3,412,525 - 3,412,525	2007 Gas Revenue Bonds												
2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding 2.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29							-					11,920,000	
2.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/29			15,454,116		5,151,372		-	735,910		4,415,462		-	
Add: bond preminum 5,899,513 3,318,476 - 2,315,821 1,002,655 - 2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C 1.00% - 5.25%, due 11/1/25 Add: bond preminum 2,839,017 80,695 - 80,69													
2011 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series C 1.00% - 5.25%, due 11/1/25 Add: bond preminum 2,839,017 80,695 - 80,695 - 80,695							-					5,415,000	
1.00% - 5.25%, due 11/1/25       36,315,568       3,412,525       -       3,412,525       -       -       -         Add: bond preminum       2,839,017       80,695       -       80,695       -       80,695       -       -       -         2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       5,00%, due 2/1/34       16,485,000       16,485,000       -       16,485,000       - <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>5,899,513</td><td></td><td>3,318,476</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>2,315,821</td><td></td><td>1,002,655</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>			5,899,513		3,318,476		-	2,315,821		1,002,655		-	
Add: bond preminum 2,839,017 80,695 - 80,695			00 045 500		0 440 505			0 440 505					
2014 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 2/1/34 16,485,000 175,000							-			-		-	
5.00%, due 2/1/34       16,485,000       16,485,000       - 16,485,000	·		2,839,017		80,695		-	80,695		-		-	
Add: bond preminum 2,129,224 1,490,457 - 1,490,457			16 495 000		16 495 000			16 495 000					
2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding 3.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/37 56,210,000 56,210,000 - 56,210,000 175,000 Add: bond preminum 5,069,937 4,104,235 - 241,426 3,862,809 - 2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03% - 2.41%, due 2/1/22 6,265,000 5,160,000 - 2,635,000 2,525,000 2,525,000 2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39% - 2.08%, due 2/1/34 34,770,000 - 34,770,000 320,000 34,450,000 640,000 2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37 46,109,348 48,285,446 - 48,285,446 Add: bond preminum 10,618,219 9,451,437 - 9,451,437 2020 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35 30,296,244 30,296,244 - 30,296,244 30,296,244 Add: bond preminum 10,372,759 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 Total Revenue Bonds 536,963,945 327,768,646 34,770,000 156,492,720 206,045,926 20,675,000							-			-		-	
3.00% - 5.00%, due 2/1/37 56,210,000 56,210,000 56,210,000 175,000 Add: bond preminum 5,069,937 4,104,235 - 241,426 3,862,809 - 2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03% - 2.41%, due 2/1/22 6,265,000 5,160,000 - 2,635,000 2,525,000 2,525,000 2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39% - 2.08%, due 2/1/34 34,770,000 - 34,770,000 320,000 34,450,000 640,000 2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37 46,109,348 48,285,446 - 48,285,446 Add: bond preminum 10,618,219 9,451,437 - 9,451,437 2020 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35 30,296,244 30,296,244 - 30,296,244 - 30,296,244 Add: bond preminum 10,372,759 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 - 10,372,759	·		2,129,224		1,490,437		-	1,490,437		-		-	
Add: bond preminum 5,069,937 4,104,235 - 241,426 3,862,809 - 2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03% - 2.41%, due 2/1/22 6,265,000 5,160,000 - 2,635,000 2,525,000 2,525,000 2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39% - 2.08%, due 2/1/34 34,770,000 - 34,770,000 320,000 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100 34,450,000 640,000 320,100			56 210 000		56 210 000					56 210 000		175 000	
2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding 1.03% - 2.41%, due 2/1/22 6,265,000 5,160,000 - 2,635,000 2,525,000 2,525,000 2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds 0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34 34,770,000 - 34,770,000 320,000 34,450,000 640,000 2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/37 46,109,348 48,285,446 - 48,285,446 Add: bond preminum 10,618,219 9,451,437 - 9,451,437 2020 Wastewater Revenue Bonds 5.00%, due 11/1/35 30,296,244 - 30,296,244 - 30,296,244 Add: bond preminum 10,372,759 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 - 10,372,759 Total Revenue Bonds 536,963,945 327,768,646 34,770,000 156,492,720 206,045,926 20,675,000							-	2/1 /26				175,000	
1.03% - 2.41%, due 2/1/22       6,265,000       5,160,000       - 2,635,000       2,525,000       2,525,000         2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34,770,000       34,770,000       320,000       34,450,000       640,000         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       46,109,348       48,285,446       - 48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446       48,285,446	·		3,009,937		4,104,233		-	241,420		3,002,009		-	
2020 Refunding Electric System Revenue Bonds       34,770,000       34,770,000       320,000       34,450,000       640,000         2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       46,109,348       48,285,446       48,285,446       -	•		6 265 000		5 160 000			2 635 000		2 525 000		2 525 000	
0.39%-2.08%, due 2/1/34     34,770,000     - 34,770,000     320,000     34,450,000     640,000       2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/37     46,109,348     48,285,446     - 48,285,446        Add: bond preminum     10,618,219     9,451,437     - 9,451,437        2020 Wastewater Reveune Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     - 30,296,244        Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     - 10,372,759     - 10,372,759     - 10,372,759       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000			0,200,000		3, 100,000		_	2,000,000		2,323,000		2,020,000	
2017 Wastewater Revenue Bonds     46,109,348     48,285,446     -     48,285,446     -     -       5.00%, due 11/1/37     46,109,348     48,285,446     -     9,451,437     -     -       Add: bond preminum     10,618,219     9,451,437     -     9,451,437     -     -       2020 Wastewater Reveune Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     -     30,296,244     -     -       Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     -       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000	0.000/ 0.000/ 1. 0/4/04		34 770 000		_		34 770 000	320,000		34 450 000		640 000	
5.00%, due 11/1/37     46,109,348     48,285,446     -     48,285,446     -     -       Add: bond preminum     10,618,219     9,451,437     -     9,451,437     -     -       2020 Wastewater Reveune Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     -     30,296,244     -     30,296,244     -     -     -       Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     -     -     206,045,926     20,675,000       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000			04,770,000				04,770,000	020,000		01,100,000		0-10,000	
Add: bond preminum     10,618,219     9,451,437     -     9,451,437     -     -       2020 Wastewater Reveune Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     -     30,296,244     -     30,296,244     -     -       Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     -       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000			46.109.348		48.285.446		_	48.285.446		_		_	
2020 Wastewater Reveune Bonds       5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     30,296,244     -     30,296,244       Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     10,372,759     -     -       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000							_			_		_	
5.00%, due 11/1/35     30,296,244     30,296,244     - 30,296,244     4       Add: bond preminum     10,372,759     10,372,759     - 10,372,759     - 10,372,759     - 10,372,759     - 206,045,926     - 20,675,000       Total Revenue Bonds     536,963,945     327,768,646     34,770,000     156,492,720     206,045,926     20,675,000	·		.,,-		2, 12 1, 101			2, , 2.					
Add: bond preminum         10,372,759         10,372,759         -         10,372,759         -         -           Total Revenue Bonds         536,963,945         327,768,646         34,770,000         156,492,720         206,045,926         20,675,000			30,296.244		30,296.244		_	30,296.244		_		_	
Total Revenue Bonds         536,963,945         327,768,646         34,770,000         156,492,720         206,045,926         20,675,000	·						-			-		_	
	·	-				_	34,770,000			206,045,926		20,675,000	
	Total Business-Type Activities Debt:	\$	719,984,944	\$		\$	39,114,362	\$ 	\$	296,192,967	\$	23,500,000	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### b. Direct Placement Debt

### 2013 Public Facilities Refunding Lease

On June 1, 2013, the City entered into a Lease and Sublease Agreement in the amount of \$16,324,609 to refund the outstanding 2003A Public Facilities Refunding Certificates of Participation (2003A COPs) and the 2003B Golf Course Refunding Certificates of Participation (2003B COPs). The 2003A and 2003B COPs were called on August 1, 2013. The Lease is repayable from any source of available funds of the City which includes the General Fund; however, the Golf Course Special Revenue Fund is expected to repay the portion of the lease related to the refunding of the 2003B Certificates of Participation. Principal and interest payments are payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 through 2025. The amount outstanding as of June 30, 2021 was \$6,143,935 in governmental activities.

### Loans from the Successor Agency

The former Redevelopment Agency made a loan in the amount of \$3,469,049 in May 2011 to the Roseville Community Development Corporation, a component unit of the City. The Agency had entered into the agreement with the Corporation under which the Agency agreed to provide funding to the Corporation in the form of a start-up loan not to exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000). The loan is a 20-year loan deferred for 10 years with accrued interest and principal due beginning January 1, 2021. A State Supreme Court decision on August 11, 2011 suspended all redevelopment activity effective June 28, 2011. However, the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency continued to make disbursements related to the loan agreement after that date, because it had been approved by the Redevelopment Agency Board prior to the Court decision.

Under the provisions of Health and Safety Code Section 34171(d)(2), agreements between the City or any of its component units and the former Redevelopment Agency that were executed after December 31, 2010 are no longer enforceable obligations and Health and Safety Code Section 34167.5 requires that if the City or component unit is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those funds that they be returned to the Successor Agency.

The City continues to contend that the loan agreement was lawfully entered into at the time of its execution and therefore transactions executed with the Corporation prior to the dissolution of the redevelopment agency were not reversed in the current fiscal year and remain in the Corporation as of June 30, 2021.

Upon dissolution of the redevelopment agency, the note was transferred to the Successor Agency. The note accrues interest at a rate equal to the City's average interest earnings plus 1 percent, adjusted every five years. Principal and interest payments commence on June 30, 2021 and will be due annually with the final payment scheduled on June 30, 2030. As of June 30, 2021, the note bears interest of 2.288 percent with interest accrued of \$683,003. The principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2021 was \$3,469,049.

### 2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation

On November 7, 2012, the City entered into a direct placement agreement with U.S. Bank for the purchase of the 2012 bonds. The COPSs were issued to refund and retire the outstanding balance of the 2008A Electric System Revenue COPs. As of June 30, 2021, the City's outstanding debt from direct borrowing of \$54,000,000 are subject to special redemption prior to their respective stated date of maturity by the City upon written notice. There is no provision for early redemption by U.S. Bank (Purchaser).

The bonds are secured by a pledge of the net revenue of the Electric Department. The revenue may not be used for any other purpose while any of the bonds remain outstanding.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The continuing covenant agreement for the bonds includes a provision that in an event of default, the repayment of the outstanding principal plus any accrued interest becomes immediately due. The City is responsible for cost increases caused by the adoption of a law or rule applicable to the bonds, changes in the taxes or tax basis of the Purchaser or Credit Protection Provider.

The terms of this agreement were renewed on April 20, 2016 and expired on November 1, 2019. The City originally entered into a 27-year interest rate swap agreement for the entire amount of the 2008A COPs, and the interest rate swap agreement remains outstanding after the refunding, but the notional amount of the swap is based on the notional amount of the 2008A COPs. The combination of the variable rate COPs and a floating rate swap creates synthetic fixed-rate debt for the City. The synthetic fixed rate for the COPs was 4.191 percent for the year ended June 30, 2020. On November 1, 2019, the 2012 Electric COPs were paid down by \$36,000,000 leaving a balance of \$54,000,000. In addition, the Bank of America Merrill Lynch swap was terminated as of this date. As a result, the City paid \$7,176,500 to terminate the interest rate swap agreement. The U.S. Bank direct placement was renewed with new interest rate terms of 80% of one-month LIBOR plus 60 basis points with direct placement expiring May 1, 2023. The COPs are subject to mandatory prepayment annually beginning February 1, 2023 through 2035. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$54,000,000.

The continuing covenant agreement for the bonds includes a provision that in an event of default, the repayment of the outstanding principal plus any accrued interest becomes immediately due.

#### 2020 State Revolving Fund Loan

In June 2020, the City entered into a loan agreement with the State Water Resources Control Board to secure funding for the Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plant Expansion and Energy Recovery Project in the form of a loan from the Clean Water State Revolving Fund. The loan is approved for up to \$108,021,755, bears interest at the rate of 1.30%, and is payable in 30 annual payments beginning on June 10, 2023. Total funds drawn on the loan at June 30, 2021 was \$4,344,362.

#### c. Certificates of Participation

### 2015 316 Vernon Street Project Certificates of Participation

On July 14, 2015, the Roseville Finance Authority issued the Certificates of Participation, Series 2015 (316 Vernon Street Project), in the principal amount of \$14,425,000 to fund a portion of the acquisition and construction of an office building located at 316 Vernon Street. The Lease bears interest at 2.00 percent to 5.25 percent and are due semi-annually at February 1 and August 1 of each year. The Lease is repayable from any source of legally available funds of the City, including (but not limited to) amounts held by the City in its General Fund according to the Lease Agreement in the official statement. Principal payments are due annually on August 1 through 2045. The amount outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$13,165,000.

### 2004 Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation

On July 1, 2004, the City issued \$39,940,000 of Certificates of Participation to finance capital improvements to the City's Electric System. The COPs are repayable from net revenue of the Electric Utility System. The COPs bear interest at 3.00 percent to 5.25 percent and are due semi-annually on February 1 and

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

August 1 of each year beginning February 1, 2005. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 through February 2034. The COPs were partially refunded by the 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds as discussed below. In August 2014, the 2004 Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation were partially refunded by the 2014 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds leaving a par amount of \$5,000.

### 2015 Water Utility Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation

On August 20, 2015, the Roseville Finance Authority issued the Water Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2015, in the principal amount of \$42,565,000 to refund the 2007 Water Utility Certificates of Participation. The Bonds bear interest at 2.00 percent to 5.00 percent and are due semi-annually on December 1 and June 1 of each year. The Bonds are repayable by a pledge of net revenue from the Water Utility System. Principal payments are due annually on December 1 through 2030.

As of June 30, 2021, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds was \$33,550,700. As disclosed in the official statement, all net revenues of the Water Utility System are expected to provide coverage over debt service of 120 percent over the life of the Bonds. For fiscal year 2021, net revenues amounted to \$31,850,248 which represented coverage of 773 percent over the \$4,122,845 in debt service. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$27,640,000.

#### d. Revenue Bonds

#### 2007 Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority Gas Revenue Bonds

On January 24, 2007, the Authority issued \$209,350,000 of Gas Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (the Bonds), to finance a lump sum prepayment to a Gas Supplier (See Note 20A) in order to acquire a supply of natural gas to be delivered over a period of twenty-years. The gas purchased by the Authority will be sold to the City pursuant to a Natural Gas Supply Agreement (See Note 20C) to produce revenues to be used for debt service on the Bonds.

Principal payments are due annually on February 15 through 2028 and interest is payable semiannually on February 15 and August 15. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$97,290,000. As of June 30, 2021, the total principal and interest to be paid on the bonds was \$117,708,500. For fiscal year 2021, net revenues amounted to \$22,411,836, which represented coverage of 135 percent over the \$16,614,602 in debt service.

#### 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On November 14, 2013, the Roseville Finance Authority issued the Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, in the principal amount of \$48,780,000 to refund a portion of each of the 2004 Electric System Revenue and 2005 Electric System Revenue, Series A, Certificates of Participation. The Bonds bear interest at 2.00 percent to 5.00 percent and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The Bonds are repayable by a pledge of net revenue from the Electric System. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 through 2029. In September 2020, the City issued the 2020 Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, which refunded a portion of the 2013 bonds, which are further described below. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 was \$6,290,000.

#### 2014 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On July 24, 2014, the Roseville Finance Authority issued Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, in the amount of \$16,485,000 to refund the 2004 Electric System Revenue Certificates of Participation. The Bonds bear interest of 5 percent. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 beginning in 2030. Interest payments are due semi-annually on each August 1 and February 1, commencing on February 1, 2015 through February 1, 2034. In September 2020, the City issued the 2020 Taxable Electric

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

System Revenue Refunding Bonds, which refunded a portion of the 2014 bonds, which are further described below.

The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 was zero.

#### 2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 8, 2017, the City issued Revenue Bonds in the original principal amount of \$56,210,000. The Bonds were issued to refund a portion of the 2009 Electric System Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation and the 2010 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Revenue Bonds bear interest at 3.00 percent to 5.00 percent and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 through 2037. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$56,210,000.

### 2017B Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On February 8, 2017, the City issued Taxable Revenue Bonds in the original principal amount of \$6,265,000. The Bonds were issued to refund a portion of the 2009 Electric System Revenue Refunding Certificates of Participation and the 2010 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Revenue Bonds bear interest at 1.03 percent to 2.41 percent and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 through 2022. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$2,525,000.

### 2020 Taxable Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds

On September 2020, the City issued Taxable Revenue Bonds in the original principal amount of \$34,770,000. The Bonds were issued to refund a portion of the 2013 and 2014 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Revenue Bonds bear interest at 0.389 percent to 2.081 percent and are due semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year. Principal payments are due annually on February 1 through 2034. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2021 is \$34,450,000.

### Electric Bonds Net Revenue Summary

As of June 30, 2021, the total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the 2004 Electric System Revenue COPs, 2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding COPs, the 2013 Electric System Revenue Refunding Bonds, the 2014 Electric System Revenue Refunding bonds, the 2017A Electric System Revenue Refunding bonds and the 2017B Electric System Revenue Refunding bonds was \$207,774,169. As disclosed in the official statements, all net revenues of the Electric System are expected to provide coverage over debt service of 110% over the lives of the Bonds. For fiscal year 2021, net revenues amount to \$69,159,018 which represents coverage of 504% over the \$13,712,507 in debt service.

### e. Interest Rate Swap Agreements

The City entered into interest rate swap agreements in connection with the 2008 Electric Revenue Certificates of Participation (COPs), Series A. Additionally, the South Placer Wastewater Authority (Authority), in which the City has a 64.57 interest, entered into an interest rate swap agreement in connection with the 2008 Refunding Wastewater Revenue Bonds, Series B. The Authority amended the swap with the issuance of the 2017 Bonds, including reducing the notional amount of the swap by \$29.12 million.

These transactions allow the City to create synthetic fixed rates on the COPs and Revenue Bonds, protecting it against increases in short-term interest rates. The terms, fair value and credit risk of the swap agreements are disclosed below.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The Bank of America Merrill Lynch swap related to Electric System Revenue COP was terminated on November 1, 2019, and the Authority's swap was terminated in April 2020.

*Terms.* The terms, including the counterparty credit ratings of the outstanding swaps, as of June 30, 2021, are included below. The swap agreements contain scheduled reductions to the outstanding notional amount that are expected to follow scheduled reductions in the associated bond issues.

	Notional			Credit	Fixed Rate	Variable Rate	Termination
Related Bond Issue	Amount	Effective Date	Counterparty	Rating <sup>(A)</sup>	Paid	Received	Date
2012 Electric System			Morgan Stanley			80% of 1m	
Revenue Refunding COP	\$ 54,000,000	5/13/2008	Capital Services, Inc.	A+	3.321%	LIBOR plus 60	5/1/2023
	\$ 54,000,000					basis points	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(A)</sup>Credit rating by Standard & Poor's Agency.

Based on the swap agreement, the City owes interest calculated at a fixed rate to the counterparty of the swap. In return, the counterparty owes the City interest based on the variable rate that approximates the rate required by the associated COPs. Debt principal is not exchanged; it is only the basis on which the swap receipts and payments are calculated.

Fair value. Fair value of the swaps takes into consideration the prevailing interest rate environment, the specific terms and conditions of each transaction and any upfront payments that may have been received. Hedging derivative instruments are classified as Level 2 and are valued using a discounted cash flow technique, which calculates the future net settlement payments, assuming that current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates (LIBOR or SIFMA). The payments are then discounted using the spot rates (LIBOR or SIFMA) implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement on the swap. As of June 30, 2021, the fair value of the swap was not in favor of the City as follows:

	Fair \	/alue
Related Bond Issue	2021	2020
2012 Electric System Revenue Refunding COP (based on notational amount		
of 2008 Electric System Revenue COP, Series A)		
Morgan Stanley Capital Services Inc.	\$ (10,219,188)	\$ (13,691,174)

Credit Risk. Since the fair values of the swap is negative, the City is not currently exposed to credit risk. The fair value may increase if interest rates increase in the future. Should interest rates increase to the point where the fair values become positive, the City would be exposed to credit risk on the outstanding swaps. The City will be exposed to interest rate risk only if a counterparty to a swap defaults or if the swap is terminated.

Basis Risk. Basis risk is the risk that the interest rate paid by the City on the underlying variable rate bonds to the bondholders temporarily differs from the variable swap rates received from the applicable counterparty. The City bears basis risk on the swaps. The swaps have basis risk since the City receives a percentage of the LIBOR Index to offset the actual variable bond rates the City pays on the underlying COPs and Bonds. The City is exposed to basis risk should the floating rate that it receives on a swap be less than the actual variable rate the City pays on the bonds. Depending on the magnitude and duration of any basis risk shortfall, the expected cost of the basis risk may vary.

Termination Risk. The City may terminate if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The City will be exposed to variable rates if the counterparty to the swap contract defaults or if the swap contract is terminated. A termination of the swap contract may also result in the City's making or receiving a termination payment based on market interest rates at the time of the termination. If at the time of

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

termination, the swap has a negative fair value, the City would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Rollover Risk. Rollover risk is the risk that the swap associated with a debt issue matures or may be terminated prior to the maturity of the associated debt. When the swap terminates or a termination option is exercised by the counterparty, the City will be re-exposed to the risks being hedged by the swap. The would be exposed to rollover risk if the swap terminates before the maturity date.

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2021, debt service requirements of the City's outstanding swap-related variable-rate and fixed rate debt and net swap payments are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary. These payments below are included in the Debt Service Requirements at June 30, 2021:

	Variable-Rate Bonds						
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest	-	nterest rate Swaps, Net	 Total
2022	\$	-	\$	394,092	\$	1,731,571	\$ 2,125,663
2023		2,925,000		385,198		1,692,491	5,002,689
2024		3,420,000		362,346		1,592,084	5,374,430
2025		3,555,000		336,976		6,199,346	10,091,322
2026-2030		19,950,000		1,268,520		2,817,251	24,035,771
2031-2035		24,150,000		468,769		97,361	 24,716,130
Totals	\$	54,000,000	\$	3,215,901	\$	14,130,104	\$ 71,346,005

#### f. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements are shown below for the remaining long-term debt:

			Government	al Ac	tivities						
				Pri۱	ate Placemen	Lease	e and Loans	Total			
Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 290,000	\$	596,588	\$	1,365,945	\$	204,125	\$	1,655,949	\$	800,713
2023	305,000		581,713		1,742,128		174,600		2,047,128		756,313
2024	320,000		566,088		1,770,577		133,964		2,090,577		700,052
2025	335,000		549,713		1,313,822		100,420		1,648,822		650,133
2026	1,955,000		2,471,813		2,726,699		66,226		1,694,080		2,538,039
2027-2031	2,445,000		1,967,456		693,813		134,932		3,432,620		2,102,388
2032-2036	2,980,000		1,421,306		=		4,630		2,896,905		1,425,936
2037-2041	3,685,000		687,694		=		-		3,100,000		687,694
2042-2046	850,000		21,250		-		-		3,865,000		21,250
Totals	13,165,000	\$	8,863,621		9,612,984	\$	818,897		22,777,984	\$	9,682,518
Reconciliation of long-term debt	005.000								005.000		
Add deferred bond premium	695,206			_	-			_	695,206		
Net long-term debt	\$ 13,860,206			<u>\$</u>	9,612,984			\$	23,473,190		

Note 9: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

		Business-T	ype Activities			
			Private Place	To	otal	
Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 23,500,000	\$ 9,448,991	\$ -	\$ 367,416	\$ 23,500,000	\$ 9,816,407
2023	19,775,000	8,364,509	3,044,332	415,601	22,819,332	8,780,110
2024	20,530,000	7,417,611	3,540,884	392,744	24,070,884	7,810,355
2025	21,475,000	6,413,967	3,677,455	367,520	25,152,455	6,781,487
2026	22,385,000	5,465,651	3,814,047	341,357	26,199,047	5,807,008
2027-2031	66,100,000	14,169,386	21,374,846	1,278,901	87,474,846	15,448,287
2032-2036	35,165,000	7,713,588	20,367,865	476,572	55,532,865	8,190,160
2037-2041	15,480,000	619,200	733,755	145,289	16,213,755	764,489
2042-2046	-	-	782,705	96,339	782,705	96,339
2047-2051	-	-	834,921	44,122	834,921	44,122
2052-2056		. <u> </u>	173,552	2,256	173,552	2,256
Totals	224,410,000	\$ 59,612,903	58,344,362	\$ 3,928,117	282,754,362	\$ 63,541,020
Reconciliation of long-term debt						
Add deferred bond premium	13,438,605		-		13,438,605	
Net long-term debt	\$ 237,848,605	-	\$ 58,344,362		\$ 296,192,967	
		=				

## g. Special Assessment Districts

Special Assessment Districts, including Mello Roos Districts, in various parts of the City have issued debt to finance infrastructure improvements and facilities within their boundaries. The City is the collecting and paying agent for the debt issued by these Districts but has no direct or contingent liability or moral obligation for the payment of this debt. Therefore, this debt is not recorded as long-term debt of the City. The outstanding balance of each of these issues as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Maturity	Outstanding
Roseville Fiddyment Ranch Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2017	9/1/2036	\$ 42,480,000
Roseville Fiddyment Ranch Community Facilities District No. 5, Series 2017	9/1/2047	23,670,000
Highland Reserve North Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2006	9/1/2027	12,114,000
Woodcreek East Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2006	9/1/2027	2,731,000
Crocker Ranch Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2007	9/1/2033	13,020,500
Stoneridge East Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2007	9/1/2031	9,940,000
Stoneridge West Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2007	9/1/2031	7,760,000
Stoneridge Parcel 1 Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2007	9/1/2030	1,115,000
Fountains Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2016	9/1/2038	9,815,000
Northeast Community Facilities District No. 2, Series 2012	9/1/2021	790,000
Longmeadow Parkside Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2013	9/1/2036	6,335,000
Westbrook Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2014	9/1/2044	13,925,000
Woodcreek West Community Facilities District No. 1 Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	9/1/2030	9,840,000
North Roseville Community Facilities District No. 1 Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	9/1/2023	4,125,000
Westpark Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2015	9/1/2039	62,345,000
HP Campus Oaks Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2016	9/1/2046	20,995,000
Stone Point Community Facilites District No. 1, Series 2017	9/1/2028	4,285,000
Stone Point Community Facilities District No. 5, Series 2017	9/1/2036	4,205,000
Placer Valley Sports Complex and Tourism Marketing District, Series 2017	8/5/2037	32,159,000
Westbrook Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2018	9/1/2048	11,540,000
Westbrook Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2019	9/1/2049	13,965,000
Diamond Creek Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2019	9/1/2037	4,865,000
Villages at Sierra Vista Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2019	9/1/2049	11,125,000
Roseville Fiddyment Ranch Community Facilities District No. 5, Series 2019	9/1/2049	16,630,000
SVSP Westpark-Federico Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2019	9/1/2049	7,745,000
Villages at Sierra Vista Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2020	9/1/2049	9,835,000
Creekview Community Facilities District No.1, Series 2020	9/1/2050	10,905,000
Ranch at Sierra Vista Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2020	9/1/2050	20,875,000
Roseville Fiddyment Ranch Community Facilities District No. 5, Series 2021	9/1/2049	29,305,000
SVSP Westpark-Federico Community Facilities District No. 1, Series 2021	9/1/2049	8,130,000
Total		\$ 426,569,500

#### Note 10: Derivative Instruments

### a. Summary of Notional Amounts and Fair Values

The City enters into contracts to hedge its price exposures to power and natural gas, and to procure energy supplies. These contracts are evaluated pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, to determine whether they meet the definition of derivative instruments, and, if so, whether they effectively hedge the expected cash flows associated with interest rate and energy exposures.

The City applies hedge accounting for derivatives that are deemed effective hedges. Under hedge accounting, the increase (decrease) in the fair value of a hedge is reported as a deferred inflow or outflow of resources on the statement of net position. For the reporting period, all of the City's derivatives are considered effective hedges.

For energy derivatives, fair values are estimated by comparing contract prices to forward market prices quoted by third party market participants or provided in relevant industry publications.

The following is a summary of the fair values and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding as of June 30, 2021.

	2021 Change	Change in Fair Value Fair Value, End of Fiscal Ye				
	Classification	Amount	Classification	Amount	Notational	Level
Effective Cash Flow Hedges Electric Fund						
Pay Fixed SWAP, Natural Gas	Deferred Outflow	\$ (3,471,986)	Derivative	\$ (10,219,188)	342,000 MWh	2
				\$ (10,219,188)		
Roseville Narual Gas Financing Authority						
Pay Fixed SWAP, Natural Gas	Deferred Inflow	\$ 45,090,068	Derivative	\$ 10,870,353	34,513,500 mmBtu 76,000-372,000	2
Receive Fixed SWAP, Natural Gas	Deferred Outflow	(10,370,746)	Derivative	69,607,471	monthly mmBtu	2
				\$ 80,477,824		

### b. Objective and Terms of Hedging Derivative Instruments

The objectives and terms of the City's hedging derivative instruments that were outstanding at June 30, 2021, are summarized in the next table. The table is aggregated by the credit ratings of the City's counterparties. For counterparties having multiple ratings, the rating indicating the greatest degree of risk is used.

Objectives and terms of the City's hedging derivative instruments that were outstanding at June 30, 2021 are summarized in the table below:

Type and Objective	Notational Amount	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	Counterparty	Rating
Forward Contracts, Gas:						
Hedge Cash Flows on PG&E citygate Gas	615,000 mmBtu	7/1/2020	8/31/2021	Pay \$4.10; Receive NGI PG&E citygate price	BP Energy	A2
Hedge Cash Flows on PG&E citygate Gas	1,372,500 mmBtu	8/1/2021	6/30/2022	Pay \$3.54; Receive NGI PG&E citygate price	EDF Trading North America	Baa2
Hedge Cash Flows on PG&E citygate Gas	2,282,500 mmBtu	8/1/2021	3/31/2022	Pay \$3.24; Receive NGI PG&E citygate price	J Aron & Company	A2
Hedge Cash Flows on PG&E citygate Gas	4,040,000 mmBtu	8/1/2021	6/30/2022	Pay \$3.14; Receive NGI PG&E citygate price	Macquarie Energy	A2
Forward Contracts, Power:						
Hedge Cash Flows on NP15 Power	100,425 MWh	7/1/2021	12/31/2021	Average Cost/Unit at \$4.00	Conoco Phillips	A3
Hedge Cash Flows on NP15 Power	92,000 MWh	7/1/2021	3/31/2022	Average Cost/Unit at \$4.00	EDF Trading North America	Baa2
Hedge Cash Flows on NP15 Power	64,600 MWh	9/1/2021	6/30/2023	Average Cost/Unit at \$3.00	Exelon Generation	Baa2
Hedge Cash Flows on NP15 Power	30,800 MWh	7/1/2022	9/30/2022	Average Cost/Unit at \$5.00	J Aron	A2
Hedge Cash Flows on NP15 Power	122,800 MWh	1/1/2022	12/31/2022	Average Cost/Unit at \$3.00	Macquarie Energy	A2
Commodity Swaps, Gas:						
Prepayment 20-year supply of Natural Gas	20,426,500 mmBtu	1/1/2008	12/31/2027	Pay index minus 0.68; Receive NGI	Merryll Lynch	Aa3
	From 75,000 to					
Hedge on Cash Flows on prepayment of	372,000 mmBtu per			Pay NGI PG&E citygate price; Receive		
20-year supply of Natural Gas	month	1/24/2007	1/24/2028	&7.7224 per mmBtu	JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA	Aa2

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 10: Derivative Instruments (Continued)

#### c. Risks of Derivative Instruments

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on its obligations. The City seeks to minimize credit risk by transacting with creditworthy counterparties. Interest rate swap counterparties are evaluated at the time of transaction execution. The procedure prohibits the City from executing energy hedge transactions with counterparties rated lower than BBB by Standard & Poor's or Fitch rating services, or Baa2 by Moody's. Subsequent to entering into transactions, the credit ratings of one or more counterparties may deteriorate. If so, the City's credit risk management policies increase the amount of collateral that the counterparty must post with the City when the counterparty owes the City, thereby reducing credit risk associated with the decline in the counterparty's credit worthiness.

Termination risk – Termination risk is the risk that a derivative will terminate prior to its scheduled maturity due to a contractual event. Contractual events include bankruptcy, illegality, default, and mergers in which the successor entity does not meet credit criteria. One aspect of termination risk is that the City would lose the hedging benefit of a derivative that becomes subject to a termination event. Another aspect of termination risk is that, if at the time of termination, the mark-to-market value of the derivative was a liability to the City, the City could be required to pay that amount to the counterparty. Termination risk is associated with all of the City's derivatives up to the fair value amounts.

#### Note 11: Net Position and Fund Balances

#### a. Fund Balance and Net Position Deficits

The City reported the following deficit net position and fund balances:

The School-Age Child Care Fund had a deficit net position of at June 30, 2021 of \$14,547,099. The City is evaluating the operations of this fund to ensure that service rates are sufficient to cover operations.

The Golf Fund had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2021 of \$3,161,119. The City is expecting to eliminate this deficit with future program revenues and transfers from the general fund.

The Roseville Finance Authority debt service fund had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2021 of \$51,470. The City is expecting to eliminate this deficit with future transfers from other funds.

The Information Technology Fund had deficit net position at June 30, 2021 of \$4,383,007. The City is expecting to eliminate this deficit through future internal service rates.

# Note 11: Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

# b. Classifications

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of June 30, 2021, are below:

				apital Projects Fund munity Facilities		Non-Major		
Fund Balance Classification  Nonspendable:		General Fund		District	Gove	rnmental Funds		Total
Items not in spendable form:								
Prepaids	\$	93,663	\$		\$	15,690	\$	109,353
Notes receivable	Þ	,	Ф	-	Ф	15,690	ф	•
		11,356,595		-		-		11,356,595
Advances		5,461,850		-		-		5,461,850
Inventories		228,590		<u>-</u>		45.000		228,590
Subtotal		17,140,698		-		15,690		17,156,388
Amounts required to be maintainded intact:						47.074.744		47.074.744
Permanent funds		-		-		17,271,714		17,271,714
Total nonspendable fund balances		17,140,698		-		17,287,404		34,428,102
Restriced for:								
Community facilities districts		-		20,313,927		-		20,313,927
Landscape and lightening		-		-		14,725,659		14,725,659
Street projects		-		-		15,476,642		15,476,642
Affordable housing		-		-		14,349,469		14,349,469
Technology replacement		-		-		2,228,091		2,228,091
Local access television		-		-		1,959,737		1,959,737
Public safety services and projects		-		-		1,106,496		1,106,496
Open space maintenace		-		-		917,650		917,650
Traffic projects		-		_		33,779,898		33,779,898
Federal grant programs		_		_		7,545,620		7,545,620
Wildlife preservation		-		_		1,296,057		1,296,057
Community development		_		_		1,467,780		1,467,780
Tree propagation		_		_		2,090,959		2,090,959
Aquatics complex maintenance		_		_		572,702		572,702
Other capital projects						78,607,082		78,607,082
Total restricted fund balances	_	-		20,313,927		176,123,842		196,437,769
0								
Committed to:		45 000 405						45 000 405
Emergency reserve		15,806,405		-		-		15,806,405
Economic Stabilization Reserve		16,139,971		-				16,139,971
Total committed fund balances		31,946,376		-		-		31,946,376
Assigned to:								
Annual parks and recreation facility maintenance		806,214		-		-		806,214
Police operations and supplies		265,680		-		-		265,680
Fire operations and supplies		111,138		-		-		111,138
Development services		54,407		-		-		54,407
Public works projects		152,683		-		-		152,683
Housing projects		226,724		-		-		226,724
Various contracts		34,180		-		-		34,180
Building and general rehabilitation projects		, <u> </u>		_		9,249,174		9,249,174
Total assigned fund balances		1,651,026				9,249,174		10,900,200
Unassigned:								
General Fund		67,910,699						67,910,699
Other governmental fund deficit residuals		01,00		-		(3,212,589)		
Total unassigned fund balances		67 040 600						(3,212,589)
•	•	67,910,699	Φ.	20 242 027	•	(3,212,589)	•	64,698,110
Total fund balances	\$	118,648,799	\$	20,313,927	\$	199,447,831	\$	338,410,557

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 11: Net Position and Fund Balances (Continued)

### c. Emergency Reserve

The city maintains an Emergency Reserve Committed Fund Balance that is set at a minimum of 10% of budgeted General Fund operating expenditures. Appropriations from the Emergency Reserve may only be made by a vote of the City Council to meet a critical, unpredictable financial need such as a declared emergency.

#### d. Stabilization Reserve

The City also maintains a Stabilization Reserve reported as part of the committed fund balance. The stabilization reserve is equal to 15% of budgeted General Fund operating expenditures as the target reserve level.

Appropriations may only be made by a vote of the City Council in the event of temporary revenue shortfalls caused by an economic downturn.

#### Note 12: Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions – Substantially all full-time City employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Plans, agent-multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and may be amended by City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at the measurement date, are summarized as follows:

	Safety				
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	After January 1, 2013			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 54			
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	3.000%	2.000% - 2.700%			
Required employee contribution rates	9.000%	12.250% (Police) & 13.250% (Fire)			
Required normal employer contribution rates	24.061%	24.537% (Police) & 26.504% (Fire)			
Required employer payment of unfunded liability	\$6,862,594	\$ -			
	Misc	ellaneous			
Hire date	Prior to January 1, 2013	After January 1, 2013			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50 - 55	52 - 67			
Monthly benefits, as a % of annual salary	2.0% - 2.7%	1.0% - 2.5%			
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	6.250%			
Required normal employer contribution rates	10.847%	12.500%			
Required employer payment of unfunded liability	\$15,938,108	\$ -			

Employees Covered – As of the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Miscellaneous	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	756	213
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	746	76
Active employees	1015	220
Total	2517	509

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the employer contributions recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Rate Plan and Safety Rate Plan were \$23,130,931 and \$15,077,558, respectively.

## Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

### **Net Pension Liability**

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2020, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020. The net pension liability and related deferred outflows/inflows of resources are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities net pension liability is liquidated primarily by the General Fund. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability are described below and in the following pages.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2020 Entry Age Normal Cost Method **Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions** Discount Rate 7.15% Inflation 2.50% Payroll Growth 3.00% Projected Salary Increase 3.3% - 14.2% (1) Investment Rate of Return 7.15% (2) Mortality (3) Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all funds

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation
- (3) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense an inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, CalPERS took into account both short and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class 1	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 <sup>2</sup>	Years 11+ <sup>3</sup>
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.0	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13.0	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.0	-	(0.92)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the Basic Financial Statement, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-Term Investment; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent for each plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the district's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Subsequent Events- Discount Rate – On November 15, 2021, the CalPERS Board of Administration selected a new asset allocation mix that will guide the fund's investment portfolio for the next for years, while at the same time retaining the current target rate of return. The Board also approved adding 5 percent leverage to increase investment diversification. The new asset allocation takes effect July 1, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

# **Changes in the Net Pension Liability**

The changes in the net pension liability for each Plan as of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 follows:

Miscellaneous Plan:	Increase(Decrease)					
		Pension oility (a)		an Fiduciary t Position (b)		let Pension Liability a) - (b) = (c)
Balances as of June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$ 70	8,947,152	\$	461,423,549	\$	247,523,603
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	1	4,943,938		-		14,943,938
Interest on total pension liability	5	0,429,001		-		50,429,001
Differences between expected and actual experience		5,475,145		-		5,475,145
Contribution - employer		-		24,661,517		(24,661,517)
Contribution - employee		-		6,469,454		(6,469,454)
Net investment income		-		23,210,947		(23,210,947)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(3	3,187,110)		(33,187,110)		-
Administrative expenses				(650,494)		650,494
Net changes	3	7,660,974		20,504,314		17,156,660
Balances as of June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$ 74	6,608,126	\$	481,927,863	\$	264,680,263
Safety Plan:		lı	ncre	ase(Decrease)		
					Ν	let Pension
	Total	Pension		an Fiduciary		Liability
	Liab	ility (a)	Ne	t Position (b)	(	a) - (b) = (c)
Balances as of June 30, 2019 (Measurement Date)	\$ 35	4,908,468	\$	243,587,781	\$	111,320,687
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		9,042,832		-		9,042,832
Interest on total pension liability	2	5,312,431		-		25,312,431
Differences between expected and actual experience		2,619,056		-		2,619,056
Contribution - employer		-		13,409,112		(13,409,112)
Contribution - employee		-		2,754,718		(2,754,718)
Net investment income		-		12,273,184		(12,273,184)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(1	6,057,838)		(16,057,838)		-
Administrative expenses				(343,399)		343,399
Net changes	2	0,916,481		12,035,777		8,880,704
Balances as of June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	37	5,824,949		255,623,558		120,201,391
Total of both miscellaneous and safety plans	\$ 1,12	2,433,075	\$	737,551,421	\$	384,881,654

### Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the City for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
1% Decrease	6.15%	6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 365,827,245	\$ 176,379,558	\$ 542,206,803
Current Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 264,680,263	\$ 120,201,391	\$ 384,881,654
1% Increase	8.15%	8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 181,102,502	\$ 74,650,239	\$ 255,752,741

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$41,763,759 in the Miscellaneous Plan and \$18,702,426 in the Safety Plan. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous				
	Defe	Deferred Outflows		ferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	27,226,777	\$	-	
Changes of assumption		-		1,530,736	
Difference between expected and actual experience		10,843,310		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments		3,491,190		_	
Total	\$	41,561,277	\$	1,530,736	
		Sat	fety		
	Defe	erred Outflows	Def	ferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of	Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	15,061,145	\$	-	
Changes of assumption		5,669,182		2,597,125	
Difference between expected and actual experience		4,804,191		1,350,681	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on plan investments		2,085,200		_	
Total		27,619,718		3,947,806	
. 513.		,,			
Total Primary Government	\$	69,180,995	\$	5,478,542	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 12: Pension Plans (Continued)

The amount of \$27,226,777 in the miscellaneous plan and \$15,061,145 in the safety plan reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows					
					7	otal primary
Year ended June 30:	М	iscellaneous		Safety		government
2022	\$	2,368,444	\$	2,606,671	\$	4,975,115
2023		4,825,566		2,625,179		7,450,745
2024		3,683,084		1,683,839		5,366,923
2025		1,926,670		1,501,072		3,427,742
2026		-		194,006		194,006
	\$	12,803,764	\$	8,610,767	\$	21,414,531

### Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits

#### **Plan Description**

The City provides medical benefits to substantially all retirees under the City of Roseville Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan), a sole employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the Trust Investment Review Committee. The City is responsible for establishing and amending the funding policy of the Plan. The Plan financial statements can be obtained at www.roseville.ca.us or by contacting the City of Roseville Accounting Division at 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, California 95678.

Benefits Provided – The Plan provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the Plan. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City labor agreements, which are approved by the City Council.

*Employees Covered By Benefit Terms* – As of measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Number of
	Covered
	Participants
Active	1343
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	826
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	63
Total	2,232

Contributions – The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City Council establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City contributed \$15,353,152 to the Plan.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

## **Net OPEB Liability**

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date Measurement Date Contribution Policy	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2021 Pre-Funded with pay-go plus a percent of pay which
Discount Rate Expected Long-Term Rate of Return	varies by employee group 6.00% Same as discount rate - expected City contributions projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits from trust
General Inflation Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	2.75% per annum CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Mortality Improvement Salary Increases	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019 Aggregate 3% Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Healtheare Participation	Medicare - 6.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
Healthcare Participation	Tier 1: 100% Tier 2 & 3 RFF: 80% at 50% of cap to 100% at 100% of cap Tier 3 Non-RFF & Tier 4: 60%

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class Component	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60%	4.65%
Fixed Income	40%	0.78%
	100%	
Assumed long-term rate of inflation	on	2.75%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of	Return, Rounded	6.00%

## Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### **Changes In Net OPEB Liability**

	Total OPEB Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2020 (Measurement Date)	\$ 225,754,000	\$ 109,681,210	\$ 116,072,790
Service cost	5,414,588	-	5,414,588
Interest on total pension liability	14,125,117	-	14,125,117
Changes in assumptions	7,744,727	-	7,744,727
Contribution - employer*	-	15,353,152	(15,353,152)
Net investment income	-	28,457,424	(28,457,424)
Benefit payments	(10,333,464)	(10,333,464)	-
Administrative expenses		(81,197)	81,197
Net changes	16,950,968	33,395,915	(16,444,947)
Balances as of June 30, 2021 (Measurement Date)	\$ 242,704,968	\$ 143,077,125	\$ 99,627,843

<sup>\*</sup> Contributions to the trust of \$5,019,688 plus \$8,099,464 cash benefit payments and \$2,234,000 implied subsidy benefit payments by the City.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.00 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (7.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Disc	ount Rate - 1%	Current	: Discount Rate	Discount Rate +1%		
		(5.00%)		(6.00%)		(7.00%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	135,097,316	\$	99,627,843	\$	70,894,437	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6 percent decreasing to 4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8 percent decreasing to 6 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% De	ecreasing (6.5%	Curre	nt Rate (7.5%	1% Increasing (8.5%				
	decr	decreasing to 3%)		decreasing to 4%)		decreasing to 4%)		decreasing to 5%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	72,770,355	\$	99,627,843	\$	126,159,118			

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued City of Roseville Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust financial report.

### Note 13: Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$3,102,466. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Change of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	- 11,304,684	\$	25,597,000 4,119,000
on pension plan investments				17,534,945
Total	\$	11,304,684	\$	47,250,945

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows/			
		(Inflows) of		
Year ended June 30:		Resources		
2022	\$	(9,516,443)		
2023		(9,316,443)		
2024		(8,420,443)		
2025		(6,376,444)		
2026		(2,084,957)		
Thereafter		(231,531)		
	\$	(35,946,261)		

## Note 14: Post-Employment Benefits Trust

#### **Plan Description**

Plan administration –The City of Roseville Retiree Healthcare Plan (Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB), including medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Management of the plan is vested with the Trust Investment Review Committee (Committee). The Committee consists of nine members appointed by the City Manager. It includes one member from each of the City's employee labor bargaining groups (5), one retiree, one investment professional, the City Human Resource Director, and the City Treasurer (Assistant City Manager/Chief Financial Officer).

The City has delegated authority of the OPEB trust to PFM Asset Management LLC (PFM), per the trust agreement. Upon signing the agreement, PFM has been deemed to have executed the Trust and during the term of this Agreement, PFM further agreed to serve as a discretionary trustee, with fiduciary oversight and authority over the operations and management of the Trust.

### Note 14: Post-Employment Benefits Trust (Continued)

Plan membership – At June 30, 2021, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

	Number of
	Covered
	Participants
Active	1343
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	826
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	63
Total	2,232

Benefits Provided – The Plan provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the Plan. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by City labor agreements, which are approved by the City Council.

Contributions – The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The Council establishes rates based on an actuarially determined rate. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the City made contributions of \$5,019,688 plus \$8,099,464cash benefit payments and \$2,234,000 implied subsidy benefit payments by the City. Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$0.

### Investments Authorized for the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund

The authorized investments for the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust (Trust) were established pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The City, as trustee, has elected to invest the Trust assets in up to six months of cash, cash equivalent and/or money market funds for near term Trust benefits and expenses. All remaining assets will be invested in longer-term securities and shall be diversified with the intent to minimize the risk of long-term investment losses. Consequently, the total portfolio will be constructed and maintained to provide diversification with regard to the concentration of holdings in individual issues, issuers, countries, governments or industries. To achieve the Trust's investment objectives and the best balance between risk and return for optimal diversification, assets will be invested in accordance with the targets for each asset class as follows to attempt to achieve a long-term average total annual rate of return that is equal to or greater than the Trust's actuarial discount rate as described above.

	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class Component	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	60%	4.65%
Fixed Income	40%	0.78%
	100%	
Assumed long-term rate of inflation	on	2.75%
Expected Long-Term Net Rate of	Return, Rounded	6.00%

Rate of return – For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 5.75 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 14: Post-Employment Benefits Trust (Continued)

#### **Net OPEB Liability of The City**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

Total OPEB Liability\$ 242,704,968Plan Fiduciary Net Position143,077,125City's Net OPEB Liability\$ 99,627,843

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a

Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability 58.95%

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Contribution Policy Pre-Funded with pay-go plus a percent of pay which

varies by employee group

Discount Rate 6.00%

Expected Long-Term Rate of Return Same as discount rate - expected City contributions

projected to keep sufficient plan assets to pay all benefits

from trust

General Inflation 2.75% per annum

Mortality, Retirement, Disability, CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Termination

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2019

Salary Increases Aggregate 3%

Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Medical Trend Non-Medicare - 7.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate

rate of 4.0% in 2076

Medicare - 6.5% for 2020, decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 4.0% in 2076

Healthcare Participation Tier 1: 100%

Tier 2 & 3 RFF: 80% at 50% of cap to 100% at 100% of

cap

Tier 3 Non-RFF & Tier 4: 60%

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see the discussion of the Plan's investment policy).

### Note 14: Post-Employment Benefits Trust (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.00 percent) than the current discount rate:

	Disco	ount Rate - 1%	Current	t Discount Rate	Disc	ount Rate +1%
		(5.00%)		(6.00%)		(7.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	135,097,316	\$	99,627,843	\$	70,894,437

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent decreasing to 4.00 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (8.00 percent decreasing to 6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% De	creasing (6.5%	Curre	ent Rate (7.5%	1% Increasing (8.5%		
	decre	decreasing to 3%)		decreasing to 4%)		decreasing to 5%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	72,770,355	\$	99,627,843	\$	126,159,118	

## Note 15: Risk Management

The City manages risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member agencies. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member agencies beyond their representation on that board.

Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

The contributions made to the risk pools below equal the ratio of the respective member payrolls to the total payrolls of all entities participating in the same layer of each program, in each program year. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

## a. Risk Coverage

## General Liability, Property and Boiler and Machinery

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) which covers general liability claims, property, and boiler and machinery losses. Once the City's self-insured retention (SIR) is met, CJPRMA becomes responsible for payment of all claims up to the limit. Financial statements for the risk pool and more information may be obtained from CJPRMA, 3201 Doolan Road, Suite 285, Livermore, California 94551.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 15: Risk Management (Continued)

#### **General Liability Coverage**

The City has a SIR of \$500,000 per claim up to a \$40,000,000 limit. The City's premium was \$1,008,371.

#### **Property Coverage**

CJPRMA has purchased commercial insurance against property damage, boiler and machinery claims. The City has a SIR of \$25,000 per claim up to a \$400,000,000 limit. The City's premium for coverage is \$528,646.

## **Roseville Energy Park Property Coverage**

The City purchased commercial property insurance specifically to cover the Roseville Energy Park. The City has a SIR of \$250,000 per claim up to a \$200,000,000 limit. The City's premium for coverage is \$658,399.

### **Fiduciary Coverage**

The City purchased fiduciary insurance specifically to cover the OPEB Trust. The SIR is \$25,000 per claim up to a \$3,000,000 limit. The City's premium for coverage is \$35,419.

#### Workers' Compensation

The City is also a member of the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority (LAWCX), which covers workers' compensation claims up to \$5,000,000 and has excess coverage through CSAC-EIA up to the statutory limit. The City has a SIR of \$500,000 per claim. The total premium charged to the City was \$1,220,000.

Financial statements for the risk pool and more information may be obtained from LAWCX, 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95833.

#### b. Insurance Internal Service Funds

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires municipalities to record their liability for uninsured claims and to reflect the current portion of this liability as an expense in their financial statements. As discussed above, the City has coverage for such claims, but it has retained the risk for the deductible or uninsured portion of these claims.

The change in the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund's claims liability, including claims incurred but not reported is based on an independent actuarial study prepared annually and was computed as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2021	2020
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 8,094,420	\$ 8,605,040
Current year claims	3,402,000	3,257,000
Change in prior year claims	(90,266)	(827,098)
Claims paid, current year claims	(590, 188)	(356,462)
Claims paid, prior year claims	(2,114,885)	(2,584,060)
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 8,701,081	\$ 8,094,420
Current claims liabilities	\$ 2,175,270	\$ 1,537,940

## Note 15: Risk Management (Continued)

The City's liability for uninsured general liability claims, including claims incurred but not reported in the General Liability Internal Service Fund. The liability is based on an independent actuarial study prepared annually and was computed as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2021	2020
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 1,728,514	\$ 1,601,748
Current year claims	1,124,000	607,000
Change in prior year claims	273,935	103,821
Claims paid, current year claims	(193,098)	(54,741)
Claims paid, prior year claims	(1,053,561)	(529,314)
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 1,879,790	\$ 1,728,514
Current claims liabilities	\$ 601,533	\$ 518,554

Claims have not exceeded coverage during the last three years.

#### Note 16: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA)

#### a. General

The City participates in joint ventures through Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, these JPAs exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreement, including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Obligations and liabilities of the JPAs are not those of the City.

Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of representatives from each member agency. Each board controls the operations of its respective JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member agencies beyond their representation on the Board.

The City is a member of NCPA, a joint powers agency which operates under a joint powers agreement among fifteen public agencies. The purpose of NCPA is to use the combined strength of its members to purchase, generate, sell and interchange electric energy and capacity through the acquisition and use of electrical generation and transmission facilities, and to optimize the use of those facilities and the member's position in the industry. Each agency member has agreed to fund a pro rata share of certain assessments by NCPA and certain members have entered into take-or-pay power supply contracts with NCPA. While NCPA is governed by its members, none of its obligations are those of its members unless expressly assumed by them.

The City receives no income from NCPA, and does not participate in all of its projects. Further, NCPA does not measure or determine the City's equity in NCPA as a whole. NCPA reports only the City's share of its General Operating Reserve, comprised of cash and investments, and the City's share of those Projects in which the City is a participant. These amounts are reflected in the financial statements as Investment in NCPA Reserve.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City incurred expenses totaling \$5,352,544 for purchased power, regulatory and legislature assessments, association dues and prepaid assets paid to NCPA.

### Note 16: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) (Continued)

The City's interest in certain NCPA Projects and Reserve, as computed by NCPA using unaudited information, is set forth below:

	Ju	ne 30, 2021
General operating reserve (including advances)	\$	3,974,683
Associated member services (including advances)		85,739
Undivided equity interest, at cost, in certain NCPA power projects:		
Geothermal projects		509,432
Calveras hydroelectric project		419,706
Combustion turbine project no. 2		169,068
	\$	5,158,628

The General Operating Reserve (GOR) is an additional operating reserve for non-budgeted items that are contingent or non-specific. Deposits to the GOR include items such as the City's portion of funds which resulted from the settlement with third parties of issues with financial consequences and reconciliations of prior years' budgets for programs. It is recognized that all the funds credited to the City are linked to the collection of revenue from the City's ratepayers, or to the settlement of disputes relating to electric power supply and that the money was collected from the City's ratepayers to pay power bills. Additionally, the NCPA Commission identified and approved the funding of specific reserves for working capital, accumulated employees post-retirement medical benefits, and billed property taxes for the geothermal project. The Commission also identified a number of contingent liabilities that may or may not be realized, the cost of which in most cases is difficult to estimate at this time. One such contingent liability is the steam field depletion which will require funding to cover debt service and operational costs in excess of the expected value of the electric power. The General Operating Reserve is intended to minimize the number and amount of individual reserves needed for each project, protect NCPA's financial condition and maintain its credit worthiness. These funds are available on demand, but the City maintains funds with NCPA as a reserve against these contingencies identified by NCPA.

Members of NCPA may participate in an individual project of NCPA without obligation for any other project. Member assessments collected for one project may not be used to finance other projects of NCPA without the member's permission.

#### b. Projects

#### Geothermal Projects

NCPA's Geothermal Project has experienced a greater than originally anticipated decline in steam production from geothermal wells on its leasehold property. NCPA will continue to monitor the wells while pursuing alternatives for improving and extending reservoir performance, including supplemental water reinjection, plant equipment modifications, and changes in operating methodology. NCPA, along with other steam field operators, has observed a substantial increase in steam production in the vicinity of reinjection wells and is attempting to increase water reinjection at strategic locations. NCPA, together with other steam developers and the Lake County Sanitation District, has completed the construction of a wastewater pipeline project that greatly increased the amount of water available for reinjection.

Based on an internal assessment of the melded costs of power from the Geothermal Project and all other resources available to the members, NCPA believes its members will continue to be able to operate their electric utilities on a competitive basis, when compared to local investor-owned utility rates, while meeting all electric system obligations including those to NCPA. In March 2009, NCPA issued \$35,610,000 Geothermal Project Number 3 Revenue Bonds (2009 Series A). The proceeds were used to finance and operate the two NCPA 110 MW geothermal steam powered generating plants, Plant Number 1 and Plant

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 16: Northern California Power Agency (NCPA) (Continued)

Number 2. In 2012, NCPA issued \$12,910,000 in bonds for Plant Number 1 turbine upgrades. The City is obligated to pay its contractual share of 7.883 percent of the operating costs and debt service until it is fully satisfied, regardless of resulting cost or availability of energy. At June 30, 2021, the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$136,571,820 while its long-term debt totaled \$15,505,000 and other liabilities totaled \$114,608,477. The City's share of the Project's long-term debt amounted to \$1,222,259 at that date.

On October 28, 2004, NCPA approved a resolution to finance the expansion and remodeling of the NCPA main office building located in Roseville. The expansion is included as part of the Geothermal Projects funded by the bonds mentioned above. The City will recover its 7.883 percent share of the cost of the expansion which was \$204,958, with a 5 percent return on the investment over a ten year period. The City has fully recovered its costs associated with this project.

#### Calaveras Hydroelectric Project

In July 1981, NCPA agreed with Calaveras County Water District to purchase the output of the North Fork Stanislaus River Hydroelectric Development Project and to finance its construction. Debt service payments to NCPA began in February 1990 when the project was declared substantially complete and power was delivered to the participants. Under its power purchase agreement with NCPA, the City is obligated to pay 12% of this Project's debt service and operating costs. In March 2018, NCPA refunded a portion of the outstanding Revenue Bonds with the \$70,215,000 2018 Hydroelectric Project Number One

Revenue Bonds. The City's share of the 2018 bonds is 4.586%. In April 2019, NCPA refunded a portion of the outstanding Revenue Bonds with the \$39,250,000 2019 Hydroelectric Project Number One Revenue Bonds. At June 30, 2021, the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$303,750,805 while its long-term debt totaled \$255,822,613 and other liabilities totaled \$44,430,637. The City's share of the Project's long-term debt amounted to \$25,946,605 at that date.

#### Combustion Turbine Project No. 2 (Steam Injected Gas Turbine Project)

The City is a participant in a 49.8 megawatt Steam Injected Gas Turbine project which was built under turnkey contract near the City of Lodi and declared substantially complete on April 23, 1996. In October 1992, NCPA issued \$152,320,000 of Multiple Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds to finance this project. In January 2010, NCPA refinanced the outstanding Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds by the issuance of the \$55,120,000 Capital Facilities Revenue Bonds Series A (2010 Refunding Series A). Under the NCPA power purchase agreement, the City is obligated to pay 36.50 percent of the debt service and operating costs for the Lodi unit.

The City's participation in procurement of natural gas for fuel for existing and new combustion turbine units was approved in 1993. Although there is currently no additional debt financing, the City and NCPA have committed to long-term payments for gas transmission pipeline capacity, and entered a purchase contract for natural gas. The City is obligated to pay 17.9218 percent of the natural gas purchase contract.

At June 30, 2021, the book value of this Project's plant, equipment and other assets was \$22,057,438, while its long-term debt totaled \$19,315,661 and other liabilities totaled \$2,278,578. The City's share of the Project's long-term debt amounted to \$7,050,216 at that date.

### c. NCPA Financial Information

NCPA's financial statements can be obtained from NCPA, 651 Commerce Drive, Roseville, California 95678.

#### Note 17: South Placer Wastewater Authority

The City is a member of the South Placer Wastewater Authority (SPWA), a joint powers agency which operates under a joint powers agreement among three public agencies, the City of Roseville, South Placer Municipal Utility District and Placer County. The purpose of SPWA is to provide for the planning, financing, acquisition, construction and operation of the Regional Wastewater Facilities. Under the terms of the amended and restated funding agreement, effective October 1, 2012, the City will own and operate the Regional Wastewater Facilities and the member agencies will share the operating costs of the Facilities after construction is complete. The Regional Wastewater Facilities include the Dry Creek Plant and the Pleasant Grove Plant.

Under the terms of the Reallocation and Repayment Agreement, effective October 1, 2012, the three agencies are responsible for the repayment of all the revenue bonds. The City's share of this obligation was 61.66 percent but with the second amendment to the funding agreement discussed below, the City's obligation is now 64.57 percent.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the City paid \$16,601,916 to SPWA based on connection fees collected during the fiscal year.

The City records its share of income and expenses from SPWA in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund and these changes are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. During the fiscal year, the City changed the method for recording its investment in SPWA reserves to record a net investment, which captures the City's portion of cash, investments, long term debt and other related items. The City's net investment in SPWA Reserves at June 30, 2021, was a liability of \$13,227,399, which includes the City's rate stabilization fund balance of \$47,345,557.

SPWA's financial statements can be obtained from the City of Roseville, 311 Vernon Street, Roseville, California, 95678.

#### Note 18: Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Post Closure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require that the City perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the Roseville sanitary landfill site, which is closed, through the year 2024. Accordingly, the City has recorded a liability and expense in the Solid Waste Enterprise Fund for the estimated post closure care cost. The recorded amount is based on applicable state and local laws and regulations concerning closure and post closure care. If additional post closure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example), these costs may result in increased charges to future landfill users or the usage of future tax revenues. During fiscal year 2021, the changes of landfill closure liabilities were as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 1,084,633
Deductions	(300, 255)
Ending Balance	\$ 784,378

## Note 19: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

### a. NCPA, Transmission Agency of Northern California, and Western Area Power Administration

Under the terms of its NCPA joint venture agreement, the City is contingently liable for a portion of the bonded indebtedness issued by these agencies under take-or-pay or similar agreements, as discussed in Note 16. The City's estimated share of such debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, was \$34,219,080. Under certain circumstances, the City may also be responsible for a portion of the costs of operating these entities. Under certain circumstances, such as default or bankruptcy of other participants, the City may also be liable

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 19: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

to pay a portion of the debt of these joint ventures on behalf of the other participants.

The City is a member of the Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC), a joint powers agency. The City is entitled to 2.1119 percent of TANC's share of transfer capability in the California-Oregon Transmission Project (approximately 29.35MW). The City is responsible for a share of debt service on debt issued by TANC under a take-or-pay agreement, approximately \$400,000 annually through 2039. The City's estimated share of debt outstanding at June 30, 2021, was \$3,878,289.

In addition, the City has a long-term obligation to the United States Department of Energy, Western Area Power Administration, for 4.58533 percent of the output of the Central Valley Project, California. This contract, also known as the Western Base Resource, obligates the City to make payments on a take-or-pay basis through December 31, 2024. The City expects to pay approximately \$4 million annually for the term of this contract. The City receives approximately 155,000 MWh of energy per year under average hydro and storage conditions.

#### b. Federal and State Grant Programs

The City participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the federal Single Audit Act as amended and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits; however, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## c. Litigation

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation, other than disclosed above, which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

### d. Encumbrances

The City uses an encumbrance system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for governmental funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance, depending on the classification of the resources to be used to liquidate the encumbrance, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end may be re-appropriated for the following year. Unencumbered and unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding as of June 30, 2021, by individual major funds and non-major funds in total were as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

 General Fund
 \$ 1,819,302

 Non-Major Governmental Funds
 17,910,881

 Total Encumbrances
 \$ 19,730,183

### Note 19: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities (Continued)

#### e. Other Commitments

The City had the following outstanding significant commitments at June 30, 2021:

Projects	ı	n Millions
Natural Gas Forward Obligations	\$	50.9
Roseville Energy Park Long-Term Service Agreement		36.5
Renewable Power Purchase Obligations		31.3
Net Power Purchase Contracts		5.5
Pleasant Grove Wastewater Treatment Plan Expansion		21.3
Aquifer Storage and Recovery Wells 1 and 2		9.7
West Side Tank and Pump Station		9.2
2017 Arterial Resurfacing		6.3

## Note 20: Gas Supply Acquisitions and Resale

The City operates certain electrical generating plants which provide power for sale to the public and needs reliable, economic supplies of natural gas to generate the needed electricity. In pursuit of that objective the City and its component unit, the former City of Roseville Redevelopment Agency formed the Roseville Natural Gas Financing Authority (Authority) for the purpose of acquiring, financing and supplying natural gas to the City.

Summarized below are various agreements entered into by the Authority to achieve its purpose.

### a. Prepaid Gas Agreement

Pursuant to an Agreement for the Purchase and Sale of Natural Gas dated January 24, 2007, the Authority used a portion of the proceeds of its \$209,350,000 of Gas Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (the Bonds) to prepay Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc. (Gas Supplier) for a twenty year supply of natural gas. Commencing January 1, 2008, and continuing through December 31, 2027, the Gas Supplier is obligated to deliver daily contract quantities of natural gas on a firm basis to the designated delivery point. Daily contract quantities vary from month to month but not from year to year. This commitment totals 2,352,000 MMBtus (millions of British thermal units) per year or 47,040,000 MMBtus for the twenty year contract period. The Authority has recorded a Prepaid Natural Gas asset which is to be amortized as daily contract quantities are delivered.

The agreement provides for payments to be made by the Gas Supplier if it fails to deliver the daily contract quantities and may be terminated by the Authority in the event of non-performance by the Supplier. The Agreement will automatically terminate if there is a termination of the Commodity Swap (See Note 20 D) which is not due to default by the Authority or if there is an event of default under the swap agreement entered into by the Gas Supplier and a third party. Upon early termination, whether due to the above or due to any other optional termination event as defined in the agreement, the Gas Supplier is required to make a termination payment to the Authority that is expected to be sufficient, together with other available funds, to redeem the Bonds. The Gas Supplier's commitments under this agreement are guaranteed by its parent company, Merrill Lynch & Co. Inc. under a guarantee agreement with the Authority.

As of June 30, 2021, the book value of prepaid gas under this agreement amounted to \$102,898,775.

## Note 20: Gas Supply Acquisitions and Resale

#### b. Funding Agreement

Under certain conditions specified in a Funding and Assignment Agreement dated January 24, 2007 between the Authority and Gas Supplier, the Gas Supplier has agreed to advance funds to the Trustee to pay debt service when due or to redeem bonds in the event of early termination. Advances are required under covered swap deficiencies and covered termination deficiencies and optional advances may also be made. Advances are repayable from by the responsible party causing the deficiency requiring an advance under this agreement. This agreement is coterminous with the Bonds. The Gas Supplier's commitment under this agreement is guaranteed by its parent company, Merrill Lynch & Co. Inc. under a guarantee agreement with the Authority.

There were no advances outstanding as of June 30, 2021.

## c. Supply Agreement

Pursuant to a Natural Gas Supply Agreement dated February 1, 2007, the Authority has agreed to sell to the City a twenty-year supply of natural gas. This Supply Agreement is coterminous with and provides for the delivery of natural gas in quantities which are matched to the Prepaid Gas Agreement, discussed above. For each MMBtu delivered (sold) to the City, the Authority will receive a variable revenue stream based on a first of the month index for the delivery location. The Agreement terminates upon termination of the Prepaid Gas Agreement or upon the City's failure to make any required payment within two business days of the due date.

### d. Commodity Swap Agreement

In order to have its gas price exposure consistent with prevailing market rates, the Authority entered into a natural gas Commodity Swap Agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank (Counterparty). For the term of deliveries under the Prepaid Gas Agreement and the Supply Agreement, the Authority will pay an index price per MMBtu to the Counterparty, and the Counterparty will pay a fixed price to the Authority. The index price paid by the Authority is expected to approximate the price paid by the City under the Supply Agreement.

The monthly quantity and term of the Commodity Swap Agreement are matched to those of the Supply Agreement.

Detail of the commodity swap agreement is discussed in Note 10.

## Note 21: Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities

## a. Redevelopment Dissolution

In an effort to balance its budget, the State of California adopted ABx1 26 on June 28, 2011, amended by AB1484 on June 27, 2012, which suspended all new redevelopment activities except for limited specified activities as of that date and dissolved redevelopment agencies on January 31, 2012.

The suspension provisions prohibited all redevelopment agencies from a wide range of activities, including incurring new indebtedness or obligations, entering into or modifying agreements or contracts, acquiring or disposing of real property, taking actions to adopt or amend redevelopment plans and other similar actions, except actions required by law or to carry out existing enforceable obligations, as defined in ABx1 26.

### Note 21: Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

Effective January 31, 2012, the Redevelopment Agency was dissolved. Certain housing assets of the Redevelopment Agency were distributed to a Housing Successor; and all remaining Redevelopment Agency assets and liabilities were distributed to a Successor Agency.

Under the provisions of AB 1484, the City can elect to become the Housing Successor and retain the housing assets. The City elected to become the Housing Successor and on February 1, 2012, the housing assets were transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Special Revenue Fund. The activities of the Housing Successor are reported in the Low and Moderate Income Housing Assets Special Revenue Fund as the City has control of those assets, which may be used in accordance with the low and moderate income housing provisions of California Redevelopment Law.

The City also elected to become the Successor Agency and on February 1, 2012 the Redevelopment Agency's remaining assets were distributed to and liabilities were assumed by the Successor Agency. ABx1 26 requires the establishment of an Oversight Board to oversee the activities of the Successor Agency and one was established in March 2012. The activities of the Successor Agency are subject to review and approval of the Oversight Board, which is comprised of seven members, including one member of City Council and one former Redevelopment Agency employee appointed by the Mayor.

The activities of the Successor Agency are reported in the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund as the activities are under the control of the Oversight Board. The City provides administrative services to the Successor Agency to wind down the affairs of the former Redevelopment Agency. With the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, pass-through payments to affected taxing entities become the responsibility of the County.

#### b. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2021, are included in the pooled cash and investments discussed in Note 2.

#### c. Notes Receivable

The Successor Agency assumed the non-housing loans receivable of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. The Redevelopment Agency engaged in programs designed to encourage construction of or improvement to low-to-moderate income housing. Under these programs, grants or loans were provided under favorable terms to homeowners, developers or others who agreed to expend these funds in accordance with the Agency's terms. The balances of the notes receivable were \$2,313,965 at June 30, 2021.

Included in the notes receivable above, is a loan to the Roseville Community Development Corporation in the amount of \$3,469,049. The Agency had entered into an agreement with the Corporation, a component unit of the City, under which the Agency agreed to provide funding to the Corporation in the form of a start-up loan not to exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000). The loan is a 20-year loan deferred for 10 years with accrued interest and principal due beginning January 1, 2021. The Agency Board approved the execution of the loan agreement in May 2011. A State Supreme Court decision on August 11, 2011 suspended all redevelopment activity effective June 28, 2011. However, the Successor Agency continued to make disbursements related to the loan agreement after that date, because it had been approved by the Agency Board prior to the Court decision.

Under the provisions of Health and Safety Code Section 34171(d)(2), agreements between the City or any of its component units and the Agency that were executed after December 31, 2010 are no longer enforceable obligations and Health and Safety Code Section 34167.5 requires that if the City or component unit is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those funds that they be returned to the Successor Agency.

### Note 21: Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

The State Controller's Office, but not the State Department of Finance, has denied that this loan agreement is an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency. The City continues to contend that the loan agreement was lawfully entered into at the time of its execution and therefore transactions executed with the Corporation prior to the dissolution were not reversed in the current fiscal year and remain as payable from the Corporation as of June 30, 2021.

Also included in the notes receivable above are two loans to one owner of two commercial businesses on Vernon Street for tenant improvements. These loans were made in 2011 by the former Redevelopment Agency and were assumed by the Successor Agency. The loans were paid off during fiscal year 2021. As of June 30, 2021, the balance of the two loans was zero.

### d. Capital Assets

The Successor Agency assumed the capital assets of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date contributed. The Successor Agency's policy is to capitalize all assets with costs exceeding certain minimum thresholds and with useful lives exceeding two years. The Successor Agency did not hold any capital assets as of June 30, 2021.

## e. Long-Term Obligations

The Successor Agency assumed the long-term debt and loans of the Redevelopment Agency as of February 1, 2012. All of the long-term debt of the Successor Agency is comprised of Tax Allocation Bonds and loans issued by the Redevelopment Agency. The Bonds and Loans are special obligations of the Agency and are secured only by the Agency's tax increment revenues. Tax Allocation Bond and loan transactions were as follows:

	Balance		Balance	Current
Tax Allocation Bonds:	June 30, 2020	Reductions	June 30, 2021	Portion
2014 Redevelopment Project Taxable Tax Allocation				
2.00% - 5.00%, due 9/1/33	\$ 8,475,000	\$ 505,000	\$ 7,970,000	\$ 525,000
Add: bond premium	400,750	28,625	372,125	-
2016-T Redevelopment Project Taxable Tax Allocation				
1.02% - 4.066%, due 9/1/40	20,375,000	415,000	19,960,000	415,000
Total Tax Allocation Bonds	29,250,750	948,625	28,302,125	940,000
Loans from the City	17,288,826	1,678,699	15,610,127	1,484,328
Total	\$ 46,539,576	\$ 2,627,324	\$ 43,912,252	\$ 2,424,328

#### i. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements are shown below for all long-term debt except the advance made to the Successor Agency, because the ultimate repayment terms cannot be determined at this time as discussed in the Loans from the City section below.

Note 21: Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

For the Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2022	\$ 940,000	\$ 1,003,447
2023	975,000	973,811
2024	1,000,000	947,729
2025	1,025,000	914,176
2026-2030	5,790,000	3,980,639
2031-2035	7,185,000	2,875,253
2036-2040	8,995,000	1,342,713
2041	2,020,000	41,067
Total	\$ 27,930,000	\$ 12,078,835

## ii. 2014 Roseville Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds

On September 9, 2014, the Roseville Successor Agency issued the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds, in the amount of \$10,740,000 for the purpose of refunding the 2002 Tax Allocation Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.00 percent to 5.00 percent. Principal payments are due annually on September 1. Interest payments are due semi-annually on each September 1 and March 1, commencing on September 1, 2015 through September 1, 2033.

#### iii. 2016-T Roseville Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Bonds

On July 19, 2016, the Roseville Successor Agency issued the Series 2016-T Refunding Bonds, in the amount of \$21,520,000 for the purpose of refunding the 2006 Series A, 2006 Series A-T and 2006 Series H-T Tax Allocation Bonds. The Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 1.021 percent to 4.066 percent. Principal payments are due annually on September 1. Interest payments are due semi-annually on each September 1 and March 1, commencing on September 1, 2017 through September 1, 2040.

#### iv. Loans from the City

Prior to July 1, 2011, the former Redevelopment Agency had received various advances from various City funds. These advances bore interest at the average interest rate of the City's pooled investments. Principal and accrued interest on the advances totaled \$32,768,517 at July 1, 2011. During fiscal year 2012, the City and Redevelopment Agency determined that certain advances should have instead been funded by bond proceeds of the Agency. Therefore, the Redevelopment Agency repaid advances from the City in the amount of \$7,309,447 prior to the dissolution of the Agency on January 31, 2012.

With the dissolution of the Agency effective February 1, 2012, the Successor Agency assumed the balance of the obligation to repay the advances in the amount of \$25,603,129 for principal and accrued interest and recorded a notes payable to the Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset Fund equal to twenty percent of the balance of the notes. During fiscal year 2013, the State Department of Finance denied the prepaid advance and required the return of \$7,309,447 to the Successor Agency. The General Fund returned the cash to the Successor Agency during fiscal year 2013. The Successor Agency received its Finding of Completion in August 2013 determining that notes are enforceable obligations.

During fiscal year 2014, the Successor Agency completed its Long-Range Property Management Plan which was approved by the Department of Finance in May 2014 and as a result, the Successor Agency transferred land that was designated for governmental use to the City in the amount of \$7,107,581. As a result of the transfer, the City cancelled the notes that had been made to the former Redevelopment Agency for the purchase of those properties, including accrued interest, in the amount of \$5,902,331.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 21: Redevelopment Agency Dissolution and Successor Agency Activities (Continued)

During fiscal year 2014, the Department of Finance clarified how the interest is to be calculated on each note to the Successor Agency. The City recalculated the interest due on the notes using the revised guidance and as a result the interest receivable was reduced by \$3,030,067. The principal balance of the notes as of June 30, 2021 is \$15,610,127.

### Note 22: Prior Period Adjustments

At June 30, 2021, the City reported a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$(306,302,405) in the custodial funds in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The prior period adjustment was due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, for accounting and financial reporting purposes. The adjustment will convert former agency funds, which previously only reported assets and liabilities, to a full accrual custodial fund with an economic resources measurement focus to include the reporting of custodial funds net position.

The City also reported a prior period adjustment in the amount of \$194,833 in the nonmajor enterprise funds. The prior period adjustment was due to cash receipts received in the prior fiscal year that were erroneously recorded as revenue. These receipts were determined to have spending stipulations that have not yet been met as of June 30, 2021. As such, the \$194,833 remain as unearned revenue at June 30, 2021.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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	Rudget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:	Original	- I mui	Amounts	(regulive)
Taxes	\$ 128,524,850	\$ 128,524,850	\$ 153,341,681	\$ 24,816,831
Licenses, permits and fees	3,069,193	3,069,193	4,668,439	1,599,246
Subventions and grants	1,134,379	5,867,182	4,430,729	(1,436,453)
Charges for services	16,639,563	16,606,563	15,050,711	(1,555,852)
Use of money and property	1,826,509	1,826,509	1,376,288	(450,221)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	89.250	89,250	79,177	(10,073)
Contributions from developers and others	400,000	464,590	670,635	206,045
Miscellaneous revenues	1,434,118	1,543,666	1,386,782	(156,884)
Total Revenues	153,117,862	157,991,803	181,004,442	23,012,639
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government:				
City council	181,264	181,264	98,081	83,183
City manager	1,767,975	1,758,147	1,592,865	165,282
Public affairs / communications	653,355	650,504	630,197	20,307
City attorney	2,275,684	2,516,633	2,269,419	247,214
City Clerk	1,415,379	1,551,817	1,542,653	9,164
Finance	5,705,605	5,649,728	4,566,859	1,082,869
Human resources	1,595,945	1,603,372	1,571,092	32,280
Public Safety:				
Police	46,814,329	47,876,320	47,702,602	173,718
Fire	34,649,868	35,885,279	35,706,906	178,373
Economic Development	2,942,530	3,026,379	2,514,847	511,532
Parks, Recreation, and Libraries	20,908,321	20,781,642	18,513,097	2,268,545
Library	5,694,938	5,708,875	5,241,683	467,192
Public Works	9,269,088	9,995,224	8,657,316	1,337,908
Development services	15,395,067	16,950,589	13,717,062	3,233,527
Annexation payments	7,494,258	7,494,258	7,494,258	-
Retiree medical benefits	5,327,737	5,327,737	5,290,882	36,855
Capital outlay	285,095	502,211	823,939	(321,728)
Other expenditures	2,050,278	101,278	1,475,951	(1,374,673)
Debt service:				
Interest and fiscal charges	15,955	15,955	22,872	(6,917)
Total Expenditures	164,442,671	167,577,212	160,908,532	7,180,212
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(11,324,809)	(9,585,409)	20,095,910	30,192,851
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	16,208,300	14,807,992	12,418,371	2,389,621
Transfers (out)	(6,041,784)	(6,150,807)	(3,715,337)	(2,435,470)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,166,516	15,641,638	15,694,303	(39,033)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,158,293)	\$ 6,056,229	35,790,213	\$ 30,231,884
Fund Balance, July 1			81,382,635	
Fund Balance, June 30			\$ 117,172,848	

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS\*\*

		20	15		2016					
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014					June 30, 2015				
	N	liscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety		
Total Pension Liability										
Service Cost	\$	12,410,363	\$	7,979,496	\$	12.377.311	\$	7,650,925		
Interest on total pension liability	φ	35,999,301	φ	17,970,776	φ	38,106,634	Φ	18,851,867		
Differences between expected and actual experience		33,333,301		17,970,770		(1,796,891)		(4,348,535)		
Changes in assumptions		_		_		(9,697,397)		(5,162,388)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(18,188,166)		(9,003,224)		(19,339,004)		(9,908,333)		
Net change in total pension liability	-	30,221,498		16,947,048		19,650,653		7,083,536		
Total Pension Liability-beginning		482,879,572		240,122,220		513,101,070		257,069,269		
Total Pension Liability-ending (a)	\$	513,101,070	\$	257,069,268	\$	532,751,723	\$	264,152,805		
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Plan Fiduciary Net Position										
Plan to plan resource movement	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,810	\$	(26,514)		
Contributions-employer		14,691,280		8,482,557		15,901,790		9,010,440		
Contributions-employee		5,879,856		2,321,899		5,785,312		2,299,042		
Net investment income		51,318,939		26,953,304		7,885,768		4,110,266		
Benefit payments		(18,188,166)		(9,003,224)		(19,339,004)		(9,908,333)		
Administrative expenses		-		-		(401,772)		(210,832)		
Other miscellaneous income/(expense)		-		-		-		-		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		53,701,909		28,754,536		9,835,904		5,274,069		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-beginning		293,249,174		153,271,540		346,951,083		182,026,076		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position-ending (b)	\$	346,951,083	\$	182,026,076	\$	356,786,987	\$	187,300,145		
Net pension liability-ending (a) - (b)	\$	166,149,987	\$	75,043,192	\$	175,964,736	\$	76,852,660		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		67.62%		70.81%		66.97%		70.91%		
Covered payroll	\$	67,642,462	\$	25,304,421	\$	70,574,246	\$	25,172,485		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		245.63%		296.56%		249.33%		305.30%		

#### Notes to Schedule:

<u>Benefit Changes:</u> The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2019. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: In 2019 and 2020, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rates were changed in accordance with the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the accounting discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense.) In 2014, amount reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

		17				18	
	June 30	0, 201			7		
N	1iscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety
\$	12,872,902	\$	7,764,644	\$	14,861,538	\$	9,405,915
•	40,468,522	•	20,340,470	·	42,476,046	•	21,361,661
	316,698		3,415,651		(3,545,559)		(4,417,042)
	-		-		36,462,156		19,842,134
	(21,009,168)		(11,124,582)		(23,354,942)		(11,825,080)
	32,648,954		20,396,183		66,899,239		34,367,588
	532,751,723		264,152,805		565,400,677		284,548,988
\$	565,400,677	\$	284,548,988	\$	632,299,916	\$	318,916,576
\$	(386)	\$	-	\$	7,316	\$	-
	17,491,938		9,590,596		19,450,887		10,566,516
	6,323,610		2,418,065		6,168,110		2,577,887
	1,875,529		906,270		40,706,669		21,245,779
	(21,009,168)		(11,124,582)		(23,354,942)		(11,825,080)
	(217,443)		(114,150)		(533,363)		(279,011)
			-		-		-
	4,464,080		1,676,199		42,444,677		22,286,091
	356,786,987		187,300,145		361,251,067		188,976,344
\$	361,251,067	\$	188,976,344	\$	403,695,744	\$	211,262,435
\$	204,149,610	\$	95,572,644	\$	228,604,172	\$	107,654,141
	00.000/		00.440/		00.050/		00.040/
	63.89%		66.41%		63.85%		66.24%
\$	74,134,013	\$	26,276,305	\$	74,820,705	\$	25,815,804
	275.38%		363.72%		305.54%		417.01%

	19		2020							
June 3	0, 201			June 3	0, 201	, 2019		June 30, 2020		
 Miscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety
\$ 15,197,311 44,939,359	\$	8,932,221 22,591,319	\$	14,927,042 47,819,167	\$	9,116,368 23,857,020	\$	14,943,938 50,429,001	\$	9,042,832 25,312,431
8,065,105 (5,705,470)		5,319,784 (6,138,658)		9,146,285		(140,829)		5,475,145 -		2,619,056
 (27,471,425) 35,024,880 <b>632,299,916</b>		(13,202,641) 17,502,025 <b>318,916,576</b>		(30,270,138) 41,622,356 <b>667,324,796</b>		(14,342,692) 18,489,867 <b>336,418,601</b>		(33,187,110) 37,660,974 <b>708,947,152</b>		(16,057,838) 20,916,481 <b>354,908,468</b>
\$ 667,324,796	\$	336,418,601	\$	708,947,152	\$	354,908,468	\$	746,608,126	\$	375,824,949
\$ (1,010)	\$	(530)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
19,671,137		10,743,429		21,557,305		11,972,740		24,661,517		13,409,112
6,408,266		2,505,197		6,237,988		2,593,796		6,469,454		2,754,718
34,705,395		17,996,253		29,023,516		15,176,590		23,210,947		12,273,184
(27,471,425)		(13,202,641)		(30,270,138)		(14,342,692)		(33,187,110)		(16,057,838)
(629,069)		(329,205)		(310,557)		(162,955)		(650,494)		(343,399)
 (1,194,613)		(625,166)		1,010		530		<del>-</del> _		
31,488,681		17,087,337		26,239,124		15,238,009		20,504,314		12,035,777
 403,695,744		211,262,435		435,184,425		228,349,772	_	461,423,549		243,587,781
\$ 435,184,425	\$	228,349,772	\$	461,423,549	\$	243,587,781	\$	481,927,863	\$	255,623,558
\$ 232,140,371	\$	108,068,829	\$	247,523,603	\$	111,320,687	\$	264,680,263	\$	120,201,391
65.21%		67.88%		65.09%		68.63%		64.55%		68.02%
\$ 77,213,278	\$	27,411,760	\$	79,529,676	\$	28,234,113	\$	80,417,208	\$	27,578,559
300.65%		394.24%		311.23%		394.28%		329.13%		435.85%

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#### LAST TEN YEARS\*\*

		20	15	2016					
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013					June 30, 2014			
	N	liscellaneous	Safety		Miscellaneous			Safety	
Actuarial Determined Contribution Contribution in relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$	15,872,491 (15,872,491)	\$	9,015,161 (9,015,161)	\$	17,564,085 (17,564,085)	\$	9,409,229 (9,409,229)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Covered payroll	\$	67,642,462	\$	25,304,421	\$	70,574,246	\$	25,172,485	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.47%		35.63%		24.89%		37.38%	

#### Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method

Entry age normal cost method

Level percentage of pay, a summary of the current policy is provided in the table below:

		Source			
	(Gain	)/Loss	Assumption/ Method		
Driver	Investment	Non-investment	Change	Benefit Change	Golden Handshake
Amortization Period	30 years	30 Years	20 Years	20 Years	5 Years
Escalation Rate					
- Active Plans	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%
- Inactive Plans	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Ramp Up	5	5	5	0	0
Ramp Down	5	5	5	0	0

Asset valuation method

Inflation

Salary increases Payroll growth Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

Market Value 2.50%

Varies by Entry Age and Service

2.75%

7.00%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study report may be accessed on the CalPERS website at www.calpers.ca.gov under Forms and Publications.

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using 90 percent of Society of Actuaries' Scale 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are shown.

	20	17		2018							
	June 3	5	June 30, 2016								
N	liscellaneous		Safety	Miscellaneous Safety			Safety				
\$	19,896,723 (19,896,723)	\$	11,655,656 (11,655,656)	\$	18,499,075 (18,499,075)	\$	11,936,348 (11,936,348)				
\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-				
\$	74,820,705	\$	25,815,804	\$	79,210,839	\$	27,559,890				
	26.59%		45.15%		23.35%		43.31%				

<b>2019</b> June 30, 2017					20			2021						
					June 30, 2018				June 30, 2019					
N	Miscellaneous		Safety		Miscellaneous		Safety		Safety		1iscellaneous		Safety	
\$	20,601,494 (20,601,494)	\$	12,920,861 (12,920,861)	\$	23,130,931 (23,130,931)	\$	15,077,558 (15,077,558)	\$	27,226,777 (27,226,777)	\$	15,061,145 (15,061,145)			
\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
\$	81,801,133	\$	26,701,606	\$	80,417,208	\$	27,578,559	\$	86,494,346	\$	29,053,134			
	25.18%		48.39%		28.76%		54.67%		31.48%		51.84%			

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN YEARS\*\*

Measurement Date		2018 une 30, 2018	J	<b>2019</b> une 30, 2019	J	<b>2020</b> une 30, 2020	J	<b>2021</b> une 30, 2020
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	6,665,000	\$	6,021,000	\$	5,701,000	\$	5,414,588
Interest on the total OPEB liability		15,256,000		14,291,000		14,961,000		14,125,116
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(29,958,000)		-		(17,999,000)		-
Changes in assumptions		11,123,000		-		(5,591,000)		7,744,727
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(8,449,000)		(8,550,000)		(9,988,000)		(10,333,464)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(5,363,000)		11,762,000		(12,916,000)		16,950,967
Total OPEB liability - beginning		232,271,000		226,908,000		238,670,000		225,754,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		226,908,000		238,670,000		225,754,000		242,704,967
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer Miscellaneous revenue Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expenses Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	_	14,213,477 - 5,902,312 (8,449,000) (210,775) 11,456,014 72,663,626 84,119,640		15,342,178 69,429 7,122,750 (8,550,000) (144,591) 13,839,766 84,119,640 97,959,406		16,425,867 - 5,318,871 (9,988,000) (34,934) 11,721,804 97,959,406 109,681,210		15,353,152 - 28,457,423 (10,333,464) (81,197) 33,395,914 109,681,210 143,077,124
Net OPEB Liability/(Assets) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	142,788,360	\$	140,710,594	\$	116,072,790	\$	99,627,843
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		37.07%		41.04%		48.58%		58.95%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	106,770,729	\$	108,508,739	\$	107,995,767	\$	115,547,480
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		133.73%		129.68%		107.48%		86.22%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST TEN YEARS\*\*

Valuation Date	J	2018 une 30, 2017	 <b>2019</b> une 30, 2017	 <b>2020</b> une 30, 2019	J	<b>2021</b> une 30, 2019
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contribution in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contributions Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	15,132,000 (14,213,000) 919,000	\$ 15,342,000 (15,226,000) 116,000	\$ 13,739,000 (16,485,000) (2,746,000)	\$	14,026,000 (15,353,152) (1,327,152)
Covered-employee payroll	\$	106,770,729	\$ 108,508,739	\$ 107,995,767	\$	115,547,480
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.31%	14.03%	15.26%		13.29%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Historical information is required only for the measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2018 was the first year of implementation. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

#### Notes to Schedule:

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contributions:

Most Recent Valuation Date June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal, level percent of payroll

Amortization Method

Level percent of pay Investment gains and losses spread over 5 year rolling period Asset Valuation Method

2.75% Inflation

Salary Increase Aggregate of 3.00%

Discount rate 6.25%

Mortality Derived using CalPERS membership data

#### MODIFIED APPROACH TO REPORTING STREET PAVEMENT COSTS

GASB Statement No. 34 allows the City to use the Modified Approach with respect to infrastructure assets instead of depreciating these assets. The Modified Approach may be used if two requirements are met:

- a. The City must have an asset management system (AMS) with certain features:
  - It must maintain an up-to-date inventory of the infrastructure assets.
  - It must estimate the annual costs to maintain and preserve those assets at the condition level the City has established and disclosed through administrative or executive policy or legislative action.
  - The AMS must be used to assess the condition of the assets periodically, using a measurement scale.
  - The condition assessments must be replicable as those that are based on sufficiently understandable and complete measurement methods such that different measurers using the same methods would reach substantially similar results.
- **b.** The City must document that the roads are being preserved approximately at or above the condition level the City has established and disclosed. This documentation must include the results of the three most recent complete condition assessments and must provide reasonable assurance that the assets are being preserved approximately at or above the intended condition level.

#### **Street Pavement**

The City has elected to use the Modified Approach to report street pavement costs. The City uses a computerized Pavement Management System to track the condition levels of each of the street sections.

The condition of the pavement is based on a weighted average of seven distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for pavement with perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify pavement in good or better condition (70-100), fair condition (55–69), and substandard condition (less than 55).

The City's maintenance costs are budgeted to be \$4,588,932 in fiscal year 2022. The Pavement Quality Index (PQI) for the City's street pavement for the last five years is as follows:

	P	PQI		
	Arterial/		Maintenance	Actual
Fiscal Year	Collector	Residential	Budget	Maintenance
2017	72	69	\$ 14,379,921	\$ 11,893,473
2018	72	70	3,491,657	5,154,352
2019	74	69	3,136,162	12,387,602
2020	70	66	5,265,978	10,948,940
2021	69	66	20,696,490	6,033,245

The City's policy based on current funding is to maintain arterial and collector roadways at an average Pavement Quality Index (PQI) of 72 and residential roadways at an average PQI of 65. This rating allows for minor cracking and reveling of the pavement along with minor roughness that could be noticeable to drivers traveling at posted speed. The City expended \$6,033,245 for street preservation in fiscal year 2021.

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## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1: Budgeting Procedures

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- **a.** The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- **b.** Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. The budget is legally enacted through passage of minute order and ordinance.
- d. The City Manager or designee is authorized to apply prudent monitoring procedures to assure that actual expenditures/expenses of the City do not exceed the appropriations at the department level within each fund in conformance with the adopted policies set by the City Council. Capital Improvement Projects, including annual projects, may not exceed budget at the total project level. Additional appropriations or interfund transfers not included in the original budget ordinance require approval by the City Council.
- e. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department by fund.
- f. A formal budgetary process is employed as a management control device during the year.
- **g.** Budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. In addition, the capital projects funds are budgeted on a project length basis and therefore are not comparable on an annual basis.

For fiscal year 2020-21, budgets have not been adopted for the following funds:

- a. Housing Authority Housing Choice Voucher Fund
- b. Roseville Community Development Corporation Fund

## Note 2: Adjustments to GAAP Basis from Budgetary Basis

City budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that capital projects expenditures are budgeted on a project length basis rather than a fiscal year. The effects of these differences are shown as capital outlay in the budget and actual statements.

#### Note 3: Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all budgeted funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances, as applicable, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and are reappropriated in the following year. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end and must be carried forward to be reappropriated in the following year.

#### Note 4: Budgets Exceeding Appropriations

General Fund	
Capital outlay	\$ 321,728
Other expenditures	1,374,673
Interest and fiscal charges	6,917

#### **NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Landscape and Lighting and Service Districts Fund</u>. To account for the collection of assessment revenue from property owners for the maintenance of surrounding park and landscaping improvements within the boundaries of each district.

<u>State Gasoline Tax Fund</u>. To account for revenue apportioned to the City from the State-collected gas tax revenues and spent for construction and maintenance of City streets.

<u>Traffic Safety Fund</u>. To account for the City's share of fines generated from violations of the State Motor Vehicle Code.

<u>Trench Cut Recovery Fund</u>. To account for the collection of fees charged by the City for cutting trenches in paved roadway and spent for maintaining the street if useful life is decreased.

<u>Technology Replacement Fund</u>. To account for the activities related to the City's permit system funded by a percent technology fee on permits.

<u>Open Space Fund</u>. To account for the accumulation of funding for the maintenance of the City's bike trails and open spaces.

<u>Tree Propagation Fund</u>. To account for fees assessed on oak tree removal and expended on the continuation and preservation of tree planting within the City.

<u>Grants Fund</u>. To account for monies various housing and police grants received from federal, state, and local grantors.

<u>Housing Authority Housing Choice Voucher Fund</u>. To account for monies received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and expended for rental assistance to low income households within the Roseville and Rocklin areas.

<u>Affordable Housing Fund</u>. To account for monies received from property whose land use was changed from residential to commercial and from affordable housing agreements. These monies are then used to fund other affordable housing projects.

<u>Low/Mod Income Housing Asset Fund</u>. To account for the activities related to the assets assumed by the City as Housing Successor to the housing activities of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Roseville.

<u>Cable TV PEG Fund</u>. To account for activity related to Public, Educational, and Governmental Access TV Channels.

Police Evidence Fund. To account for confiscated property and evidence funds for the Police department.

Roseville Community Development Corporation Fund. To account for revenues and expenditures of the Corporation for economic development, affordable housing and other community programs.

<u>Golf Fund</u>. This fund accounts for all financial transactions associated relating to the development, operations, and maintenance of the City's public golf courses.

### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Roseville Aquatics Complex Maintenance Fund. A permanent fund established to account for contribution from the High School District. Only the interest earnings can be spent on helping maintain the Aquatics Complex.

### **Capital Projects Funds**

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

<u>Development Impact Fee Fund</u>. To account for fees applied to new construction and expended for the development of public facilities for which it creates a need.

<u>Traffic Mitigation Fund</u>. To account for revenues and expenditures related to major roadways and related structures such as bridges or interchanges.

Al Johnson Wildlife Area Fund. To account for activity related to the maintenance of the AL Johnson Wildlife area.

Roadway Fund. To account for non-Gas Tax grants and other restricted revenues to construct and or maintain City streets.

<u>General Fund Capital Projects Rehabilitation Fund</u>. To account for the approved rehabilitation of existing City property funded by the General Fund.

<u>RFA Capital Projects Fund</u>. To account for specific public improvements such as streets, sewers, storm drains, sidewalks or other amenities funded by special assessments against benefited properties.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Roseville Finance Authority Fund. To account for the accumulation of resources from lease payments and the payment of long-term debt incurred by the Finance Authority.

#### **Permanent Fund**

Permanent funds are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs—that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

<u>Citizens Benefit Fund.</u> A permanent fund established to account for the proceeds from the sale of any municipally owned Hospital and interest earnings expended for improving the quality of life for the citizens of the City of Roseville.

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Landscape and Lighting Districts and Services District	State Gasoline Tax	Traffic Safety	Trench Cut Recovery Fund	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 14,645,165	\$ 12,173,810	\$ 813,310	\$ 161,157	
Receivables- due from other government agencies Notes and loans Prepaids	503,743	567,257 608,167	36,969 -	420	
Developer permit fees receivable	-	-	-	-	
Due from other governments	-	-	-	-	
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	<del></del>				
Total Assets	<u>\$ 15,148,908</u>	\$ 13,349,234	\$ 850,279	\$ 161,577	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 372,513	\$ 254,870	\$ 83,620	\$ -	
Accrued liabilities	-	16,182	-	-	
Unearned revenues	50,736	-	-	-	
Deposits payable Due to other government agencies	-	-	-	-	
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	
Advances from other funds					
Total Liabilities	423,249	271,052	83,620		
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenues					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	
Restricted	14,725,659	13,078,182	766,659	161,577	
Assigned Unassigned	-	-	-	-	
·		-			
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	14,725,659	13,078,182	766,659	161,577	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 15,148,908	\$ 13,349,234	\$ 850,279	\$ 161,577	

(CONTINUED)

Speci	al Rev	/enue	Fund	S

		echnology eplacement	Op	en Space	Pı	Tree ropagation	 Grants
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables- due from other government agencies Notes and loans Prepaids Developer permit fees receivable	\$	2,230,976 3,314 - -	\$	949,836 885 - -	\$	2,088,526 5,756 - -	\$ 15,957,331 1,874,577 12,527,706 15,690
Due from other governments Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents		<u>.</u>				-	 - -
Total Assets	\$	2,234,290	\$	950,721	\$	2,094,282	\$ 30,375,304
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	6,199	\$	33,071	\$	3,323	\$ 84,623 3,200
Unearned revenues		-		-		-	8,822,430
Deposits payable Due to other government agencies		-		-		-	-
Due to other funds Advances from other funds		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		6,199		33,071		3,323	 8,910,253
Deferred inflows of resources:							10.000.711
Unavailable revenues		-		<u> </u>			 13,903,741
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources						-	 13,903,741
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned		2,228,091 - -		- 917,650 - -		2,090,959 - -	 15,690 7,545,620 -
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		2,228,091		917,650		2,090,959	 7,561,310
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	¢	2,234,290	\$	950,721	\$	2,094,282	\$ 30,375,304
11030411003, and I und Dalanoes	<u> </u>	2,237,230	Ψ	330,721	<u>Ψ</u>	2,037,202	 30,373,304

	Special Revenue Funds							
	A H	Housing uthority Choice Housing Youcher		Affordable Housing		Low/Mod Income using Asset	_Ca	able TV Peg
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	786,429	\$	7,742,646	\$	1,886,783	\$	1,862,586
Receivables- due from other government agencies	Ψ	42,198	Ψ	618,875	Ψ	1,410,401	Ψ	97,406
Notes and loans		-		16,998,513		14,051,336		-
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Developer permit fees receivable  Due from other governments		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:		-		-		-		-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		66,185		_		-		_
Total Assets	\$	894,812	\$	25,360,034	\$	17,348,520	\$	1,959,992
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,796	\$	40,146	\$	231	\$	255
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	62,507	Ψ	16,987	Ψ	675	Ψ	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other government agencies		66,185		1,423		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds								
Total Liabilities		134,488		58,556		906		255
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues				17,598,513		11,461,434		<u> </u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				17,598,513		11,461,434		
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		760,324		7,702,965		5,886,180		1,959,737
Assigned		-		-		-		-
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		760,324		7,702,965		5,886,180		1,959,737
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	894,812	\$	25,360,034	\$	17,348,520	\$	1,959,992

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds							
	<u></u>	Police Evidence	C De	Roseville ommunity evelopment orporation		Golf	A	coseville quatics complex intenance
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	339,536	\$	2,943,731	\$	750,577	\$	608,069
Receivables- due from other government agencies	Ψ	598	Ψ	-	Ψ	551,139	Ψ	1,170
Notes and loans		-		-		-		-
Prepaids		-		-		-		-
Developer permit fees receivable  Due from other governments				-		_		_
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents								
Total Assets		340,134	\$	2,943,731	\$	1,301,716	\$	609,239
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	297	\$	1,475,951	\$	150,791	\$	_
Accrued liabilities	•	-	•	-	•	2,324,044	,	-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other government agencies  Due to other funds		-		-		127,000		36,537
Advances from other funds		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1,861,000		-
Total Liabilities		297		1,475,951		4,462,835		36,537
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenues		-		-				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		339,837		1,467,780		-		572,702
Assigned Unassigned		-		-		(3,161,119)		-
Onassigned					_	(3,101,119)		
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		339,837		1,467,780		(3,161,119)		572,702
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	340,134	\$	2,943,731	\$	1,301,716	\$	609,239

Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances

		Capital Projects Funds					
	Development Impact	Traffic Mitigation	Al Johnson Wildlife Area	Roadway			
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables- due from other government agencies Notes and loans Prepaids	\$ 80,186,527 3,402,660 601,397	\$ 32,487,406 73,999 361	\$ 1,293,175 2,882	\$ 1,560,735 1,542,205			
Developer permit fees receivable Due from other governments Restricted assets: Cash and investments with fiscal agents	4,287,576 -	1,806,463 6,181,468	- -	- -			
Total Assets	\$ 88,478,160	\$ 40,549,697	\$ 1,296,057	\$ 3,102,940			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$ 45,393 53,657	\$ 588,331 -	\$ - -	\$ 700,610 -			
Deposits payable Due to other government agencies Due to other funds	10,000 - 1,380,223	- -	- - -	3,870			
Advances from other funds  Total Liabilities	8,040,440 9,529,713	588,331	<u> </u>	704,480			
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues	3,244,890	6,181,468					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,244,890	6,181,468					
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted	- 75,703,557	- 33,779,898	- 1,296,057	- 2,398,460			
Assigned Unassigned		-	-	2,330,400			
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	75,703,557	33,779,898	1,296,057	2,398,460			

<u>\$ 88,478,160</u> <u>\$ 40,549,697</u> <u>\$ 1,296,057</u> <u>\$ 3,102,940</u>

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

·	Capital Pro	Capital Projects Funds Debt Service Fund		
A	General Fund Capital Projects	RFA Capital Projects	Roseville Finance Authority	Citizen Benefit
Assets: Cash and investments Receivables- due from other government agencies Notes and loans	\$ 9,442,350 37,051	\$ 2,748,966 -	\$ - 10,310 -	\$ 17,221,880 58,154
Prepaids Developer permit fees receivable Due from other governments Restricted assets:	-	- - -	-	-
Cash and investments with fiscal agents  Total Assets	<u> </u>	\$ 2,748,966	\$ 10,310	\$ 17,280,034
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues Deposits payable Due to other government agencies Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$ 230,227 - - - - - -	\$ 7,018 - - - - - -	\$ - - - - 61,780	\$ 8,320 - - - - -
Total Liabilities	230,227	7,018	61,780	8,320
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	9,249,174 -	2,741,948 - -	- - - (51,470)	17,271,714 - - -
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	9,249,174	2,741,948	(51,470)	17,271,714
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 9,479,401	\$ 2,748,966	\$ 10,310	\$ 17,280,034

	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 210,881,507
Receivables- due from other government agencies	10,841,969
Notes and loans	44,787,480
Prepaids	15,690
Developer permit fees receivable	6,094,039
Due from other governments	6,181,468
Restricted assets:	00.40=
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	66,185
Total Assets	\$ 278,868,338
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	
and Fund Balances:	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 4,091,585
Accrued liabilities	2,477,252
Unearned revenues	8,873,166
Deposits payable	10,000
Due to other government agencies	71,478
Due to other runds	1,605,540
Advances from other funds	9,901,440
Total Liabilities	27,030,461
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Unavailable revenues	52,390,046
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	52,390,046
Fund Balances:	
Nonspendable	17,287,404
Restricted	176,123,842
Assigned	9,249,174
Unassigned	(3,212,589)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	199,447,831
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 278,868,338

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Landscape and Lighting Districts and Services District	State Gasoline Tax	Traffic Safety	Trench Cut Recovery Fund	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ 12,789,990	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Subvention and grants	φ 12,709,990 -	3,275,418	Ψ - -	Ψ - -	
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	
Use of money and property	30,141	(515)	(1,679)	(49)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	- 0.004.440	150,401	-	
Contributions from developers and others Miscellaneous revenues	165,920	2,691,110	-	-	
Revenue from others	105,320	-	-	-	
Total Revenues	12,986,051	5,966,013	148,722	(49)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	
Police	-	-	106,130	-	
Economic development Parks and recreation	- 6,384,168	-	-	-	
Public works	0,304,100	3,232,007	156,658	-	
Development services	-	-	-	-	
Housing assistance payments	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	142,854	669,522	-	-	
Debt service: Principal retirement					
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	6,527,022	3,901,529	262,788		
·					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	6,459,029	2,064,484	(114,066)	(49)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(5,677,838)	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,677,838)			<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balances	781,191	2,064,484	(114,066)	(49)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	13,944,468	11,013,698	880,725	161,626	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 14,725,659	\$ 13,078,182	\$ 766,659	\$ 161,577	

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds					
December	Technology Replacement	Open Space	Tree Propagation	Grants		
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Subvention and grants	Ψ - -	Ψ -	Ψ -	8,286,564		
Charges for services	778,624	-	45,770	1,328		
Use of money and property	1,814	(3,059)	(954)	25,578		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-		
Contributions from developers and others	-	-	-	-		
Miscellaneous revenues Revenue from others	-	10,447	-	- 25,888		
Revenue nom others	<del></del>	<u>-</u>		25,666		
Total Revenues	780,438	7,388	44,816	8,339,358		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government Police	-	-	-	1,838,027 994,029		
Economic development	-	-	-	994,029		
Parks and recreation	-	611,430	208,551	-		
Public works	-	-	-	-		
Development services	244,949	-	-	-		
Housing assistance payments	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay Debt service:	14,399	-	-	-		
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-		
Total Expenditures	259,348	611,430	208,551	2,832,056		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		(001010)	(400 =0=)			
Over (Under) Expenditures	521,090	(604,042)	(163,735)	5,507,302		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-	634,777	-	-		
Transfers out	-	· -	-	(135,000)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	634,777	-	(135,000)		
·/				,		
Net Change in Fund Balances	521,090	30,735	(163,735)	5,372,302		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	1,707,001	886,915	2,254,694	2,189,008		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 2,228,091	\$ 917,650	\$ 2,090,959	\$ 7,561,310		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Housing Authority Choice Housing Voucher	Affordable Housing	Low/Mod Income Housing Asset	Cable TV Peg	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Subvention and grants	φ - 6,840,858	- 1,459,641	ν - 176,104	Φ -	
Charges for services	-	35,903	134,472	363,510	
Use of money and property	64	21,675	35,465	(4,471)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	-	-	-	
Contributions from developers and others	-	3,600	-	-	
Miscellaneous revenues	4,970	395,174	-	-	
Revenue from others	<u> </u>				
Total Revenues	6,845,892	1,915,993	346,041	359,039	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	239,233	
Police	-	-	-	-	
Economic development	-	-	99,383	-	
Parks and recreation Public works		-	-	-	
Development services	815,271	233,259	-	-	
Housing assistance payments	5,706,057	-	_	_	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges					
Total Expenditures	6,521,328	233,259	99,383	239,233	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	324,564	1,682,734	246,658	119,806	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	34,555	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				34,555	
Net Change in Fund Balances	324,564	1,682,734	246,658	154,361	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	435,760	6,020,231	5,639,522	1,805,376	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 760,324	\$ 7,702,965	\$ 5,886,180	\$ 1,959,737	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(CONTINUED)

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Police Evidence	Roseville Community Development Corporation	Golf	Roseville Aquatics Complex Maintenance	
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Subvention and grants Charges for services Use of money and property Fines, forfeitures and penalties Contributions from developers and others	- - 464 - -	4,928	2,999,732 1,964 -	- (7,038) - -	
Miscellaneous revenues Revenue from others	115,994 		6,000	600,000	
Total Revenues	116,458	4,928	3,007,696	592,962	
Expenditures: Current: General government Police Economic development Parks and recreation Public works Development services	24,982 - - - - -	- - - - - 82,339	- - - 2,282,445 - -	- - - 50,629 - -	
Housing assistance payments Capital outlay Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	:	-	- - - 43,358	- - -	
Total Expenditures	24,982	82,339	2,325,803	50,629	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	91,476	(77,411)	681,893	542,333	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Proceeds from sale of capital assets	<u> </u>	321,609	1,004,749 (481,735)	<u>-</u>	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		321,609	523,014		
Net Change in Fund Balances	91,476	244,198	1,204,907	542,333	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	248,361	1,223,582	(4,366,026)	30,369	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 339,837	\$ 1,467,780	\$ (3,161,119)	\$ 572,702	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Projects Funds					
	Development Impact	Traffic Mitigation	Al Johnson Wildlife Area	Roadway		
Revenues:	•		•	•		
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 5 790 105		
Subvention and grants Charges for services	25,280,419	10,632,170	-	5,789,195		
Use of money and property	28,965	(208)	61,795	(27,452)		
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	-	(200)	-	(27,102)		
Contributions from developers and others	-	542,613	-	-		
Miscellaneous revenues	43,540	-	-	-		
Revenue from others		1,470,887				
Total Revenues	25,352,924	12,645,462	61,795	5,761,743		
Expenditures:						
Current:	00.004	20,402				
General government Police	82,064	39,483	-	-		
Economic development		-	-	-		
Parks and recreation	136,296	_	267	_		
Public works	135,928	499,941	-	249,535		
Development services	89,191	· -	-	· -		
Housing assistance payments	-	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	6,282,050	4,071,889	-	6,100,795		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	264,120					
Total Expenditures	6,989,649	4,611,313	267	6,350,330		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	18,363,275	8,034,149	61,528	(588,587)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	747,340	-	-	1,742,501		
Transfers out	(166,065)	-	-	(1,200,000)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	581,275	-	_	542,501		
(,						
Net Change in Fund Balances	18,944,550	8,034,149	61,528	(46,086)		
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	56,759,007	25,745,749	1,234,529	2,444,546		
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 75,703,557	\$ 33,779,898	\$ 1,296,057	\$ 2,398,460		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021	Capital Pro	ejects Funds	Debt Service Fund	(CONTINUED) Permanent Fund
	General Fund Capital Projects	RFA Capital Projects	Roseville Finance Authority	Citizen Benefit
Revenues: Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Subvention and grants	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	32,622	-	-	-
Use of money and property	(13,077)	8,104	7,818	(122,146)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Contributions from developers and others	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous revenues	12,893	-	-	1,754
Revenue from others		1,403,828		
Total Revenues	32,438	32,438 1,411,932		(120,392)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Economic development Parks and recreation	1,307,114	-		-
Public works	181,556	_	-	-
Development services	-	-	-	1,450,640
Housing assistance payments	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	1,163,275	263,051	-	-
Debt service: Principal retirement	_	_	1,613,400	_
Interest and fiscal charges	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	764,889	
Total Expenditures	2,651,945	263,051	2,378,289	1,450,640
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,619,507)	1,148,881	(2,370,471)	(1,571,032)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	707,000	-	2,378,287	1,044,840
Transfers out	-	(619,334)	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	707,000	(619,334)	2,378,287	1,044,840
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,912,507)	529,547	7,816	(526,192)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	11,161,681_	2,212,401	(59,286)	17,797,906
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 9,249,174	\$ 2,741,948	\$ (51,470)	\$ 17,271,714

	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	
Taxes	\$ 12,789,990
Subvention and grants	25,827,780
Charges for services	40,304,550
Use of money and property	48,127
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	150,401
Contributions from developers and others	3,237,323
Miscellaneous revenues	756,692
Revenue from others	3,500,603
Total Revenues	86,615,466
Expenditures:	
Current:	
General government	2,198,807
Police	1,125,141
Economic development	99,383
Parks and recreation	10,980,900
Public works	4,455,625
Development services	2,915,649
Housing assistance payments	5,706,057
Capital outlay	18,707,835
Debt service:	
Principal retirement	1,613,400
Interest and fiscal charges	1,072,367_
Total Expenditures	48,875,164
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	
Over (Under) Expenditures	37,740,302
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	
Transfers in	8,294,049
Transfers out	(8,279,972)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	321,609
Total Other Financing Sources	
(Uses)	335,686
Net Change in Fund Balances	38,075,988
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	161,371,843_
Fund Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 199,447,831</u>

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DISTRICTS AND SERVICES DISTRICT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 15,409,643 156,478	\$ 12,712,242 156,478 49,000	\$ 12,789,990 30,141 165,920	\$ 77,748 (126,337) 116,920
Total Revenues	15,566,121	12,917,720	12,986,051	68,331
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies				
Parks and recreation Capital outlay	7,118,015 -	7,298,855 126,000	6,384,168 142,854	914,687 (16,854)
Total Expenditures	7,118,015	7,424,855	6,527,022	897,833
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8,448,106	5,492,865	6,459,029	966,164
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(5,675,086)	(5,677,839)	(5,677,838)	1
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	(5,675,086)	(5,677,839)	(5,677,838)	1
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,773,020	\$ (184,974)	781,191	\$ 966,165
Fund Balance, July 1			13,944,468	
Fund Balance, June 30			\$14,725,659	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE GASOLINE TAX YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget :	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	<b>Amounts</b>	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Subventions and grants	\$ 3,520,622	\$ 11,925,744	\$ 3,275,418	\$ (8,650,326)
Use of money and property	274,929	274,929	(515)	(275,444)
Contributions from developers and others	2,637,415	2,637,415	2,691,110	53,695
Total Revenues	6,432,966	14,838,088	5,966,013	(8,872,075)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Operating services and supplies				
Public works	5,441,096	7,619,096	3,232,007	4,387,089
Capital outlay		7,512,990	669,522	6,843,468
Total Expenditures	5,441,096	15,132,086	3,901,529	11,230,557
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	991,870	(293,998)	2,064,484	2,358,482
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,342,959			<u> </u>
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	1,342,959			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 2,334,829	\$ (293,998)	2,064,484	\$ 2,358,482
Fund Balance, July 1			11,013,698	
Fund Balance, June 30			\$13,078,182	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRAFFIC SAFETY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Use of money and property	\$	19,756	\$	19,756	\$ (1,679)	\$	(21,435)
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		230,000		230,000	 150,401		(79,599)
Total Revenues		249,756		249,756	 148,722		(101,034)
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies							
Police		109,074		109,074	106,130		2,944
Public works		200,000		200,000	156,658		43,342
Total Expenditures		309,074		309,074	 262,788		46,286
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(59,318)		(59,318)	 (114,066)		(54,748)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(59,318)	\$	(59,318)	(114,066)	\$	(54,748)
Fund Balance, July 1					880,725		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$ 766,659		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TRENCH CUT RECOVERY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budget /		A	Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	0	riginal	 Final	Ar	nounts	(Ne	egative)
Revenues: Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	5,000 3,069	\$ 5,000 3,069	\$	- (49)	\$	(5,000) (3,118)
Total Revenues		8,069	8,069		(49)		(8,118)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	8,069	\$ 8,069		(49)	\$	(8,118)
Fund Balance, July 1					161,626		
Fund Balance, June 30				\$	161,577		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TECHNOLOGY REPLACEMENT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final				Actual amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:		_			 _		
Charges for services	\$	759,000	\$	559,000	\$ 778,624	\$	219,624
Use of money and property		30,719		30,719	 1,814		(28,905)
Total Revenues		789,719		589,719	 780,438		190,719
Expenditures: Current:							
Operating services and supplies  Development and operations  Capital outlay		536,000		589,529	244,949 14,399		344,580 (14,399)
Total Expenditures		536,000		589,529	259,348		330,181
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		253,719		190	 521,090		520,900
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	253,719	\$	190	521,090	\$	520,900
Fund Balance, July 1					1,707,001		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$ 2,228,091		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL OPEN SPACE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:		<u></u>						iogaii roj
Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenues	\$	15,118 10,447	\$	15,118 10,447	\$	(3,059) 10,447	\$	(18,177) -
Total Revenues		25,565		25,565		7,388		(18,177)
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies								
Parks and recreation		673,712		673,712		611,430		62,282
Total Expenditures		673,712		673,712		611,430		62,282
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(648,147)		(648,147)		(604,042)		44,105
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		634,777		634,777		634,777		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		634,777		634,777		634,777		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(13,370)	\$	(13,370)		30,735	\$	44,105
Fund Balance, July 1						886,915		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	917,650		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TREE PROPAGATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final					Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ.	25.000	Φ.	25.000	Φ.	45 770	Φ.	40.770
Charges for services Use of money and property	\$	35,000 44,751	\$	35,000 44,751	\$	45,770 (954)	\$	10,770 (45,705)
Total Revenues		79,751		79,751		44,816		(34,935)
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies Parks and recreation		422,019		422,019		208,551		213,468
Total Expenditures		422,019		422,019		208,551		213,468
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(342,268)		(342,268)		(163,735)		178,533
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(342,268)	\$	(342,268)		(163,735)	\$	178,533
Fund Balance, July 1					:	2,254,694		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$ :	2,090,959		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	<b>Amounts</b>	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:				(itoguiro)		
Subventions and grants	\$ 1,639,562	\$ 10,756,022	\$ 8,286,564	\$ (2,469,458)		
Charges for services	-	-	1,328	1,328		
Use of money and property	29,352	29,352	25,578	(3,774)		
Revenue from others	15,000	15,000	25,888	10,888		
Total Revenues	1,683,914	10,800,374	8,339,358	(2,461,016)		
Expenditures: Current:						
Operating services and supplies						
General government	1,291,173	3,040,010	1,838,027	1,201,983		
Public safety	159,006	7,527,100	994,029	6,533,071		
Total Expenditures	1,450,179	10,567,110	2,832,056	7,735,054		
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	233,735	233,264	5,507,302	5,274,038		
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(135,000)	(135,000)	(135,000)	_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(135,000)	(135,000)	(135,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 98,735	\$ 98,264	5,372,302	\$ 5,274,038		
Fund Balance, July 1			2,189,008			
Fund Balance, June 30			\$ 7,561,310			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL AFFORDABLE HOUSING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget <i>i</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Subventions and grants	\$ 650,000	\$ 650,000	\$ 1,459,641	\$ 809,641
Charges for services	400 507	400.507	35,903	35,903
Use of money and property Contributions from developers and others	109,527	109,527	21,675 3,600	(87,852) 3,600
Miscellaneous revenues	115,000	115,000	395,174	280,174
Total Revenues	874,527	874,527	1,915,993	1,041,466
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Expenditures: Current:				
Operating services and supplies				
Development and operations	3,916,329	375,129	233,259	141,870
Total Expenditures	3,916,329	375,129	233,259	141,870
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(3,041,802)	499,398	1,682,734	1,183,336
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (3,041,802)	\$ 499,398	1,682,734	\$ 1,183,336
Fund Balance, July 1			6,020,231	
Fund Balance, June 30			\$ 7,702,965	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LOW/MOD INCOME HOUSING ASSET YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budget /	Amoı			Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	(	Original	<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	134,472	\$	94,472
Use of money and property		22,330		22,330		35,465		13,135
Total Revenues		103,494		103,494		346,041		242,547
Expenditures: Current:								
Operating services and supplies  Community development		908,642		348,809		99,383		249,426
, ,								
Total Expenditures		908,642		348,809		99,383		249,426
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(805,148)		(245,315)		246,658		491,973
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		535,740						<u>-</u>
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>		535,740						
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(269,408)	\$	(245,315)		246,658	\$	491,973
Fund Balance, July 1						5,639,522		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	5,886,180		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CABLE TV PEG YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amou	ınts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 240,000	\$	240,000	\$	363,510	\$	123,510
Use of money and property	 49,362		49,362		(4,471)		(53,833)
Total Revenues	 289,362		289,362		359,039		69,677
Expenditures: Current:							
Operating services and supplies							
General government	 163,540		363,540		239,233		124,307
Total Expenditures	 163,540		363,540		239,233		124,307
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	 125,822		(74,178)		119,806		193,984
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in	22,712		34,555		34,555		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	22,712		34,555		34,555		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 148,534	\$	(39,623)		154,361	\$	193,984
Fund Balance, July 1					1,805,376		
Fund Balance, June 30				\$	1,959,737		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE EVIDENCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenues	\$	4,972 40,000	\$	4,972 41,982	\$	464 115,994	\$	(4,508) 74,012
Total Revenues		44,972		46,954		116,458		69,504
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies Police Total Expenditures		23,000 23,000		24,982 <b>24,982</b>	_	24,982 <b>24,982</b>		<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		21,972		21,972		91,476		69,504
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	21,972	\$	21,972		91,476	\$	69,504
Fund Balance, July 1						248,361		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	339,837		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GOLF YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,999,732	\$ 999,732
Use of money and property	123,345	123,345	1,964	(121,381)
Miscellaneous revenues	125,545	123,343	6,000	6,000
Total Revenues	2,123,345	2,123,345	3,007,696	884,351
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Operating services and supplies	0.470.407	0.470.407	0.000.445	405.750
Parks and recreation Debt service:	2,478,197	2,478,197	2,282,445	195,752
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	43,358	(43,358)
-	0.470.407	0.470.407		
Total Expenditures	2,478,197	2,478,197	2,325,803	152,394
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(354,852)	(354,852)	681,893	1,036,745
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,004,749	1,004,749	1,004,749	-
Transfers out	(607,539)	(480,539)	(481,735)	(1,196)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	397,210	524,210	523,014	(1,196)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 42,358	\$ 169,358	1,204,907	\$ 1,035,549
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1			(4,366,026)	
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30			\$ (3,161,119)	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROSEVILLE AQUATICS COMPLEX MAINTENANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Use of money and property Revenue from others	\$	9,239	\$	9,239 600,000	\$	(7,038) 600,000	\$	(16,277)
Total Revenues		9,239		609,239		592,962		(16,277)
Expenditures: Current: Operating services and supplies Parks and recreation Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		50,629 <b>50,629</b>		50,629 <b>50,629</b>		<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance		9,239 9,239		558,610 558,610		542,333 542,333	<u> </u>	(16,277) (16,277)
Fund Balance, July 1	<u> </u>	3,233	<u></u>			30,369	<u> </u>	(10,117)
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	572,702		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROSEVILLE FINANCE AUTHORITY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budget /	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Use of money and property	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 7,818	\$ 7,818	
Total Revenues			7,818	7,818	
Expenditures: Debt service:					
Principal retirement	21,881,799	21,881,799	1,613,400	20,268,399	
Interest and fiscal charges	11,994,847	11,994,847	764,889	11,229,958	
Total Expenditures	33,876,646	33,876,646	2,378,289	31,498,357	
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(33,876,646)	(33,876,646)	(2,370,471)	31,506,175	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	2,496,055	2,496,055	2,378,287	(117,768)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,496,055	2,496,055	2,378,287	(117,768)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (31,380,591)	\$ (31,380,591)	7,816	\$ 31,388,407	
Fund Balance (Deficit), July 1			(59,286)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), June 30			\$ (51,470)		

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CITIZEN BENEFIT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budget /	Amou	nts		Actual		riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues:	Φ.	075 000	Φ.	075 000	Φ.	(400.4.40)	Φ.	(407.4.40)
Use of money and property Miscellaneous revenues	\$	375,000 5,500	\$	375,000 5,500	\$	(122,146) 1,754	\$	(497,146) (3,746)
Total Revenues		380,500		380,500		(120,392)		(500,892)
Expenditures: Current:								
Development and operations		391,666		413,575		1,450,640		(1,037,065)
Total Expenditures		391,666		413,575		1,450,640		(1,037,065)
Excess (Deficiency ) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,166)		(33,075)		(1,571,032)		(1,537,957)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		-		1,044,840		1,044,840		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		1,044,840		1,044,840		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(11,166)	\$	1,011,765		(526,192)	\$	(1,537,957)
Fund Balance, July 1						17,797,906		
Fund Balance, June 30					\$	17,271,714		

### **NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS**

### **Local Transportation Fund**

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the operations and maintenance of the City's public transit activities and has particular emphasis on serving the elderly and the handicapped.

### School-Age Child Care Fund

The fund accounts for the receipt of parent fees and State grants used to finance child development programs.

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-Ty	erprise Funds	
	Local Transportation	School-Age Child Care	Totals
Assets:			
Current:			
Cash and investments	\$ 3,617,517	\$ 395	\$ 3,617,912
Receivables	7,405,346	220,163	7,625,509
Total Current Assets	11,022,863	220,558	11,243,421
Noncurrent:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	6,881,450	_	6,881,450
Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	30,348,302	2,557,360	32,905,662
Total Noncurrent Assets	37,229,752	2,557,360	39,787,112
Total Assets	<u>\$ 48,252,615</u>	\$ 2,777,918	\$ 51,030,533
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	\$ 89,000	\$ 484,000	\$ 573,000
Deferred outflows related to pensions	448,112	1,402,790	1,850,902
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 537,112	\$ 1,886,790	\$ 2,423,902
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position:			
Liabilities:			
Current:			
Accounts payable	\$ 882,785	\$ 72,749	\$ 955,534
Accrued liabilities	43,094	142,055	185,149
Unearned revenues	6,779,533	87,573	6,867,106
Deposits payable	15	· -	15
Due to other funds	-	2,452,396	2,452,396
Accrued compensated absences	100,234	216,068	316,302
Total Current Liabilities	7,805,661	2,970,841	10,776,502
Noncurrent:			
Advances from other funds	-	890,000	890,000
Accrued compensated absences	133,133	77,726	210,859
Net OPEB liability	783,000	4,265,000	5,048,000
Net pension liability	2,853,772	8,933,574	11,787,346
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,769,905	14,166,300	17,936,205
Total Liabilities	11,575,566	17,137,141	28,712,707
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	371,000	2,023,000	2,394,000
Deferred inflows related to pensions	16,504	51,666	68,170
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	387,504	2,074,666	2,462,170
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	37,229,752	2,557,360	39,787,112
Unrestricted	(403,095)	(17,104,459)	(17,507,554)
Total Net Position	36,826,657	(14,547,099)	22,279,558
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 48,789,727	\$ 4,664,708	\$ 53,454,435

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Operating Revenues:         Local Transportation         School-Age Child Care         Totals           Sales and service charges         \$ 2688.884         \$ 2,986,566         \$ 3,255,440           Miscellaneous         439,105         3,238,373         3,677,478           Total Operating Revenues         439,105         3,238,373         3,677,478           Operating Expenses:         8         28,292         1,232,249           Administration and general         6,832,947         5,607,398         12,220,343           Operating Expenses         6,832,947         5,607,398         12,220,343           Operating Income and amortization         1,902,734         113,988         2,016,722           Total Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304         15,889,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (1,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         13,461,229         499,578         13,954,837           Interest expense         (42,073)         15,050         (20,100)           Interest expense         (71,265)         2,000         (20,000)           Interest expense         (71,265)         2,000         (20,000)           Spin Independence (Loss)         (3,343,921)		Business-Ty	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
Operating Revenues:         \$268,884         \$2,986,556         \$3,255,400           Sales and service charges         439,105         \$2,383,333         3,677,478           Total Operating Revenues         \$2,000,472         \$2,392,303         3,677,478           Operating Expenses:         \$2,000,472         \$2,392,900         \$1,232,348           Operating Income (general Operations)         6,632,947         5,607,396         \$1,232,348           Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,041         \$1,489,412           Operating Income (Loss)         9,544,110         5,945,041         \$1,489,414           Operating Revenues (Expenses)         \$2,945,411         \$1,394,337         \$1,394,337           Numberating Revenues (Expenses)         \$2,954,110         \$1,394,331         \$1,318,318           Interest revenue         \$1,200,000         \$1,394,032         \$1,000,000			•	Tarala			
Miscellaneous         170,221         251,817         422,038           Total Operating Revenues         439,105         3,238,373         3,677,478           Operating Expenses:         1,008,429         223,920         1,232,434           Operations of Operations of Operations on Expenses         6,632,947         5,607,396         12,240,434           Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304         15,889,41           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (1,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         3,461,259         499,578         13,954,837           Interest expense         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         (42,073)         45,044         13,954,837           Interest expense         (71,265)         2,000         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         49,375         13,954,837           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         3,347,921         456,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         89,468         2,248,887         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         91,422         70,081         161,503           Transfer							
Operating Expenses:         Income (Loss)         223,920         1,232,349           Operations         6,632,947         5,607,366         12,240,343           Depreciation and amortization         1,902,734         113,988         20,16,722           Depreciating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,004         15,489,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         313,461,259         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest revenue         (2,050)         (20,500)         (20,500)           Interest expense         (2,050)         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         31,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·					
Administration and general         1,008,429         223,292         1,232,349           Operations         6,632,947         5,607,396         1,240,343           Depreciation         1,902,734         113,988         2,016,722           Total Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304         15,489,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         8         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest revenue         (71,265)         -         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers         89,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally report	Total Operating Revenues	439,105	3,238,373	3,677,478			
Operations Depreciation and amortization         6.632,947 (1.902,734)         5,607,396 (1.2240,343)         12.240,343 (2.016,722)           Total Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304 (1.811,936)         15,489,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         313,461,259         493,578 (15,034)         13,954,837 (17,107)           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest revenues         1         42,025         2         20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833							
Depreciation and amortization         1,902,734         113,988         2,016,722           Total Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304         15,489,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         3         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         2         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         7         69,468         7         69,468         7         69,468         7         70,081         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503         161,503			,	, ,			
Total Operating Expenses         9,544,110         5,945,304         15,489,414           Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         31,461,259         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         (20,500)         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468         -         69,468         -         69,468         -         69,468         -         161,503         161,503         161,503         Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000         2,225,000         Net Position:         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725         Restatements         194,833         -         194,833         -         194,833         -         194,833         -         194,833			, ,	, ,			
Operating Income (Loss)         (9,105,005)         (2,706,931)         (11,811,936)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         Subventions and grants         13,461,259         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         2         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         17,1265         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Depreciation and amortization	1,902,734	113,900	2,010,722			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):         3461,259         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         (20,500)         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Total Operating Expenses	9,544,110	5,945,304	15,489,414			
Subventions and grants         13,461,259         493,578         13,954,837           Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         -         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Operating Income (Loss)	(9,105,005)	(2,706,931)	(11,811,936)			
Interest revenue         (42,073)         (15,034)         (57,107)           Interest expense         -         (20,500)         (20,500)           Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         -         (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Interest expense Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (20,500) (20,500) (71,265)         (20,500) (20,500) (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Subventions and grants	13,461,259		13,954,837			
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets         (71,265)         - (71,265)           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         - 69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         - 194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558		(42,073)					
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558		·	(20,500)	` ' '			
Revenues (Expenses)         13,347,921         458,044         13,805,965           Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(71,265)		(71,265)			
Income (Loss) Before Transfers         4,242,916         (2,248,887)         1,994,029           Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Total Nonoperating						
Capital contributions from developers and governmental activities       69,468       -       69,468         Transfers in       91,422       70,081       161,503         Changes in Net Position       4,403,806       (2,178,806)       2,225,000         Net Position:         Beginning of Year, as originally reported       32,228,018       (12,368,293)       19,859,725         Restatements       194,833       -       194,833         Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated       32,422,851       (12,368,293)       20,054,558	Revenues (Expenses)	13,347,921	458,044	13,805,965			
and governmental activities         69,468         -         69,468           Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:         8         -         1,2368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Income (Loss) Before Transfers	4,242,916	(2,248,887)	1,994,029			
Transfers in         91,422         70,081         161,503           Changes in Net Position         4,403,806         (2,178,806)         2,225,000           Net Position:           Beginning of Year, as originally reported         32,228,018         (12,368,293)         19,859,725           Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558							
Changes in Net Position       4,403,806       (2,178,806)       2,225,000         Net Position:       Beginning of Year, as originally reported       32,228,018       (12,368,293)       19,859,725         Restatements       194,833       -       194,833         Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated       32,422,851       (12,368,293)       20,054,558		,	70.004	,			
Net Position:         Beginning of Year, as originally reported       32,228,018       (12,368,293)       19,859,725         Restatements       194,833       -       194,833         Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated       32,422,851       (12,368,293)       20,054,558	Transfers in	91,422	70,081	161,503			
Beginning of Year, as originally reported       32,228,018       (12,368,293)       19,859,725         Restatements       194,833       -       194,833         Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated       32,422,851       (12,368,293)       20,054,558	Changes in Net Position	4,403,806	(2,178,806)	2,225,000			
Restatements         194,833         -         194,833           Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated         32,422,851         (12,368,293)         20,054,558	Net Position:						
Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated 32,422,851 (12,368,293) 20,054,558	Beginning of Year, as originally reported	32,228,018	(12,368,293)	19,859,725			
	Restatements	194,833		194,833			
End of Fiscal Year <u>\$ 36,826,657</u> <u>\$ (14,547,099)</u> <u>\$ 22,279,558</u>	Beginning of Fiscal Year, as restated	32,422,851	(12,368,293)	20,054,558			
	End of Fiscal Year	\$ 36,826,657	\$ (14,547,099)	\$ 22,279,558			

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				
	Local Transportation	School-Age Child Care	Totals		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ (3,903,987) (5,950,108) (1,855,402)	\$ 3,274,868 (1,453,668) (4,745,504)	\$ (629,119) (7,403,776) (6,600,906)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(11,709,497)	(2,924,304)	(14,633,801)		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers in Increase/decrease in due to other funds Increase/decrease in deposits Subventions and grants	91,422 - - 13,461,259	70,081 2,397,396 - 493,578	161,503 2,397,396 - 13,954,837		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	13,552,681	2,961,055	16,513,736		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital contributions Acquisition and construction of capital assets Interest paid on capital debt Advance from other funds Proceeds from sales of capital assets	69,468 (6,645,088) - - 22,730	(380,439) (20,500) (55,000)	69,468 (7,025,527) (20,500) (55,000) 22,730		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(6,552,890)	(455,939)	(7,008,829)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received	(42,073)	(15,034)	(57,107)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	(42,073)	(15,034)	(57,107)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(4,751,779)	(434,222)	(5,186,001)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	8,369,296	434,617	8,803,913		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 3,617,517	\$ 395	\$ 3,617,912		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$ (9,105,005)	\$ (2,706,931)	\$(11,811,936)		
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred pension related items Increase (decrease) in deferred OPEB related items Increase (decrease) in compensated absences  Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	1,902,734 (5,356,342) 171,436 463 1,013,250 (497,001) (75,999) 163,141 121,001 (47,175) (2,604,492)	113,988 38,922 11,492 36,029 (2,427) 706,362 (84,000) (294,947) (686,000) (56,792) (217,373)	2,016,722 (5,317,420) 182,928 36,492 1,010,823 209,361 (159,999) (131,806) (564,999) (103,967) (2,821,865) \$(14,633,801)		
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Gain/(Loss) on disposition of capital assets Capital contributions	\$ (71,265) 69,468	\$ -	\$ (71,265) 69,468		

#### **INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS**

Internal Service Funds are used to finance and account for special activities and services performed by a designated department for other departments in the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

Financial reporting standards require that for the Statement of Activities, the net revenues or expenses of each internal service fund be eliminated by netting them against the operations of the other City departments which generated them. The remaining balance sheet items are consolidated with these same funds in the Statement of Net Position.

However, internal service funds are still presented separately in the Fund financial statements, including the funds below.

<u>Fleet Fund</u>. To account for the maintenance and replacement of vehicles used by City departments. Funds are received by means of a rental fee charged to the various departments.

<u>Facilities Fund</u>. To account for building maintenance and custodial services for City departments.

<u>Information Technology Fund</u>. To account for the City's IT infrastructure and related support services.

General Equipment Replacement Fund. To account for the replacement of equipment for City departments.

<u>Worker's Compensation Fund</u>. To account for the City's self-insurance program for Workers' Compensation benefits and for the administration of various preventative programs.

<u>General Liability Fund</u>. To account for the cost of claims and administrative costs of the City's self-insured general liability program.

<u>Unemployment Reserve Fund</u>. To account for State and Federal mandated unemployment insurance benefits for employees.

General Benefits. To account for the City's insurance programs for employee benefits.

		Governmental Activities	- Internal Service Fund	s
	Fleet	Facilities	Information Technology	General Equipment Replacement
Assets:				
Current: Cash and investments Receivables Notes and loans	\$ 31,842,445 2,722,765 663,361	\$ 3,339,130 76,266	\$ 3,910,263 485	\$ 779,798 2,336
Prepaid costs Due from other funds Inventories	- 583,741 1,061,985	- - 6,336	73,323 - -	-
Total Current Assets	36,874,297	3,421,732	3,984,071	782,134
Noncurrent:				
Advances to other funds Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation	5,329,590 3,998,391 14,708,192	57,682 102,891,967	53,498 6,719,157	- - 1,241,634
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,036,173	102,949,649	6,772,655	1,241,634
Total Assets	60,910,470	106,371,381	10,756,726	2,023,768
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred OPEB related items Deferred pension related items	301,000 758,804	211,000 550,537	250,000 2,049,784	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,059,804	761,537	2,299,784	
Liabilities:				
Current:	200.404	470.007	70.040	07.000
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	283,124 84,030	178,607 25,087	72,316 80,513	27,388
Accrued compensated absences Accrued claims and judgments	164,812	124,264	454,960	
Total Current Liabilities	531,966	327,958	607,789	27,388
Noncurrent:				
Accrued compensated absences Accrued claims and judgments	173,972 -	115,961 -	454,316 -	-
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	2,658,000 4,832,391	1,863,000 3,506,053	2,203,000 13,053,917	- -
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,664,363	5,485,014	15,711,233	
Total Liabilities	8,196,329	5,812,972	16,319,022	27,388
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred OPEB related items	1,261,000	884,000	1,045,000	-
Deferred pension related items	27,948	20,277	75,495	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,288,948	904,277	1,120,495	
Net Position:				
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted	18,706,583 33,778,414	102,949,649 (2,533,980)	6,772,655 (11,155,662)	1,241,634 754,746
Total Net Position	\$ 52,484,997	\$ 100,415,669	\$ (4,383,007)	\$ 1,996,380

			Governmental Activities	- Interna	l Service Fund	s		
	Co	Worker's mpensation	General Liability		mployment Reserve	Gen	eral Benefits	Totals
Assets:								 
Current: Cash and investments Receivables Notes and loans	\$	10,786,062 34,635	\$ 3,857,600 19,323	\$	438,543 3,884	\$	1,320,349 6,291	\$ 56,274,190 2,865,985 663,361
Prepaid costs Due from other funds Inventories		- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -	 73,323 583,741 1,068,321
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		10,820,697	3,876,923		442,427		1,326,640	61,528,921
Noncurrent:  Advances to other funds  Capital assets not being depreciated  Capital assets - net of accumulated depreciation		- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -	 5,329,590 4,109,571 125,560,950
Total Noncurrent Assets		-	-		-		-	135,000,111
Total Assets		10,820,697	3,876,923		442,427		1,326,640	196,529,032
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred OPEB related items Deferred pension related items		82,913	74,543		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 762,000 3,516,581
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		82,913	74,543		<u> </u>			 4,278,581
Liabilities:								
Current: Accounts payable		1,956	2,676		31,299		198,985	796,351
Accrued liabilities		7,639	7,180		- ,		-	204,449
Accrued compensated absences Accrued claims and judgments		18,412 2,175,270	16,773 601,533		-		-	779,221 2,776,803
Total Current Liabilities		2,203,277	628,162		31,299		198,985	4,556,824
Noncurrent:								
Accrued compensated absences Accrued claims and judgments Net OPEB liability		34,102 6,525,811	33,330 1,278,257		-		-	811,681 7,804,068 6,724,000
Net or EB liability Net pension liability		528,023	474,721		<u> </u>			 22,395,105
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		7,087,936	1,786,308					 37,734,854
Total Liabilities		9,291,213	2,414,470		31,299		198,985	 42,291,678
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred OPEB related items		_	_		_		_	3,190,000
Deferred pension related items		3,054	2,745					 129,519
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,054	2,745		<u> </u>			 3,319,519
Net Position:								
Investment in capital assets Unrestricted		1,609,343	1,534,251		411,128		1,127,655	 129,670,521 25,525,895
Total Net Position	\$	1,609,343	\$ 1,534,251	\$	411,128	\$	1,127,655	\$ 155,196,416

		Governmental Activities	s - Internal Service Fund	ls
	Fleet	Facilities	Information Technology	General Equipment Replacement
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 14,862,939 425,392	\$ 7,287,722 61,933	\$ 12,674,058	\$ 300,000 300
Total Operating Revenues	15,288,331	7,349,655	12,674,058	300,300
Operating Expenses: Depreciation and amortization Operations Claims expense	4,645,669 11,340,388 	4,256,242 9,494,000	2,088,077 14,315,673 	194,993 73,271
Total Operating Expenses	15,986,057	13,750,242	16,403,750	268,264
Operating Income (Loss)	(697,726)	(6,400,587)	(3,729,692)	32,036
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue Contributions	195,400 44,875	2,375	(14,816) 186,150	561 2,500
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	240,275	2,375	171,334	3,061
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(457,451)	(6,398,212)	(3,558,358)	35,097
Transfers in Transfers out	11,240 (34,555)	<u> </u>		(11,879)
Changes in Net Position	(480,766)	(6,398,212)	(3,558,358)	23,218
Net Position: Beginning of Year	52,965,763	106,813,881	(824,649)	1,973,162
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 52,484,997	\$ 100,415,669	\$ (4,383,007)	\$ 1,996,380

	 	Governn	nental Activities	- Interna	I Service Funds	s		
	Worker's mpensation	Gen	eral Liability		mployment Reserve	Gen	eral Benefits	Totals
Operating Revenues: Sales and service charges Miscellaneous	\$ 3,993,355 1,143,462	\$	2,110,063	\$	124,656 550,551	\$	2,032,884 208	\$ 43,385,677 2,181,846
Total Operating Revenues	 5,136,817		2,110,063		675,207		2,033,092	 45,567,523
Operating Expenses: Depreciation and amortization Operations Claims expense	1,315,677 4,480,193		- 2,619,594 1,136,018		- - 662,407		- 168,255 2,201,457	 11,184,981 39,326,858 8,480,075
Total Operating Expenses	 5,795,870		3,755,612		671,736		2,369,712	59,001,243
Operating Income (Loss)	 (659,053)		(1,645,549)		3,471		(336,620)	 (13,433,720)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses): Interest revenue Contributions	 (12,898)		(26,521) 2,243		(5,584)		6,059	 144,576 235,768
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	 (12,898)		(24,278)		(5,584)		6,059	 380,344
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(671,951)		(1,669,827)		(2,113)		(330,561)	(13,053,376)
Transfers in Transfers out	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		-	11,240 (46,434)
Changes in Net Position	(671,951)		(1,669,827)		(2,113)		(330,561)	(13,088,570)
Net Position: Beginning of Year	 2,281,294		3,204,078		413,241		1,458,216	 168,284,986
End of Fiscal Year	\$ 1,609,343	\$	1,534,251	\$	411,128	\$	1,127,655	\$ 155,196,416

			Govern	nental Activities	- Inter	nal Service Fund	s	
		Fleet		Facilities		Information Fechnology		ral Equipment placement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Claims paid	\$	15,165,083 (6,685,505) (1,722,723)	\$	7,303,377 (4,482,992) (1,099,054)	\$	12,676,529 (7,950,398) (3,375,300)	\$	301,136 (238,929) -
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		6,756,855		1,721,331		1,350,831		62,207
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers out		(34,555)		-		-		(11,879)
Cash transfers in Payment made to other funds Advance to other funds Subventions and grants		(16,955) 593,804		-		57,666 - -		-
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities		542,294				57,666		(11,879)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(10,722,579)		(63,745)		- -		(686,879) 2,557
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(10,722,579)		(63,745)				(684,322)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received		195,400		2,375		(14,816)		561
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		195,400		2,375		(14,816)		561
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(3,228,030)		1,659,961		1,393,681		(633,433)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		35,070,475		1,679,169		2,516,582		1,413,231
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	31,842,445	\$	3,339,130	\$	3,910,263	\$	779,798
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(697,726)	\$	(6,400,587)	\$	(3,729,692)	\$	32,036
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss)  Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:  Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables		4,645,669 (123,248)		4,256,242 (46,278)		2,088,077 2,471		194,993 836
(Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(128,074) - (108,840) 21,302		(6,336) 55,011 8,495		34,249 (227,962) 27,941		- (165,658) -
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability (Increase) decrease in deferred pension related items		337,886 (253,000) 44,210		405,720 155,000 598,312		(75,905) (47,000) 2,434,483		- - -
(Increase) decrease in deferred OPEB related items Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		2,982,000 36,676		2,695,000 752		828,000 16,169		<u>-</u>
Total Adjustments		7,454,581		8,121,918		5,080,523		30,171
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	6,756,855	\$	1,721,331	\$	1,350,831	\$	62,207
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital contribution	\$	56,115	\$	57,682	\$	128,484	\$	2,500

			Governi	nental Activities	- Intern	al Service Fund	s			
	Co	Worker's mpensation	Ger	neral Liability		employment Reserve	Gen	eral Benefits		Totals
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services Claims paid	\$	5,151,270 (540,557) (564,470) (4,480,193)	\$	2,112,624 (2,208,238) (223,448) (1,136,018)	\$	675,696 (572,595) - (662,407)	\$	2,034,881 146,337 - (2,201,457)	\$	45,420,596 (22,532,877) (6,984,995) (8,480,075)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(433,950)		(1,455,080)		(559,306)		(20,239)		7,422,649
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Cash transfers out		-		-		-		-		(46,434)
Cash transfers in Payment made to other funds		-		-		-		-		57,666 (16,955)
Advance to other funds Subventions and grants				2,243					-	593,804 2,243
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities				2,243		<u>-</u>				590,324
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Acquisition and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets		- -		- -		- -		- -		(11,473,203) 2,557
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities										(11,470,646)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received		(12,898)		(26,521)		(5,584)		6,059		144,576
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(12,898)		(26,521)		(5,584)		6,059		144,576
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(446,848)		(1,479,358)		(564,890)		(14,180)		(3,313,097)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		11,232,910		5,336,958		1,003,433		1,334,529		59,587,287
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	10,786,062	\$	3,857,600	\$	438,543	\$	1,320,349	\$	56,274,190
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	_\$	(659,053)	\$	(1,645,549)	\$	3,471	\$	(336,620)	\$	(13,433,720)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:										44 404 004
Depreciation (Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in inventory		14,453		2,561		489		1,789 -		11,184,981 (146,927) (134,410)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		1,978 699		(14,258) 1,798		(563,266) -		233,063 81,529 -		267,312 (941,466) 60,235
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments Increase (decrease) in net pension liability Increase (decrease) in net OPEB liability		606,661 (81,960)		151,276 44,730 -		- - -		- - -		757,937 630,471 (145,000)
(Increase) decrease in deferred pension related items (Increase) decrease in deferred OPEB related items Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		(318,411) - 1,683		1,510 - 2,852		- - -		- - -		2,760,104 6,505,000 58,132
Total Adjustments		225,103		190,469		(562,777)		316,381		20,856,369
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(433,950)	\$	(1,455,080)	\$	(559,306)	\$	(20,239)	\$	7,422,649
Non-Cash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities: Capital contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	244,781

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#### PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Private-Purpose Trust funds are used to account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit private organizations or other governments.

<u>Endowment Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u>. To account for trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit private organizations.

<u>Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u>. Established to account for the activities of the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Roseville.

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	_	ndowment ate-Purpose Trust	Ag Re Ag	Successor gency to the development ency Private- urpose Trust	Total
Assets:					
Cash and investments in City Treasury	\$	1,942,739	\$	3,959,196	\$ 5,901,935
Receivables:					
Accounts		3,644		110,777	114,421
Notes and loans		-		2,313,965	2,313,965
Restricted assets:					
Cash and investments with fiscal agents				251,938	251,938
Total Assets		1,946,383		6,635,876	 8,582,259
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-		643	643
Accrued liabilities		-		804,612	804,612
Long-term liabilities:					
Bonds due in one year		-		2,424,328	2,424,328
Bonds due in more than one year				41,487,924	 41,487,924
Total Liabilities		_		44,717,507	44,717,507
Net Position (Deficit):					
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other					
governments		1,946,383		(38,081,631)	 (36,135,248)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	1,946,383	\$	(38,081,631)	\$ (36,135,248)

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Endowment Private-Purpose Trust	Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private- Purpose Trust	Total
Additions:	•	Φ 0000 700	Φ 0000 700
Property taxes, net of pass through payments Investment income	(10.068)	\$ 3,220,763	\$ 3,220,763
investment income	(10,968)	59,747	48,779
Total Additions	(10,968)	3,280,510	3,269,542
Deductions:			
Administrative expenses	-	2,041,780	2,041,780
Contractual services	10,447	4,353	14,800
Interest and fiscal charges	-	1,031,688	1,031,688
Contributions to other governments		74,369	74,369
Total Deductions	10,447	3,152,190	3,162,637
Changes in Net Position	(21,415)	128,320	106,905
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	1,967,798	(38,209,951)	(36,242,153)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 1,946,383	\$ (38,081,631)	\$ (36,135,248)

#### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, governmental entities, and non-public organizations. These funds include the following:

<u>Special Assessments/Community Services Districts (CSDs)</u>. These funds account for the monies collected and disbursed for land-based debt, where the City is not obligated for the debt.

<u>North Roseville – Rocklin Sewer Refunding District</u>. To account for debt service related to bonds issued to finance the construction of sewer infrastructure in North Roseville and Rocklin.

<u>Foothills Boulevard Extension Assessment</u>. To collect fees from new development to finance the extension of Foothills Boulevard.

<u>Highway 65 JPA (Bizz Johnson JPA)</u>. This JPA, which consists of the City, City of Rocklin and Placer County, was formed to fund interchanges off of Highway 65. The City acts as lead agency and treasurer. The fees are collected via building permits.

<u>Dry Creek Drainage Basin</u>. Fees are collected via building permits for the Dry Creek area and submitted quarterly to Placer County for drainage mitigation.

<u>County Capital Facilities Fee</u>. This fee was established by the County to fund future county capital facilities from development. It is collected via building permits and submitted quarterly to the County.

South Placer Wastewater Authority (SPWA). SPWA is a Joint Powers Authority comprised of the City, Placer County and South Placer Public Utilities District. The City is acting as the treasurer and construction manager. This JPA was formed to issue debt to facilitate the construction of the regional wastewater infrastructure. The agencies collect regional wastewater connection fees and submit them to SPWA which is used for debt service payments and for the future expansion of facilities.

<u>Special Sewer Benefit Areas</u>. The Sewer Special Benefit Areas were established to reimburse from properties benefiting from certain sewer infrastructure and oversized pipelines in portions of the City. The reimbursements are made to various project participants.

<u>South Placer County Tourism Business Improvement District (SPCTBID)</u>. All hotels in the region are assessed fees for the purpose of promoting tourism in the area. These fees are forwarded to the City quarterly and then submitted quarterly to the SPCTBID.

<u>South Placer County Safe Kids Coalition</u>. The fees are collected for and submitted to an organization in Placer County for child safety programs.

<u>External Traffic Mitigation Fees</u>. These fees are collected via building permits and submitted quarterly to Placer County and Placer County Transportation Authority to fund regional traffic mitigation due to new developments.

#### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

<u>Placer County Air Pollution Control Fund</u>. The fee is collected to contribute towards construction of a future animal shelter in South Placer County.

<u>Sierra College Boulevard Fund</u>. To account for contributions to provide maintenance of bike trails and open space.

<u>Special Assessment Collection Fees</u>. To account for fees collected for Placer County's administration of the City's Special Assessments.

<u>Developer Reimbursements</u>. To account for developer reimbursements.

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	mur		Special Assessments/Com North Roseville - munity Services Rocklin Sewer Districts (CSDs) Refunding District		Bo Ex	oothills ulevard tension essment	_	nway 65 JPA zz Johnson JPA)
Assets:	_						_	
Cash and investments in City Treasury Receivables:	\$	24,648,350	\$	3,508	\$	1,423	\$	252,811
Accounts		1,658,567		-		-		294,892
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		31,224,997						<del>-</del>
Total Assets		57,531,914		3,508		1,423		547,703
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred charge on refunding		18,919,471						-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		18,919,471						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		481		9		4		649
Accrued liabilities		5,598,463		-		-		-
Unearned revenues		82,648		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-
Due to other government agencies Long-term liabilities:		-		-		-		8,428,220
Bonds due in one year		14,094,500		_		_		_
Bonds due in more than one year		407,185,938						
Total Liabilities		426,962,030		9		4		8,428,869
Net Position (Deficit):								
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other governments		(350,510,645)		3,499		1,419		(7,881,166)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(350,510,645)	\$	3,499	\$	1,419	\$	(7,881,166)

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

JUNE 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

		/ Creek age Basin		unty Capital Facilities	,	South Placer Wastewater hority (SPWA)	Special Sewer Benefit Areas	
Assets: Cash and investments in City Treasury	\$	1.232	\$	1,299,544	\$	101,673,359	\$	201,515
Receivables:	Φ	1,232	Φ	1,299,544	Φ	101,073,339	φ	201,313
Accounts		37		-		1,146,092		527
Restricted assets:								
Cash and investments with fiscal agents	-					43,174,922		
Total Assets		1,269		1,299,544		145,994,373		202,042
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred charge on refunding		-		-		-		-
3				-				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		-		<u> </u>		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable		-		1,270,757		10,474,273		-
Accrued liabilities		-		-		1,011,221		-
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		4,810		-		-		147,272
Due to other government agencies		20		9,211		-		-
Long-term liabilities:						F 400 000		
Bonds due in one year		-		-		5,400,000 149,414,243		-
Bonds due in more than one year	-			<u>-</u>		149,414,243	-	
Total Liabilities		4,830		1,279,968		166,299,737		147,272
Net Position (Deficit):								
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other								
governments		(3,561)		19,576		(20,305,364)		54,770
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(3,561)	\$	19,576	\$	(20,305,364)	\$	54,770

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2021

	Tou Impro	n Placer County rism Business evement District (SPCTBID)	South Placer County Safe Kids Coalition			ernal Traffic igation Fees	Placer County Air Pollution Control Fund		
Assets:	_			_	_				
Cash and investments in City Treasury Receivables:	\$	26,682	\$	7	\$	2,046,995	\$	45,549	
Accounts		1,357,363		15		4,845,388		_	
Restricted assets:		1,007,000		10		4,040,000			
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		514,964		-				<u>-</u>	
Total Assets		1,899,009		22		6,892,383		45,549	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Deferred charge on refunding		-				-		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		-	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		841,550		-		2,007,112		44	
Accrued liabilities		148,869		-		-		-	
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-	
Deposits payable		-		-		-		-	
Due to other government agencies		-		-		13,121		44,119	
Long-term liabilities:									
Bonds due in one year		1,096,000		-		-		-	
Bonds due in more than one year		31,063,000	-	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
Total Liabilities		33,149,419			-	2,020,233		44,163	
Net Position (Deficit):									
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other									
governments		(31,250,410)		22		4,872,150		1,386	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(31,250,410)	\$	22	\$	4,872,150	\$	1,386	

		a College evard Fund	Special Assessment Collection Fees		Developer Reimbursements		Totals
Assets:	\$	25.681	\$	13,595	\$	1 520 674	¢ 121 770 025
Cash and investments in City Treasury Receivables:	Ф	25,061	Ф	13,595	Ф	1,538,674	\$ 131,778,925
Accounts		_		_		3,958	9,306,839
Restricted assets:						-,	-,,
Cash and investments with fiscal agents						-	74,914,883
Total Assets		25,681		13,595		1,542,632	216,000,647
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred charge on refunding		-		-			18,919,471
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>			18,919,471
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable		24		34		1,444,892	16,039,829
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-	6,758,553
Unearned revenues		-		-		-	82,648
Deposits payable		-		-		-	152,082
Due to other government agencies Long-term liabilities:		24,900		13,122		-	8,532,713
Bonds due in one year		_		_		_	20,590,500
Bonds due in more than one year		-					587,663,181
Total Liabilities		24,924		13,156		1,444,892	639,819,506
Net Position (Deficit):							
Held in trust for private purposes, organizations and other							
governments		757		439		97,740	(404,899,388)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	757	\$	439	\$	97,740	\$ (404,899,388)

	Special Assessments/Com munity Services Districts (CSDs)	North Roseville - Rocklin Sewer Refunding District	Foothills Boulevard Extension Assessment	Highway 65 JPA (Bizz Johnson JPA)
Additions: Property taxes, net of pass through payments Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions from City Contributions from members	\$ 32,122,497 - 88,327 163,061	\$ - (2)	\$ - (3) -	\$ - 998
Miscellaneous	3,000			1,380,235
Total Additions	32,376,885	(2)	(3)	1,381,233
Deductions: Administrative expenses Interest and fiscal charges Contributions to other governments  Total Deductions	1,127,732 19,595,737 76,572,565 <b>97,296,034</b>	: 	- - -	9,633 9,633
Changes in Net Position  Net Position - Beginning of the Year	(64,919,149)	(2)	(3)	1,371,600
	-	-	-	-
Restatements	(285,591,496)	3,501	1,422	(9,252,766)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated	(285,591,496)	3,501	1,422	(9,252,766)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ (350,510,645)	\$ 3,499	\$ 1,419	\$ (7,881,166)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (CONTINUED)

	Dry Cre Drainage I		County Capital Facilities	South Placer Wastewater Authority (SPWA)	Special Sewer Benefit Areas
Additions: Property taxes, net of pass through payments Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions from City Contributions from members	\$	- (2) -	\$ - (2,660)	\$ - 2,258,586 401,081 - 22,590,272	\$ - (69) -
Miscellaneous  Total Additions	<u></u>	(2)	4,057,233 4,054,573	25,249,939	(69)
Deductions: Administrative expenses Interest and fiscal charges Contributions to other governments  Total Deductions		- - 20	4,057,413 4,057,413	4,346,699 53,018,751 <b>57,365,450</b>	· · · · · ·
					(00)
Changes in Net Position  Net Position - Beginning of the Year		(22)	(2,840)	(32,115,511)	(69)
Restatements		(3,539)	22,416	11,810,147	54,839
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated		(3,539)	22,416	11,810,147	54,839
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(3,561)	\$ 19,576	\$ (20,305,364)	\$ 54,770

	Tourism Improven	acer County n Business nent District CTBID)	South Placer County Safe Kids Coalition	External Traffic Mitigation Fees	Placer County Air Pollution Control Fund
Additions: Property taxes, net of pass through payments Intergovernmental Investment income Contributions from City Contributions from members Miscellaneous	\$	4,193,931 - (16) -	\$ - (8)	\$ - 485 - 9.580,702	\$ - 461 - 76,168
Total Additions		4,193,915	(8)	9,581,187	76,629
Deductions: Administrative expenses Interest and fiscal charges Contributions to other governments Total Deductions		2,350 989,720 9,686,802 10,678,872	4,595 4,595	- - 6,002,668 6,002,668	75,632 75,632
Changes in Net Position		(6,484,957)	(4,603)	3,578,519	997
Net Position - Beginning of the Year		-	-	-	-
Restatements		(24,765,453)	4,625	1,293,631	389
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated		(24,765,453)	4,625	1,293,631	389
Net Position - End of the Year	\$	(31,250,410)	\$ 22	\$ 4,872,150	\$ 1,386

	Sierra College Boulevard Fund	Special Assessment Collection Fees	Developer Reimbursements	Totals
Additions:				
Property taxes, net of pass through payments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,316,428
Intergovernmental	-	-	(04.500)	2,258,586
Investment income Contributions from City	256	3	(21,502)	467,349 163,061
Contributions from members	•	-	-	22,590,272
Miscellaneous	42,900	<u> </u>		15,140,238
Total Additions	43,156	3	(21,502)	76,935,934
Deductions:				
Administrative expenses	-	-	-	1,130,082
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	24,932,156
Contributions to other governments	42,600			149,470,679
Total Deductions	42,600			175,532,917
Changes in Net Position	556	3	(21,502)	(98,596,983)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year	-	-	-	-
Restatements	201	436	119,242	(306,302,405)
Net Position - Beginning of the Year, as Restated	201	436	119,242	(306,302,405)
Net Position - End of the Year	\$ 757	\$ 439	\$ 97,740	\$ (404,899,388)

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STATISTICAL SECTION

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#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and financial condition have changed over time:

Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the sales tax, property tax, and electric revenue:

#### Sales Tax Revenue

Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property Property Tax Rates, All Direct and Overlapping Governments Principal Property Tax Payers

Property Tax Levies and Collections Electric Customers and Revenues Residential Energy Prices Business Energy Prices

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type

Revenue Bond Coverage – 2011 Refunding Fixed Rate Wastewater Revenue Bonds – Series C Revenue Bond Coverage – 2020 Wastewater Refunding Revenue Bonds

Revenue Bond Coverage – 2017 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage –2014 Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds Bonded Debt Pledged Revenue Coverage –2016 Redevelopment Tax Allocation Bonds Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt

Computation of Legal Bonded Debt Margin

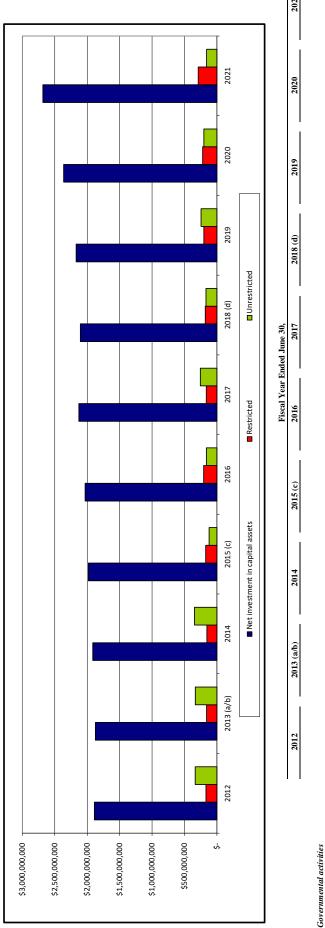
#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers

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NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (accrual basis of accounting) CITY OF ROSEVILLE Last Ten Fiscal Years



					Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ided June 30,				
	2012	2013 (a/b)	2014	2015 (c)	2016	2017	2018 (d)	2019	2020	2021
Governmental activities	0.00			000		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Net investment in capital assets	\$834,840,748	\$837,323,692	\$828,800,273	\$844,036,089	\$8/4,96/,/12	\$963,416,426	\$930,356,095	\$938,614,328	\$1,013,822,662	\$1,052,418,279
Restricted	140,299,702	131,372,528	123,592,373	139,686,598	171,581,599	128,500,453	130,786,912	155,247,564	166,271,014	248,827,815
Unrestricted	94,429,280	90,617,991	75,908,251	(94,115,158)	(93,575,847)	(42,897,806)	(125,570,328)	(101,759,015)	(132,007,818)	(101,767,672)
Total governmental activities net position	\$1,069,569,730	\$1,059,314,211	\$1,028,300,897	\$889,607,529	\$952,973,464	\$1,049,019,073	\$935,572,679	\$992,102,877	\$1,048,085,858	\$1,199,478,422
:										
Business-type activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$1,053,701,396	\$1,036,619,532	\$1,084,782,351	\$1,137,488,311	1,156,762,308	1,164,442,267	1,174,477,350	1,231,485,112	1,350,027,938	1,630,310,774
Restricted	28,837,472	27,217,358	31,557,118	33,974,831	33,300,330	35,568,403	48,717,018	45,469,335	53,658,787	47,518,162
Unrestricted	241,020,358	243,176,781	270,348,547	214,253,723	255,100,345	298,014,583	294,622,023	345,923,257	333,608,421	251,876,197
Total business-type activities net position	\$1,323,559,226	\$1,307,013,671	\$1,386,688,016	\$1,385,716,865	\$1,445,162,983	\$1,498,025,253	\$1,517,816,391	\$1,622,877,704	\$1,737,295,146	\$1,929,705,133
Primary government										
Net investment in capital assets	\$1,888,542,144	\$1,873,943,224	\$1,913,582,624	\$1,981,524,400	\$2,031,730,020	\$2,127,858,693	\$2,104,833,445	\$2,170,099,440	\$2,363,850,600	\$2,682,729,053
Restricted	169,137,174	158,589,886	155,149,491	173,661,429	204,881,929	164,068,856	179,503,930	200,716,899	219,929,801	288,172,012
Unrestricted	335,449,638	333,794,772	346,256,798	120,138,565	161,524,498	255,116,777	169,051,695	244,164,242	201,600,603	158,282,490
Total primary government net position	\$2,393,128,956	\$2,366,327,882	\$2,414,988,913	\$2,275,324,394	\$2,398,136,447	\$2,547,044,326	\$2,453,389,070	\$2,614,980,581	\$2,785,381,004	\$3,129,183,555

(a) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position." (b) The City restated certain balances in fiscal year 2014; the statistics prior to 2014 have not been restated.

<sup>(</sup>c) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statements 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015; the statistics prior to 2015 have not been restated. (d) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statements 75 in fiscal year 2018 and restated certain balances.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		,				!		,	1	
	2012	2013 (a)	2014	2015 (b)	2016	2017	2018 (c)	2019	2020	2021
Expenses										
Governmental Activities:	178 175 553	\$36 146 055	\$42 359 074	433 250 088	824 156 228	\$23 477 949	\$10.703.110	\$16,000,782	\$20 144 744	\$18,000,310
Development and Operations (e)	11,625,120	6,070,940	14,194,087	20,677,108	21,661,632	22,387,337	25,227,066	28,999,967	57,985,840	-
Development Services (e)		,	,			,			,	4,177,122
Economic Development (e) Public Works	32.524.417	42.655.128	26 482 643	17.191.405	12.786.495	15 499 737	21.316.464	10.732.197	17.390.714	3 801 296
Police	31,262,454	33,163,354	34,443,258	33,815,163	34,215,809	27,989,234	46,653,023	51,686,063	47,310,738	50,161,215
Fire	25,282,596	26,611,217	28,183,501	28,710,164	28,336,652	21,870,763	38,336,994	42,893,789	36,861,715	36,101,836
Library	4,631,691	4,537,528	4,634,502	4,728,411	4,675,146	3,356,937	5,888,252	6,095,245	4,756,588	5,960,578
Parks and recreation Annexation Payments (e)	20,209,935	22,032,310	15,959,155	21,676,006	21,289,788	19,273,481	28,848,599	29,543,138	51,791,977	34,984,176 7 494 258
Housing assistance payments	4,232,695	4,049,279	3,858,070	4,046,250	4,077,451	4,216,417	4,248,895	4,673,530	7,386,919	5,706,057
Interest on long-term debt	999,436	1,274,294	740,975	543,336	1,170,785	4,285,329	4,798,427	1,304,195	1,484,120	1,549,203
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	\$166,333,208	\$176,540,105	\$168,835,263	\$164,647,830	\$152,369,986	\$142,357,184	\$195,110,830	\$191,928,906	\$225,113,355	\$201,618,211
Business-Type Activities:										
Electric	\$144,985,608	\$144,141,500	\$144,616,552	\$139,307,833	\$141,831,457	\$150,984,130	\$149,337,786 d	\$140,049,539	\$139,578,420	\$154,771,931
Water	24,311,517	24,569,405	25,300,949	25,123,587	26,723,627	30,074,999	32,296,706	31,518,663	37,477,974	39,906,556
Wastewater	34,587,583	33,820,510	36,129,357	34,558,191	34,569,588	40,370,531	45,984,028	57,655,228	45,807,920	74,288,202
Solid Waste	15,855,280	16,173,643	16,113,470	17,028,218	75 177 8,385	18,307,460	22,628,907	24,131,176	26,489,550	25,082,857
Golf Course	2.487.080	2.617.733	2.501.897	2.598.524	2.502.782	24,083,497	-4,211,011	.23,711,70	125,022,52	100,640,22
Local Transportation	6,727,985	7,909,058	7,482,689	8,918,391	7,985,912	8,195,699	9,895,357	10,441,459	10,790,475	9,544,110
School-age Child Care	4,461,275	4,691,235	4,496,871	3,664,376	5,251,976	5,794,022	7,866,178	7,027,545	9,732,622	5,965,804
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses Total Primary Government Expenses	260,208,986	260,306,214	262,626,500	256,773,447	261,823,007	280,879,266	292,226,639	294,535,340	293,103,482	332,208,961
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities: Charges for Services:					1				9	9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
General Government Develonment and Operations (e)	\$2,778,080	\$2,650,8/3	\$2,519,443 7 131 093	94,151,967	8 941 215	\$5,153,373	\$5,688,733 12,440,599	\$4,426,702	\$4,405,118 15,847,685	\$8,023,303
Development and Operations (e) Development Services (e)		010,160,1	-	1/0,010,6	0,741,213	10,2,075,00		16,1471,21		27.002.711
Economic Development (e)		,	,	•	,	,				35,903
Public Works	2,919,180	3,124,557	224,389	207,635	30,618	518,117	158,610	222,332	1,459,973	5,271,802
Police	1,319,271	1,504,357	1,541,641	1,384,407	1,354,837	1,322,994	1,473,504	1,535,265	1,020,556	2,836,860
Libary	339,589	297,467	332,387	137,575	128.689	24.085	18.561	15,069	94.298	134,472
Parks and recreation	10,242,291	12,574,853	11,391,414	13,361,020	13,093,192	14,657,957	17,469,661	18,747,740	6,445,595	16,731,091
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,984,979	9,609,400	10,996,049	12,420,283	18,730,677	21,033,377	17,220,739	16,951,285	18,652,630	28,456,130
Capital Orants and Contributions Total Government Activities Program Revenues	19,862,713	54,061,754	57,951,901	72,043,249	38,641,052 86,722,256	90,980,928	84,382,997	97,295,684	118,522,789	775,195,977
Business-Type Activities:										
Charges for services.	160.141.372	159,002,035	162.182.048	168.349.951	167.160.777	166.006.839	168.559.762	168.047.418	162,547,979	\$165,995,197
Water	19,954,068	22,899,867	23,212,495	23,511,499	22,960,518	27,983,419	31,624,951	32,851,109	34,797,988	36,887,506
Wastewater	28,088,503	27,693,272	30,398,896	31,786,319	34,411,404	39,000,990	37,426,508	43,389,397	42,065,481	43,609,275
Solid waste Natural Gas	20,903,993	21,437,536	21,806,830	16 528 513	16 572 034	16 52 8 513	16 528 513	16 738 649	16 563 725	14 568 504
Golf Course	2,702,741	2,460,509	2,392,702	2,386,188	2,216,692	1,931,550	-	-	-	-
Local Transportation	974,344	1,075,864	1,141,354	1,201,224	1,177,935	1,396,957	1,138,726	1,114,798	923,491	268,884
School-age Child Care	4,047,021	4,475,225	4,780,848	4,273,030	5,475,945	5,680,237	6,396,920	6,867,594	5,431,246	2,986,556
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	13,729,467	17 501 234	13,286,309	50 670 825	5,878,012	10,040,843	78 824 553	74 948 559	97 350 203	15,934,637
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenue	279,428,660	280.251,269	319.270.591	334,983,128	334.066.548	353,307,648	377,372,504	393,439,806	398,017,881	522,490,666
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$322,868,706	\$334,313,023	\$377,222,492	\$407,026,377	\$420,788,804	\$444,288,576	\$461,755,501	\$490,735,490	\$516,540,670	\$697,686,643
Net (Expense)/Revenue			00000							
Governmental Activities	(\$122,893,162)	(\$122,478,351)	(\$110,883,362)	(\$92,604,581)	(\$65,647,730)	(\$51,576,256)	(\$110,727,833)	(\$94,653,222)	(\$106,590,566)	(\$26,422,234)
Business-Type Activities	19,219,674	19,945,055	56,644,091	78,209,681	72,243,541	72,428,382	85,145,865 d	98,904,466 d	104,914,399 d	190,281,705
Total Primary Government Net Expense	(\$103,673,488)	(\$102,533,296)	(\$54,239,271)	(\$14,394,900)	\$6,595,811	\$21,052,126	(\$25,581,968)	\$4,271,244	(\$1,676,167)	\$163,859,471

(Continued)

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2012	2013 (a)	2014	2015 (b)	2016	2017	2018 (c)	2019	2020	2021
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities: Taxes:										
Sales taxes	\$38,129,931	\$43,002,643	\$46,591,961	\$48,094,824	\$52,993,394	\$51,646,625	\$50,710,102	\$60,574,316	\$72,369,119	\$89,504,214
Property taxes	31,758,352	31,075,967	31,930,656	34,728,281	37,998,872	40,689,765	44,646,475	48,647,608	52,375,495	69,084,347
Motor vehicle in lieu (Intergovemmental- unrestricted)	122,230									
Transient occupancy taxes							3,534,479	3,632,822	3,528,221	2,383,853
Business license taxes			•	•	•		•	•	٠	858,637
Other Taxes	6,626,071	6,465,560	7,465,472	7,186,709	7,745,155	7,104,703	4.854.967	4,725,497	15,357,338	1.899,611
Franchise fees	1,822,869	1,874,700	2,037,189	2,057,707	2,168,413	2,310,192	2,363,377	2,280,503	2,023,411	2,401,009
Use of money and property	3,243,932	533,505	2,414,976	1,763,604	3,058,420	674,516	2,008,801	10,844,582	5,667,846	2,650,187
Miscellaneous revenues	1,511,125	2,113,638	420,959	414,279	191,255	18,688,013	10,143,729	2,823,273	128,480	351,002
Transfers	30,374,582	25,212,344	(11,480,648)	27,704,787	24,853,427	20,662,506	16,710,815	16,110,901	10,223,786	8,681,939
Extraordinary item:										
Gain/(Loss) from sales of capital assets			43,992	1,699,847	4,729	25,137	3,522	1,523,918	899,851	
Assets transferred to/liabilities assumed by										
Successor Agency	34,223,315		7,107,581	,			,			
Cancellation of loans receivable from										
Successor Agency			(5,847,668)							
Restructuring of interest on loans receivable from										
Successor Agency			(814,422)	0	-					
Total Government Activities	147,812,407	110,278,357	79,870,048	123,650,038	129,013,665	141,801,457	134,976,267	151,163,420	162,573,547	177,814,799
Business-Type Activities:										
Use of money and property	12,662,821	11,245,022	11,499,354	11,274,851	12,056,004	8,940,537	8,829,420 d	22,202,296	19,716,829	8,341,902
Miscellaneous revenues		150,119	0							2,750,278
Transfers	(30,374,582)	(25,212,344)	11,480,648	(27,704,787)	(24,853,427)	(20,662,506)	(16,710,815)	(16,110,901)	(10,223,786)	(8,681,939)
Gain/(Loss) from sales of capital assets			50,252	(2,028,306)			(548,308)	65,452		(466,792)
Special Item		(22,715,022)			-			-		
Total Business-Type Activities	(17,711,761)	(36,532,225)	23,030,254	(18,458,242)	(12,797,423)	(11,721,969)	(8,429,703)	6,156,847	9,493,043	1,943,449
Total Primary Government	\$130,100,646	\$73,746,132	\$102,900,302	\$105,191,796	\$116,216,242	\$130,079,488	\$126,546,564	\$157,320,267	\$172,066,590	\$179,758,248
Change in Mod Doubling										
Governmental Activities	\$24,919,245	(\$12.199.994)	(\$31.013.314)	\$31.045.457	\$63,365,935	\$90.425.201	\$24,248,434	\$56.530,198	\$55.982.981	\$151,392,565
Business-Type Activities	1,507,913	(16,587,170)	79,674,345	59,751,439	59,446,118	60,706,413	76,716,162	105,061,313	114,407,442	192,225,154
Total Primary Government	\$26,427,158	(\$28,787,164)	\$48,661,031	\$90,796,896	\$122,812,053	\$151,131,614	\$100,964,596	\$161,591,511	\$170,390,423	\$343,617,719

<sup>(</sup>a) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statement 63 in fiscal year 2013, which replaced the term "net assets" with the term "net position."

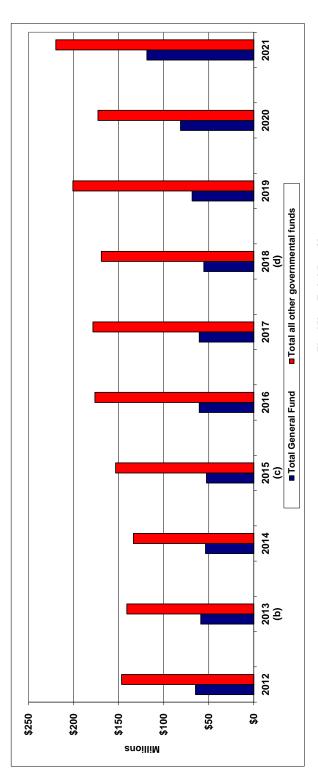
(b) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statements 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015; the statistics prior to 2015 have not been restated.

(c) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statements 75 in fiscal year 2018 and restated certain bulbances.

(d) Net Express/Revenue and Use of money and Property for Business type activities for fiscal year 2018 have been updated to match with ACFR Statement of activities.

(e) Beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City began reporting development and operations as separate lines named Development Services, Economic Development, and Annexation Payments

CITY OF ROSEVILLE FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENAL FUNDS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years



					Fiscal Year Ended June 30.	Inded June 30,				
	2012	2013 (b)	2014	2015 (c)	2016	2017	2018 (d)	2019	2020	2021
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$17,036,815	\$24,350,331	\$12,700,881	\$12,547,564	\$12,089,564	\$14,222,845	\$13,181,664	\$12,301,005	\$11,883,886	\$17,140,698
Committed		•	1	•		727,155		14,092,262	31,781,588	31,946,376
Assigned	2,944,900	3,002,686	2,685,359	4,510,098	3,129,479	4,510,525	3,925,021	4,018,080	1,876,105	1,651,026
Unassigned	44,796,255	31,488,665	38,187,768	35,469,686	45,358,414	41,115,763	38,352,989	38,041,602	35,841,056	67,910,699
Total General Fund	\$64,777,970	\$58,841,682	\$53,574,008	\$52,527,348	\$60,577,457	\$60,576,288	\$55,459,674	\$68,452,949	\$81,382,635	\$118,648,799 (a)
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$17,503,760	\$17,691,169	\$16,940,290	\$16,964,800	\$16,964,800	\$16,964,800	\$16,916,061	\$17,782,400	\$17,797,906	\$17,287,404
Restricted	113,465,925	109,656,487	104,437,932	122,721,798	148,224,236	147,157,295	144,792,470	178,080,236	148,473,108	196,437,769
Committed	2,248,644	2,290,938	2,280,996	2,362,738	794,928	147,222		•	•	
Assigned	14,472,182	12,625,416	11,304,133	11,483,003	10,525,153	16,369,206	13,236,513	9,255,262	11,161,681	9,249,174
Unassigned	(925,077)	(1,333,659)	(1,290,629)	(150,757)	(116,035)	(2,079,194)	(5,728,089)	(4,307,209)	(4,425,312)	(3,212,589)
Total all other governmental funds	\$146,765,434	\$140,930,351	\$133,672,722	\$153,381,582	\$176,393,082	\$178,559,329	\$169,216,955	\$200,810,689	\$173,007,383	\$219,761,758 (a)

(a) The change in total fund balance for the General Fund and other governmental funds is explained in Management's Discussion and Analysis.

(b) The City restated certain balances in fiscal year 2014; the statistics prior to 2014 have not been restated.

(c) The City implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015; years prior to 2015 have not been restated to conform with the new presentation.

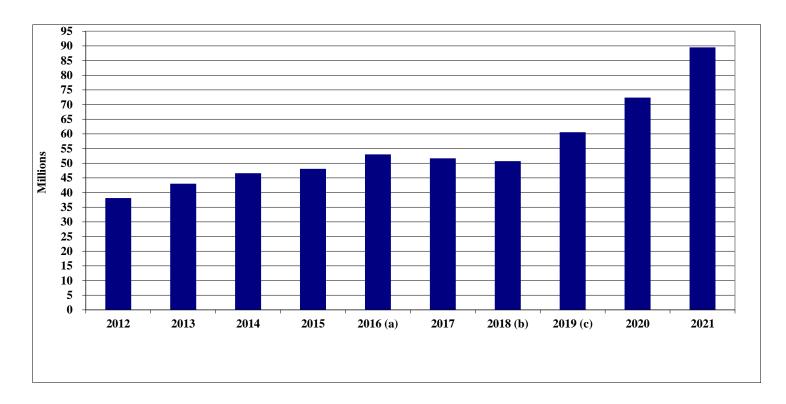
(d) The City implemented the provisions of GASB Statements 75 in fiscal year 2018 and restated certain balances.

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

-										
_	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Taxes	\$80,584,812	\$85,621,989	\$90,692,294	\$96,055,076	\$106,209,940	\$106,882,600	\$111,838,688	\$127,146,378	\$142,385,091	\$166,131,671
Licenses and permits	1,756,255	1,805,452	2,066,744	2,684,169	2,723,234	3,268,160	3,001,719	3,009,035	3,325,365	4,668,439
Charges for services	17,222,182	20,613,195	23,145,058	27,624,928	28,398,884	36,270,061	44,541,860	34,187,231	40,356,582	55,355,261
Subventions and grants	11,835,085	17,307,222	14,081,767	15,082,197	10,662,888	17,814,381	12,925,977	11,936,638	10,018,531	30,258,509
Use of money and property	3,271,208	1,892,467	2,237,778	2,273,687	3,608,140	8,063,026	13,580,949	13,263,366	8,981,599	1,424,915
Fine, forfeitures and penalties	1,502,408	1,447,757	1,265,026	1,226,611	1,192,435	1,231,989	1,399,287	1,265,762	960,400	229,578
Contributions from developers and others	2,900,578	3,673,089	1,721,409	15,321,286	4,847,097	2,256,674	2,260,841	29,979,263	562,934	3,907,958
Miscellaneous revenues	2,458,788	3,409,782	4,247,829	8,323,382	24,820,495	24,799,603	6,022,224	9,449,575	4,738,808	2,382,049
Revenues from other agencies									42,792,416	79,824,452
Total Revenues	121,531,316	135,770,953	139,457,905	168,591,336	182,463,113	200,586,494	195,571,545	230,237,248	254,121,726	344,182,832
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	23,676,727	25,215,600	23,438,473	25,135,288	26,308,369	31,494,060	15,296,075	8,137,625	19,257,171	19,760,855
Development and Operations (a)	7,303,223	6,095,964	11,300,917	14,979,353	16,042,793	21,992,856	16,435,711	18,745,408	50,790,267	-
Development Services (a)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,739,488
Economic Development (a)	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,090,181
Public works	10,597,421	10,746,489	6,698,390	5,972,942	6,069,793	7,060,201	8,138,529	8,326,467	13,663,550	13,112,941
Public safety:										
Police	28,650,241	29,638,540	30,695,155	31,917,720	34,565,899	35,785,791	39,817,024	41,422,622	46,233,948	48,827,743
Fire	23,573,792	25,041,187	25,530,503	27,328,554	28,792,370	30,357,023	32,689,465	34,056,248	36,192,976	35,706,906
Library	3,560,396	3,726,160	3,689,914	3,979,158	4,120,111	4,155,157	5,224,590	5,039,164	5,017,004	5,241,683
Parks and recreation	18,320,063	19,671,070	19,276,779	20,854,408	21,111,520	21,451,673	25,483,508	26,124,783	27,726,357	29,493,997
Housing assistance payments	4,232,695	4,049,279	3,858,070	4,046,250	4,077,451	4,216,417	4,248,895	4,673,530	5,155,267	5,706,057
Capital outlay	19,529,120	34,879,208	30,170,149	30,433,990	37,821,774	59,258,478	49,553,074	39,316,183	65,792,166	68,814,087
Payments under development agreements	880,852	567,619	567,619	567,619	567,619	-	-	-	-	-
Annexation payments	2,228,371	2,302,077	2,932,924	3,596,777	4,076,406	4,734,193	5,775,035	6,140,795	7,083,307	7,494,258
Debt service:	2,220,371	2,302,077	2,732,724	3,370,777	4,070,400	4,754,175	5,775,055	0,140,773	7,003,307	7,474,230
Principal retirement	2,694,645	802,821	2,125,278	844,490	863,892	1,098,509	1,532,317	1,561,381	2,072,817	1,613,400
Interest and fiscal charges	1,612,858	1,217,231	607,872	393,375	1,079,183	4,221,646	4,948,323	1,510,734	1,524,178	1,590,708
Total Expenditures	146,860,404	163,953,245	160,892,043	170,049,924	185,497,180	225,826,004	209,142,546	195,054,940	280,509,008	276,192,304
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	140,800,404	103,933,243	100,892,043	170,049,924	163,497,160	223,820,004	209,142,340	193,034,940	280,309,008	270,192,304
(under) expenditures	(25,329,088)	(28,182,292)	(21,434,138)	(1,458,588)	(3,034,067)	(25,239,510)	(13,571,001)	35,182,308	(26,387,282)	67,990,528
(under) expenditures	(23,329,088)	(20,102,292)	(21,434,136)	(1,436,366)	(3,034,007)	(23,239,310)	(13,371,001)	33,162,306	(20,387,282)	07,990,328
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from capital lease	-	-	43,992	104,580	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt issued	-	-	-	-	14,425,000	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	-	862,056	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of property	-	159,482	-	516,821	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from disposition of assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,521,727	880,994	7,312,878
Transfers in	43,818,402	38,821,810	41,542,969	38,238,578	53,202,949	43,364,097	28,539,336	30,941,685	28,265,421	20,712,442
Transfers out	(18,447,291)	(19,147,016)	(24,688,897)	(18,739,191)	(34,394,329)	(23,201,601)	(24,102,321)	(23,058,711)	(17,632,753)	(11,995,309)
Issuance of debt	-	11,549,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent		(12,756,326)								
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,371,111	18,626,981	16,898,064	20,120,788	34,095,676	20,162,496	4,437,015	9,404,701	11,513,662	16,030,011
Net Change in fund balances before special										
and extraordinary items	42,023	(9,555,311)	(4,536,074)	18,662,200	31,061,609	(5,077,014)	(9,133,986)	44,587,009	(14,873,620)	84,020,539
Special and Extraordinary items										
Assets transferred to/liabilities assumed by										
Successor Agency/Housing Successor	4,727,309	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Increase in loan to the Successor Agency	.,. 27,509	(7,304,420)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Change in classification of assets	_	(7,304,420)	(2,141,561)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	(2,1+1,501)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cancellation of loans receivable from			(5 8/17 668)							
Successor Agency	\$4.760.322	(\$16.850.731)	(5,847,668)	\$18,662,200	\$31,061,600	(\$5,077,014)	(\$0.122.086)	\$44 587 000	(\$14.872.620)	\$84,020,530
	\$4,769,332	(\$16,859,731)	(5,847,668)	\$18,662,200	\$31,061,609	(\$5,077,014)	(\$9,133,986)	\$44,587,009	(\$14,873,620)	\$84,020,539
Successor Agency	\$4,769,332	(\$16,859,731)	(\$12,525,303)				(\$9,133,986)	\$44,587,009 2.0%	(\$14,873,620)	- \$84,020,539

\* In FY2018, the City recalculated these percentages.
(a) Beginning in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the City began reporting development and operations as separate lines named Development Services, Economic Development, and Annexation Payments

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE SALES TAX REVENUE Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year	Amount
2012	38,129,931
2013	43,002,643
2014	46,591,961
2015	48,094,824
2016 (a)	52,993,394
2017	51,646,625
2018 (b)	50,710,102
2019 (c)	60,574,316
2020	72,369,119
2021	89,504,214
TOTAL	\$ 553,617,131

<sup>(</sup>a) This amount includes a one-time payment for final quarter of the State Triple Flip.

Source: City of Roseville's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

<sup>(</sup>b)The sales tax decrease is due to a one-time delay in State processing sales tax payments as a result of implementation of a new tax collection system.

<sup>(</sup>c) The sales tax increase is due to an increase in sales tax rate from 7.25% to 7.75%, effective April 1, 2019.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE ASSESSMENT ROLL VALUES Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018	2018-2019	2019-2020	2020-2021
	\$ 4,138,902,907 10,859,970,035 86,539,606 195,128,458	\$ 4,139,152,114 10,942,930,883 86,949,612 185,441,743	\$ 4,416,998,220 11,732,698,206 85,175,780 197,939,682	\$ 4,811,588,559 12,621,412,601 86,169,588	\$ 5,038,592,302 13,670,305,499 72,381,116 176,564,870	\$ 5,343,255,434 14,619,778,326 54,816,121 173,880,661	\$ 5,619,414,445 15,565,619,635 71,994,553	\$ 5,929,903,660 16,427,163,485 71,059,765 146,059,048	\$ 6,340,278,943 18,093,106,729 72,781,190 185,265,472	\$ 6,679,852,992 19,204,141,847 52,101,460 240,746,236
	15,280,541,006 (1,183,664,559) <b>14,096,876,447</b>	15,354,474,352 (1,216,280,788) <b>14,138,193,564</b>	16,432,811,888 (1,189,126,642) <b>15,243,685,246</b>	17,718,748,668 (1,235,144,897) <b>16,483,603,771</b>	18,957,843,787 (1,196,368,326) 17,761,475,461	20,191,730,542 (1,240,797,255) <b>18,950,933,287</b>	21,385,041,184 (1,287,075,877) <b>20,097,965,307</b>	22,574,185,958 (1,010,838,236) 21,563,347,722	\$ 24,691,432,334 (1,586,206,981) 23,105,225,353	\$ 26,176,842,535 (1,693,401,545) <b>24,483,440,990</b>
	10,652,978	15,107,515	14,275,896	14,209,597	14,751,078	15,636,657	16,035,546	16,244,979	16,533,626	17,169,271
	278,372,656 456,724,821	204,335,331 204,335,331 440,681,012	201,618,605 201,618,605 497,756,921	200,634,374 478,575,784	210,899,452 508,561,032	219,812,361 586,873,115	232,332,616 232,332,616 568,397,250	211,812,302 211,812,302 569,809,275	209,973,531 625,422,860	209,539,891 675,077,829
	764,948,846 (88,790,688)	700,575,926 (92,879,612)	753,629,794 (86,500,375)	733,485,005 (61,105,400)	774,784,520 (93,563,794)	863,356,252 (114,427,098)	858,623,671 (112,467,389)	840,623,051 (109,637,206)	895,890,472 (104,116,407)	947,514,044 (99,538,096)
	676,158,158	607,696,314	667,129,419	672,379,605	681,220,726	748,929,154	746,156,282	730,985,845	791,774,065	847,975,948
Assessed Value (a) Direct Tax Rate (b)	<b>\$ 14,773,034,605</b>	\$ 14,745,889,878 1.00%	\$ 15,910,814,665 1.00%	\$ 17,155,983,376 1.00%	\$ 18,442,696,187 1.00%	\$ 19,699,862,441 1.00%	\$ 20,844,121,589	\$ 22,294,333,567	\$ 23,896,999,418	\$ 25,331,416,938

<sup>(</sup>a) Article XIIIA, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978 fixed the base for valuation of property subject to taxes at the full cash value which appeared on the Assessor's 1975/76 assessment roll. Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect:

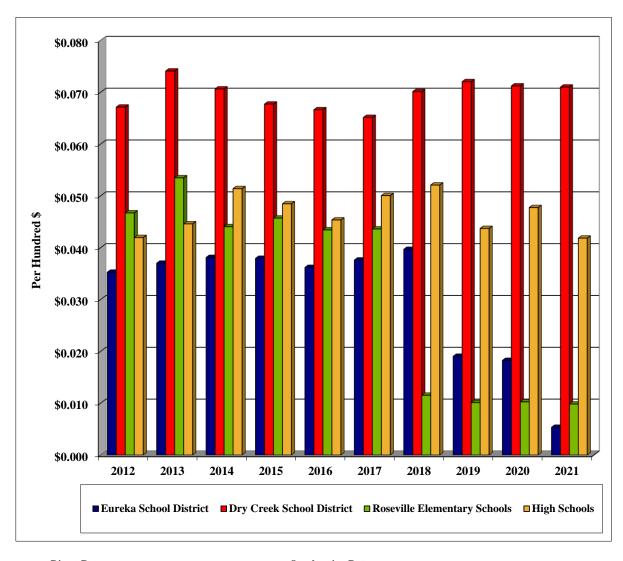
<sup>-</sup> annual inflation up to 2%; or

<sup>-</sup> market value at the time of ownership change; or

<sup>-</sup> market value for new construction.

<sup>(</sup>b) California cities do not set their own direct tax rate. The state constitution establishes the rate at 1% and allocates a portion of that amount, by an annual calculation, to all the taxing entities within a tax rate area.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT & OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS Last Ten Fiscal Years



	Direct Rate			Overlapping Rates		
	Basic	Eureka	Dry Creek	Roseville		
Fiscal	County	School	School	Elementary	High	
Year	Wide Levy	District	District	Schools	Schools	Total (a)
2012	1.0000	0.0353	0.0671	0.0467	0.0420	1.0917
2013	1.0000	0.0370	0.0741	0.0535	0.0446	1.0995
2014	1.0000	0.0381	0.0706	0.0441	0.0514	1.1023
2015	1.0000	0.0379	0.0677	0.0457	0.0485	1.0989
2016	1.0000	0.0362	0.0666	0.0434	0.0454	1.0941
2017	1.0000	0.0376	0.0651	0.0436	0.0500	1.0988
2018	1.0000	0.0397	0.0701	0.0115	0.0521	1.0925
2019	1.0000	0.0190	0.0720	0.0101	0.0437	1.0774
2020	1.0000	0.0183	0.0712	0.0103	0.0477	1.0810
2021	1.0000	0.0053	0.0710	0.0098	0.0418	1.0706

<sup>(</sup>a) Total Overlapping Rates uses an average of Eureka School District, Dry Creek School District and Roseville Elementary School

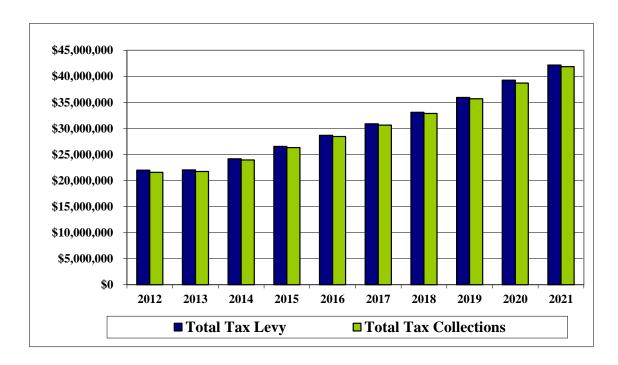
Source: Placer County Property Tax Information https://www.placer.ca.gov/departments/auditor/property-tax

### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021			2012		
		Percent of		·		Percent of	
				Total City			Total City
			Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	Taxable
			Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed
Property Owner	Primary Land Use	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value	Value
D THE THE	ai i a	1 0	450 716 061	1.000/	1 0	224 279 449	0.170/
Roseville Shoppingtown LLC BREIT Wave MF SC Owner LLC	Shopping Center	1 \$ 2	458,716,261	1.86%	1 \$	324,378,648	2.17%
	Apartments		154,820,684	0.63%			
DDR Creekside LP	Commercial	3	96,987,929	0.39%			
Rosemeade Residential Holdings LLC	Apartments	4	88,070,887	0.36%	4	05 110 617	0.570/
W2005 Fargo Hotels Pool C Realty LP	Hotel	5	84,979,830	0.34%	4	85,110,617	0.57%
PPF AHP OFF Parkway Corporate Plaza Owner	Office Building	6	80,580,000	0.33%	_		0.44
Roseville Fountains LP	Shopping Center	7	74,071,550	0.30%	5	61,960,863	0.41%
CW FBI Sacramento LLC	Industrial	8	70,626,926	0.29%			
Oakmont Properties - Creekside LLC	Apartments	9	70,284,038	0.28%			
CPT Creekside Town Center LLC	Shopping Center	10	70,082,380	0.28%	6	58,945,000	0.39%
Southall Group Holdings LLC	Industrial	11	63,829,565	0.26%			
BRE Sierra View Owner LLC	Industrial	12	60,960,300	0.25%			
DC Roseville Owner LLC	Office Building	13	59,278,896	0.24%			
Safeway Inc.	Commercial	14	54,816,090	0.22%	14	39,762,272	0.27%
Walmart Stores Inc.	Commercial	15	53,808,360	0.22%	9	46,902,004	0.31%
Mourier Land Investment Corporation	Office Building	16	51,848,924	0.21%			
Homarose LP	Industrial	17	48,448,195	0.20%			
Forest Cove 388 LLC	Apartments	18	48,358,240	0.20%			
John L. Sullivan Family LP	Auto Dealership	19	47,681,105	0.19%	11	43,031,192	0.29%
Terraces At Highland Property Owner LLC	Apartments	20	46,615,916	0.19%			
Hewlett Packard Co.	Industrial				2	229,428,122	1.53%
NEC Electronics USA Inc.	Industrial				3	85,437,082	0.57%
Slate Creek Roseville LLC	Apartments				7	54,673,862	0.37%
UCM Caiprosemeade LLC	Apartments				8	49,840,960	0.33%
NNN Parkway Corporate Plaza LLC	Office Building				10	43,340,000	0.29%
Wells Fargo Bank NA	Commercial and Residential				12	42,852,014	0.29%
Stone Point Properties LLC	Office Building				13	40,089,495	0.27%
PL Roseville LLC	Shopping Center				15	35,701,990	0.24%
Hines Douglas Corporate Center LP	Office Building				16	35,525,000	0.24%
Rreef America REIT II Corp.	Office Building				17	35,100,000	0.24%
Hines Summit at Douglas LP	Office Building				18	33,500,000	0.23%
Property Reserve Inc.	Office Building				19	32,750,000	0.22%
1 2	•						
JB Management LP	Shopping Center				20	32,742,941	0.22%
	Total	_	1,784,866,076	7.24%	_	1,411,072,062	9.44%
	Fiscal Year:		2020-2021			2011-2012	
Loca	al Secured Assessed Valuation:		24,666,360,790	-		14,955,658,458	•

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years



Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Collected within the			
Ended	Levy for	Fiscal Year of the Levy			
June 30	Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy		
2012	21,991,913	21,585,063	98.15%		
2013	22,044,604	21,749,207	98.66%		
2014	24,170,809	23,943,603	99.06%		
2015	26,562,322	26,328,574	99.12%		
2016	28,692,626	28,454,477	99.17%		
2017	30,888,183	30,650,344	99.23%		
2018	33,112,938	32,881,148	99.30%		
2019	35,949,987	35,709,122	99.33%		
2020	39,271,409	38,729,463	98.62%		
2021	42,188,818	41,859,745	99.22%		

#### Notes:

Current tax collections beginning in 1993 have been reduced by a mandatory tax reallocation imposed by the State of California.

Placer County uses an estimate for the delinquency rate and compiles delinquency as a lump sum. Subsequent collections are not broken out by fiscal year from the County. This information is not available.

Source: Placer County

### CITY OF ROSEVILLE ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS AND REVENUES

Ten Largest Electric Customers as of June 30, 2021

Rank	Business Type (a)	kWh	Percent Total kWh	Revenue	Percent to Total Revenue
1	Manufacturing	75,760,000	6.54%	\$7,605,728	4.68%
2	Government and Utilities	40,606,211	3.50%	\$5,265,960	3.24%
3	Medical Care	34,045,176	2.94%	\$4,126,228	2.54%
4	Admin/Office/R&D	32,376,000	2.79%	\$3,367,165	2.07%
5	Medical Care	27,487,673	2.37%	\$3,184,103	1.96%
6	Retail and Property Management	12,289,074	1.06%	\$1,654,563	1.02%
7	Retail	11,008,000	0.95%	\$1,159,227	0.71%
8	Grocery	9,837,740	0.85%	\$1,273,066	0.78%
9	Information Technology and Services	8,009,697	0.69%	\$932,899	0.57%
10	Grocery	6,991,401	0.60%	\$812,806	0.50%

#### **Electric Sales Revenue as of June 30, 2021**

Residential	\$ 78,475,000
Commercial	84,172,000
Total	\$ 162,647,000

Source: City of Rosevile Electric Department

<sup>(</sup>a) Customer's name not shown to follow the City's Administrative Regulation regarding confidentiality of customers.

## CITY OF ROSEVILLE RESIDENTIAL ENERGY PRICES

#### Effective October 1, 2020

Residential		
Basic Service Charge (per meter, per month)	\$26.00	
Energy Charge (\$/kWh)		
Tier 1- up to 500 kWh/month	\$0.0931	
Tier 2- greater than 500 kWh/month	\$0.1435	
Renewable Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0056	
Greenhouse Gas Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0002	
Hydroelectric Adjustment (\$/kWh) (1)	\$0.00274	
State Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.00030	

Rates are prorated.

#### **Solar Customer Buyback Rate**

Net Energy Metering <sup>(2)</sup> Surplus Energy Compensation Rate (\$/kWh)	\$0.0931
Roseville Solar 2.0 <sup>(3)</sup> Surplus Energy Compensation Rate (\$/kWh)	\$0.0598

#### **Special Residential Rates**

#### Electric Rate Assistance Program

Residents meeting certain income criteria may be eligible for a 15% discount on electric service.

#### Medical Rate Assistance Program

Residents Meeting certain income and medican device use criteria may be eligible for a 50% discount on the first 500 kWh and 15% on all other kWh electric usage.

#### Medical Notification Program

Residents can notify the City of Roseville of the residential use of essential medical support equipment. This program allows the City to comply with the California Public Utility code 10010.

#### **NOTES**

- 1) There is a hydroelectric adjustment in effect from October 2020 through June 2021
- 2) Rate closed October 1, 2018. Surplus energy compensation rates are subject to revision by City Council as energy prices and system requirements change.
- 3) The State of California allows electric utilities to implement a new solar buyback rate once solar exceeds 5% of the utility's system peak. Roseville Electric Utility now exceeds 5% solar. Per the City of Roseville Municipal Code, beginning October 1, 2018 customers will be enrolled in Roseville Solar 2.0. This change will not affect customers who installed solar before October 1, 2018 until 2028. Net Energy Metering customers will continue with net energy metering for up to 20 years (10 minimum) from the date of system interconnection. Surplus energy compensation rates are subject to revision by City Council as energy prices and system requirements change.

Source: City of Roseville Electric Department

## CITY OF ROSEVILLE BUSINESS ENERGY PRICES

#### Effective October 1, 2020

Small General Service (GS-1)	Winter	Summer
(Demand < 20 kW)		
Basic Service Charge (per meter, per month)	\$38.00	\$38.00
Energy Charge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0974	\$0.1131
Renewable Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0056	\$0.0056
Greenhouse Gas Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0002	\$0.0002
Hydroelectric Adjustment (\$/kWh)	\$0.00274	\$0.00274
State Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.00030	\$0.00030
	***************************************	***************************************
Medium General Service (GS-2)	Winter	Summer
(20 kW < Demand ≤ 500 kW)		
Basic Service Charge (per meter, per month)	\$65.00	\$65.00
Demand Charge(\$/kW-month)	\$6.16	\$6.16
Energy Charge (\$/kWh)	\$0.1028	\$0.1235
Renewable Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0056	\$0.0056
Greenhouse Gas Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0002	\$0.0002
Hydroelectric Adjustment (\$/kWh)	\$0.00274	\$0.00274
State Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.00030	\$0.00030
	14/1 4	
Large General Service (GS-3)	Winter	Summer
(500 kW < Demand ≤ 1000 kW)	<b>#</b> 504.00	<b>#504.00</b>
Basic Service Charge (per meter, per month)	\$521.00	\$521.00
Demand Charge (\$/kW-month)	\$6.60	\$11.57
Energy Charge	\$0.0682	\$0.0890
Off Peak (\$/kWh)	\$0.0890	\$0.0690 \$0.1098
On Peak (\$/kWh) Super Peak (\$/kWh)	\$0.0890	\$0.1408
Renewable Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0056	\$0.0056
Greenhouse Gas Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0030	\$0.0002
Hydroelectric Adjustment (\$/kWh)	\$0.002	\$0.002
State Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.00274	\$0.00274
State Energy Surcharge (w/kwvii)	ψ0.00030	ψ0.00000
Very Large General Service (GS-4)	Winter	Summer
(Demand > 1000 kW)		
Basic Service Charge (per meter, per month)	\$591.00	\$591.00
Demand Charge (\$/kW-month)	\$6.71	\$11.51
Energy Charge		
Off Peak (\$/kWh)	\$0.0674	\$0.0879
On Peak (\$/kWh)	\$0.0862	\$0.1067
Super Peak (\$/kWh)	\$0.0862	\$0.1397
Renewable Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0056	\$0.0056
Greenhouse Gas Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.0002	\$0.0002
Hydroelectric Adjustment (\$/kWh)	\$0.00274	\$0.00274
State Energy Surcharge (\$/kWh)	\$0.00030	\$0.00030

Note: General Service Customers include all commercial, industrial, governmental and other non-residential customers.

Time of Use (TOU) seasons, days, hours, holidays:

Winter - October through May // Summer - June through September

Off Peak: 10:00pm to 7:00am Monday through Friday (Except Holidays)

All Day Saturday, Sunday, and Holidays

On Peak: 7:00am to 4:00pm AND 7:00pm to 10:00pm

Monday through Friday (Except Holidays)

Super Peak: 4:00pm to 7:00pm Monday through Friday (Except Holidays)

Holidays are defined as: New Years Day, Martin Luther King Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day,

Columbus Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day.

There is a hydroelectric adjustment in effect from October 2020 through June 2021

The California State Energy Surcharge may change from time to time as specified in State law.

A 2% discount is available for primary service customers.

Rates are prorated.

Source: City of Roseville Electric Department

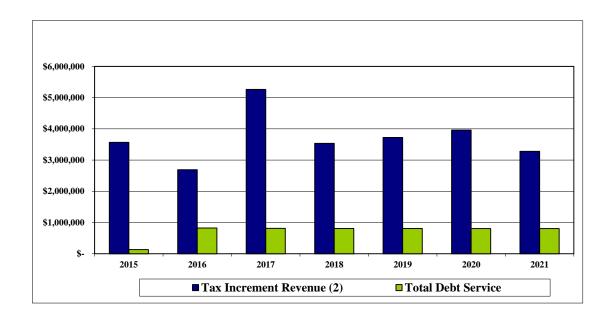
# CITY OF ROSEVILLE RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ŝ	Governmental Activities	7.0				Busin	3 usiness-Type Activities				Percentage of	
Fiscal Vear	Certificates of of of Particination [d]	Tax Allocation Bonds [c]	Installment Purchase Obligations	Capital Lease	Lease	Loans	Total Governmental Activities	Certificates of Particination	Revenue	sea	Loans	Total Business-Type Activities	Total Primary Government [el	Placer County Total Personal Income [a]	Debt Per Canita [a]
															(c)
2012	13,190,000		125,785				13,315,785	250,082,864	337,284,692			587,367,556	600,683,341	3.16%	4,921
2013			1,234,286		11,549,031		12,783,317	237,460,076	337,680,087	4,775,578		579,915,741	592,699,058	2.94%	4,770
2014					10,670,247	4,059,175	14,729,422	175,923,926	380,082,084	4,344,960		560,350,970	575,080,392	2.71%	4,530
2015				69,007	9,874,685	4,045,820	13,989,512	150,053,467	385,334,824	3,945,831		539,334,122	553,323,634	2.61%	4,295
2016				34,928	24,347,067	4,030,681	28,412,676	152,649,025	368,091,795	3,538,160		524,278,980	552,691,656	2.43%	4,122
2017					23,272,775	4,013,624	27,286,399	138,472,975	363,175,852	3,123,170		504,771,997	532,058,396	2.17%	3,916
2018					24,823,067	3,981,145	28,804,212	133,923,531	363,838,283			497,761,814	526,566,026	2.01%	3,838
2019	14,455,822				8,795,122	3,964,079	27,215,023	129,546,859	347,567,126			477,113,985	504,329,008	9	3,612
2020	14,163,014				7,482,335	3,469,049	25,114,398	88,959,644 [f]	327,768,646			416,728,292	441,842,690	2	3,044
2021	13,860,206			,	6,143,935	3,469,049	23,743,190	85,802,679	206,045,926		4,344,362	296,192,967	319,936,157	[q]	2,178

[a] These ratios are calculated using personal income and population as shown on the Demographics and Economic Statistics schedule. Ploral personal income incriments are aided in Problems and Economic Statistics schedule. [c] The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its liabilities were assumed by the Stacessor Agency. [e] The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved effective January 31, 2012 and its liabilities were assumed by the Stacessor Agency. [e] In 2013 the Certificates of Participation were refunded by the 2014 statistics prior to 2014 have not been retained. [e] Long term debut was restated in fixed year 2014; statistics prior to 2014 have not been retained. [f] Decrease mostly caused by electric fund debut performed and vasueware deby refunding of \$58.3 million with revenue bonds.

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports State of California, Department of Finance (population) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis - Local Data (personal income) Sources:

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE 2014 REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT TAX ALLOCATION BONDS Last Seven Fiscal Years<sup>(1)</sup>



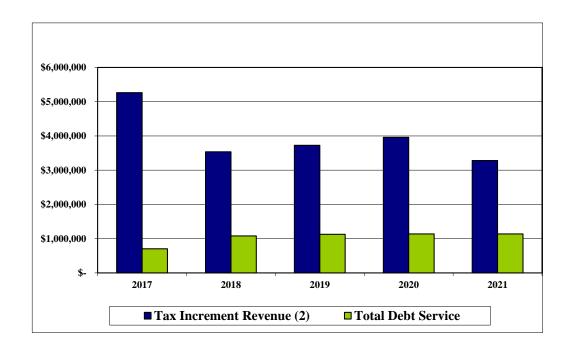
				Ι	ebt Ser	vice Requiren	nents		
Fiscal	Tax	x Increment						Total	
Year	R	evenue (2)	P	rincipal	1	Interest	De	bt Service	Coverage
2015	\$	3,566,262	\$	-	\$	132,646	\$	132,646	26.89
2016		2,692,154 (3)		435,000		390,688		825,688	3.26
2017		5,263,766		435,000		378,363		813,363	6.47
2018		3,534,361		445,000		365,063		810,063	4.36
2019		3,723,819		465,000		343,463		808,463	4.61
2020		3,959,041		485,000		319,379		804,379	4.92
2021		3,280,510		505,000		302,713		807,713	4.06

Notes:

- (1) Ten years of data are not available due to the bonds being issued on September 9, 2014
- (2) Amounts reported include tax revenue and debt service of the Successor Agency.
- (3) Restated

## CITY OF ROSEVILLE 2016 REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT TAX ALLOCATION BONDS

# **Last Five Fiscal Years** (1)



				<u>I</u>	Oebt Ser	vice Requiren	nents		_
Fiscal	Ta	x Increment						Total	
Year	R	evenue (2)	Pr	incipal	1	Interest	De	ebt Service	Coverage
2017	\$	5,263,766	\$	-	\$	703,884	\$	703,884	7.48
2018		3,534,361		340,000		738,037		1,078,037	3.28
2019		3,723,819		395,000		733,439		1,128,439	3.30
2020		3,959,041		410,000		727,603		1,137,603	3.48
2021		3,280,510		415,000		721,408		1,136,408	2.89

Notes:

- (1) Ten years of data are not available due to the bonds being issued on July 19, 2016
- (2) Amounts reported include tax revenue and debt service of the Successor Agency.

Source: City of Roseville's Annual Financial Statements

#### CITY OF ROSEVILLE COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT June 30, 2021

2020-2021 Assessed Valuation: \$25,517,271,041

			City's Share
	Total Debt		of Debt
	06/30/2021	% Applicable (1)	06/30/2021
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:			
Sierra Joint Community College District SFID No. 4	\$167,570,000	34.535%	\$57,870,300
Roseville Joint Union High School District	127,884,202	76.165%	97,403,002
Roseville Joint Union High School District SFID No. 1	64,539,730	98.537%	63,595,514
Center Joint Unified School District	37,422,322	4.690%	1,755,107
Rocklin Unified School District	40,022,813	0.410%	164,094
Dry Creek Joint School District	28,912,807	56.332%	16,287,162
Eureka Union School District	213,644	35.332%	75,485
Roseville City School District	11,916,509	97.241%	11,587,733
City of Roseville Community Facilities Districts	400,157,500	100.000%	400,157,500
City of Roseville Placer Valley Sports Complex & Tourism Marketing			-
Assessment District	32,159,000	100.000%	32,159,000
California Statewide Communities Development Authority			-
Assessment Districts	19,095,305	100.000%	19,095,305
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$700,150,202
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:			
Placer County General Fund Obligations	\$19,355,000	30.036%	\$5,813,468
Placer County Office of Education Certificates of Participation	480,000	30.036%	144,173
Sierra Joint Community College District Certificates of Participation	1,566,000	22.888%	358,426
Roseville Joint Union High School District Certificates of Participation	61,150,000	76.165%	46,574,898
Rocklin Unified School District General Fund Obligations	20,615,000	0.410%	84,522
Eureka Union School District Certificates of Participation	2,590,000	35.332%	915,099
Roseville City School District General Fund Obligations	3,550,000	97.241%	3,452,056
Placer Mosquito and Vector Control District General Fund Obligations	2,402,000	30.036%	721,465
City of Roseville General Fund Obligation	19,308,936	100.000%	19,308,936
City of Roseville Debt Premium	695,206	100.000%	695,206
City of Roseville Successor Agency Loan	3,469,049	100.000%	3,469,049
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		-	\$81,537,298
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	\$27,930,000	100.000%	\$27,930,000
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT			\$23,500,999
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			786,144,309
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$809,617,500

<sup>(1)</sup> The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value.

Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

#### Ratios to 2020-2021 Assessed Valuation:

Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt

Total Direct Debt (\$23,500,999)

Combined Total Debt

3.17%

Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$1,106,861,332):

Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt 2.52%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

## CITY OF ROSEVILLE COMPUTATION OF LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2021

#### ASSESSED VALUATION:

LEGAL BONDED DEBT MARGIN

Secured property assessed value, net of exempt real property	\$24,666,360,790
BONDED DEBT LIMIT (3.75% OF ASSESSED VALUE) (a)	\$924,988,530
AMOUNT OF DEBT SUBJECT TO LIMIT:	
Total Bonded Debt	\$438,373,641
Less bonded debt not subject to limit	(438,373,641)
Amount of debt subject to limit	<del></del>

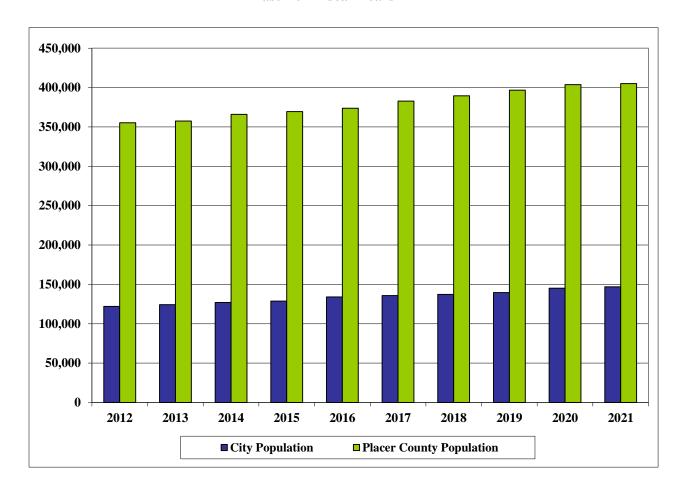
\$924,988,530

Year Limit Limit Margin of debt limit	limit ee
2012 560,837,192 - 560,837,192 0.	00%
2013 536,758,408 - 536,758,408 0.	00%
2014 578,172,662 - 578,172,662 0.	00%
2015 624,626,766 - 624,626,766 0.	00%
2016 672,531,992 - 672,531,992 0.	00%
2017 717,170,366 - 717,170,366 0.	00%
2018 760,269,304 - 760,269,304 0.	00%
2019 815,306,847 - 815,306,847 0.	00%
2020 873,200,181 - 873,200,181 0.	00%
2021 924,988,530 - 924,988,530 0.	00%

(a) California Government Code, Section 43605 sets the debt limit at 15%. The Code section was enacted prior to the change in basing assessed value to full market value when it was previously 25% of market value. Thus, the limit shown as 3.75% is one-fourth the limit to account for the adjustment of showing assessed valuation at full cash value.

Source: City of Roseville Finance Department

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years



	County				
	Total	County	City of		
City of	Personal	Per Capita	Roseville	Placer	City
Roseville	Income	Personal	Unemployment	County	Population
Population	(in thousands)	Income	Rate (%)	Population	% of County
122,060	19,004,105	52,544	10.0%	355,328	34.35%
124,255	20,174,068	54,924	7.5%	357,463	34.76%
126,956	21,182,771	55,000	6.5%	366,000	34.69%
128,832	21,240,299	57,000	5.3%	369,454	34.87%
134,073	22,741,453	59,000	4.5%	373,796	35.87%
135,868	24,527,289	63,000	3.8%	382,837	35.49%
137,213	26,223,081	67,000	3.0%	389,532	35.23%
139,643	27,459,330	69,000	3.5%	396,691	35.20%
145,163	(a)	(a)	3.0%	403,711	35.96%
146,875	(a)	(a)	5.5%	404,994	36.27%
	Roseville Population 122,060 124,255 126,956 128,832 134,073 135,868 137,213 139,643 145,163	Total City of Personal Roseville Income Population (in thousands)  122,060 19,004,105 124,255 20,174,068 126,956 21,182,771 128,832 21,240,299 134,073 22,741,453 135,868 24,527,289 137,213 26,223,081 139,643 27,459,330 145,163 (a)	City of Roseville         Personal Income Income         County Per Capita Personal Income           Population         (in thousands)         Income           122,060         19,004,105         52,544           124,255         20,174,068         54,924           126,956         21,182,771         55,000           128,832         21,240,299         57,000           134,073         22,741,453         59,000           135,868         24,527,289         63,000           137,213         26,223,081         67,000           139,643         27,459,330         69,000           145,163         (a)         (a)	City of Roseville         Personal Income Population         County Personal (in thousands)         County Per Capita Personal Income         City of Roseville Unemployment Rate (%)           122,060         19,004,105         52,544         10.0%           124,255         20,174,068         54,924         7.5%           126,956         21,182,771         55,000         6.5%           128,832         21,240,299         57,000         5.3%           134,073         22,741,453         59,000         4.5%           135,868         24,527,289         63,000         3.8%           137,213         26,223,081         67,000         3.0%           139,643         27,459,330         69,000         3.5%           145,163         (a)         (a)         3.0%	City of Roseville         Personal Income Population         County Personal Income (in thousands)         County Personal Personal Income         Unemployment Population         Population           122,060         19,004,105         52,544         10.0%         355,328           124,255         20,174,068         54,924         7.5%         357,463           126,956         21,182,771         55,000         6.5%         366,000           128,832         21,240,299         57,000         5.3%         369,454           134,073         22,741,453         59,000         4.5%         373,796           135,868         24,527,289         63,000         3.8%         382,837           137,213         26,223,081         67,000         3.0%         389,532           139,643         27,459,330         69,000         3.5%         396,691           145,163         (a)         (a)         3.0%         403,711

(a) Information not available

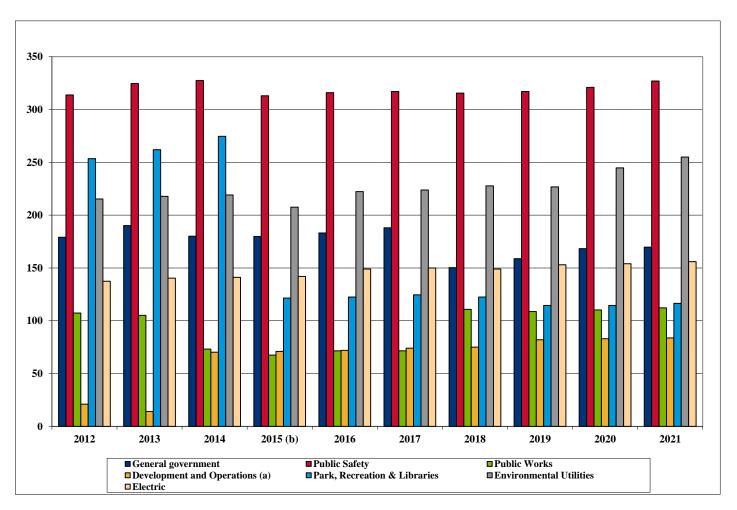
## CITY OF ROSEVILLE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

## **Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

		2021		2012	
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employees	Number of Employees	Rank
The Permanente Medical Group &					
Foundation Group	5,200	1	5.63%	4,430	1
Hewlett-Packard	100	2	0.11%	3,200	2
Sutter Roseville Medical Group	2,202	3	2.39%	1,654	4
Union Pacific Railroad Company	1,150	4	1.25%	1,118	6
Roseville City School District	1,133	5	1.23%		
Roseville Joint Union High School	1,005	6	1.09%	1,299	5
City of Roseville	1,896	7	2.05%	1,227	3
PRIDE Industries	1,062	8	1.15%	661	9
Adventist Health	1,320	9	1.43%		
Top Golf	450	10	0.49%		
Roseville Elementary School District				929	7
Walmart (2 Stores)				790	8
Telefunken Semiconductors America				640	10
Subtotal	15,518		16.82%	15,948	
Total Employment	92,281 (a)			71,067	

<sup>(</sup>a) Total Employment as used above represents the estimated total employment of all employees located within the City limits.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years



				Adopted	for Fiscal Y	ear Ended	June 30,			
	2012	2013	2014	2015 (b)	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Function										
General government	179.09	190.14	180.10	179.81	183.11	187.98	150.23	158.73	168.23	169.73
Public Safety	313.78	324.59	327.42	313.00	316.00	317.00	315.50	317.00	321.00	327.00
Public Works	107.33	105.17	73.18	67.50	71.50	71.50	110.75	108.75	110.25	112.25
Development and Operations (a)	21.00	14.00	70.26	71.00	72.00	74.00	75.00	82.00	83.00	83.75
Park, Recreation & Libraries	253.43	262.00	274.61	121.50	122.50	124.50	122.50	114.50	114.50	116.50
Environmental Utilities	215.32	217.82	219.14	207.50	222.25	223.75	227.75	226.75	244.75	255.00
Electric	137.39	140.36	141.09	142.00	149.00	150.00	149.00	153.00	154.00	156.00
Total	1,227.34	1,254.08	1,285.80	1,102.31	1,136.36	1,148.73	1,150.73	1,160.73	1,195.73	1,220.23

<sup>(</sup>a) Community Development was renamed to Development and Operations in fiscal year 2014.

Source: City of Roseville Annual Budget

<sup>(</sup>b) Decrease in FTE for FY14-15 is due to no longer including FTEs attributable to temporary part-time staff.

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year										
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Public safety:											
Fire:											
Number of Haz-Mat alarms responded	199	201	214	228	204	224	239	278	232	218	
Number of medical emergencies responded	8,429	9,045	9,995	11,015	10,694	10,545	10,993	11,078	10,835	11,124	
Total calls for service	10,006	10,936	12,163	13,286	12,828	16,756	16,553	17,109	17,010	17,311	
Police:											
Law violations: (Note 4)											
Physical arrests (adult and juvenile)	4,264	4,647	4,321	3,295	4,057	3,734	4,554	4,061	4,417	4,297	
Traffic citations	4,826	4,470	2,207	1,839	2,702	3,036	4,187	3,180	4,024	3,386	
Public works (Note 6):											
Total building permits issued	4,338	4,131	5,796	5,715	5,854	6,226	6,387	6,621	5,744	7,277	
Total square feet of street maintenance performed	3,375,318	4,275,981	4,452,658	1,971,986	3,468,666	12,190,840	1,564,362	2,866,227	2,713,778	880,033	
Park and recreation (Note 5): Community services:											
Total attendance in Youth/Adult/Senior programs	265,736	224,339	233,598	240,576	246,331	209,619	213,916	210,091	133,900	70,215	
Total attendance to aquatic facilities (Note 1)	306,455	291,407	324,918	357,064	316,994	428,744	451,127	467,324	276,413	163,447	
Library (Note 5):											
Number of materials checked out (Note 2)	1,058,434	1,194,909	1,273,880	1,252,039	1,306,844	1,339,684	1,221,101	1,149,134	975,554	948,772	
Water:											
Average daily consumption (in million gallons)	28.60	30.20	28.00	23.01	20.70	23.25	25.77	25.40	26.96	29.28	
Number of backflow devices tested	4,558	3,862	4,520	4,854	5,093	5,183	5,200	5,054	4,999	5,053	
Number of meters sold	555	770	569	824	848	1,044	1,100	914	1,432	1,222	
Wastewater:											
Number of miles of sewer mains flushed	277	271	335	284	266	294	283	273	264	296	
% of preventative work orders hours (Note 3)	n/a	0	35.8%	41.3%	38.4%	46.4%	45.7%	48.1%	47.9%	43.5%	
Solid waste:											
Tons of solid waste collected	87,336	87,946	92,101	94,308	101,794	117,594	115,548	139,501	139,061	139,683	

#### Notes:

- 1 Roseville Aquatics Center closed for pool repairs November 2007-January 2008.
- 2 The Library totals include Downtown Library, Maidu Library and Riley Library. The Bookmobile was retired during winter 2008 and was replaced in April 2015. FY18 was the first year the Libraries were closed on Fridays.
- 3 Data not available for FY11-12 due to change in software (Maximo) used by the City.
- 4 The City restated Police Law Violations number for FY16 and FY17.
- 5 FY21 numbers impacted by COVID-19 pandemic restrictions and resulting staffing shortages in Parks & Rec aquatic facilities and

 $Source:\ City\ of\ Roseville\ Department\ Staff$ 

# CITY OF ROSEVILLE CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Public safety:										
Fire stations	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Police patrol vehicles (Note 1)	58	61	64	67	77	91	88	93	97	99
Public works:										
Miles of streets	438	440	440	458	465	470	478	480	485	498
Number of traffic signals	167	167	167	171	175	180	183	187	191	191
Park and recreation: (Note 2) Community services:										
Golf courses (18 holes)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Parks	61	63	66	66	66	68	71	72	76	79
Open Spaces/Preserves	3,703	3,720	3,730	3,801	3,801	3,895	3,910	3,910	3,910	3,910
Recreation Facilities (Community Centers and Pools)	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Adventure Clubs	16	17	17	17	17	18	18	18	19	19
Water:										
Miles of water mains	569	570	570	583	592	608	621	635	650	681
Fire hydrants	4,542	4,545	4,545	4,654	4,735	4,763	5,007	5,087	5,212	5,443
Wastewater:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	487	487	491	497	505	517	529	542	552	577
Miles of storm drain	349	351	344	353	366	372	381	390	401	421
Solid waste:										
Number of new residential										
refuse customers	537	768	475	601	787	822	1,068	926	859	1,054
Electric:										
Number of residential customers	47,611	48,387	49,013	49,851	50,784	51,638	52,789	53,868	54,687	56,549
Number of commercial customers	6,505	6,561	6,666	6,673	6,700	6,759	6,812	6,884	6,975	7,059
1. Games of commercial customers	0,505	0,501	0,000	0,073	0,700	0,707	0,012	0,004	0,773	1,000

#### Notes:

Source: City of Roseville Department Staff

<sup>1 -</sup> Prior to FY16-17, the City only reported active patrol cars. In FY16-17 the City began reporting active patrol vehicles, which includes all police department vehicles that are patrolling the streets in one fashion or another, whether undercover, a community services officer, an animal control officer, or a citizen on patrol volunteer. No additional cars were purchased in FY16-17.

<sup>2 -</sup> In FY20-21 Parks, Recreation, & Libraries Department changed the line items to be more relevant. Parks were separated from Recreation Facilities (Community